

"This is Your Life"

JOHN ROBERTS PHILLIPS, M. D.

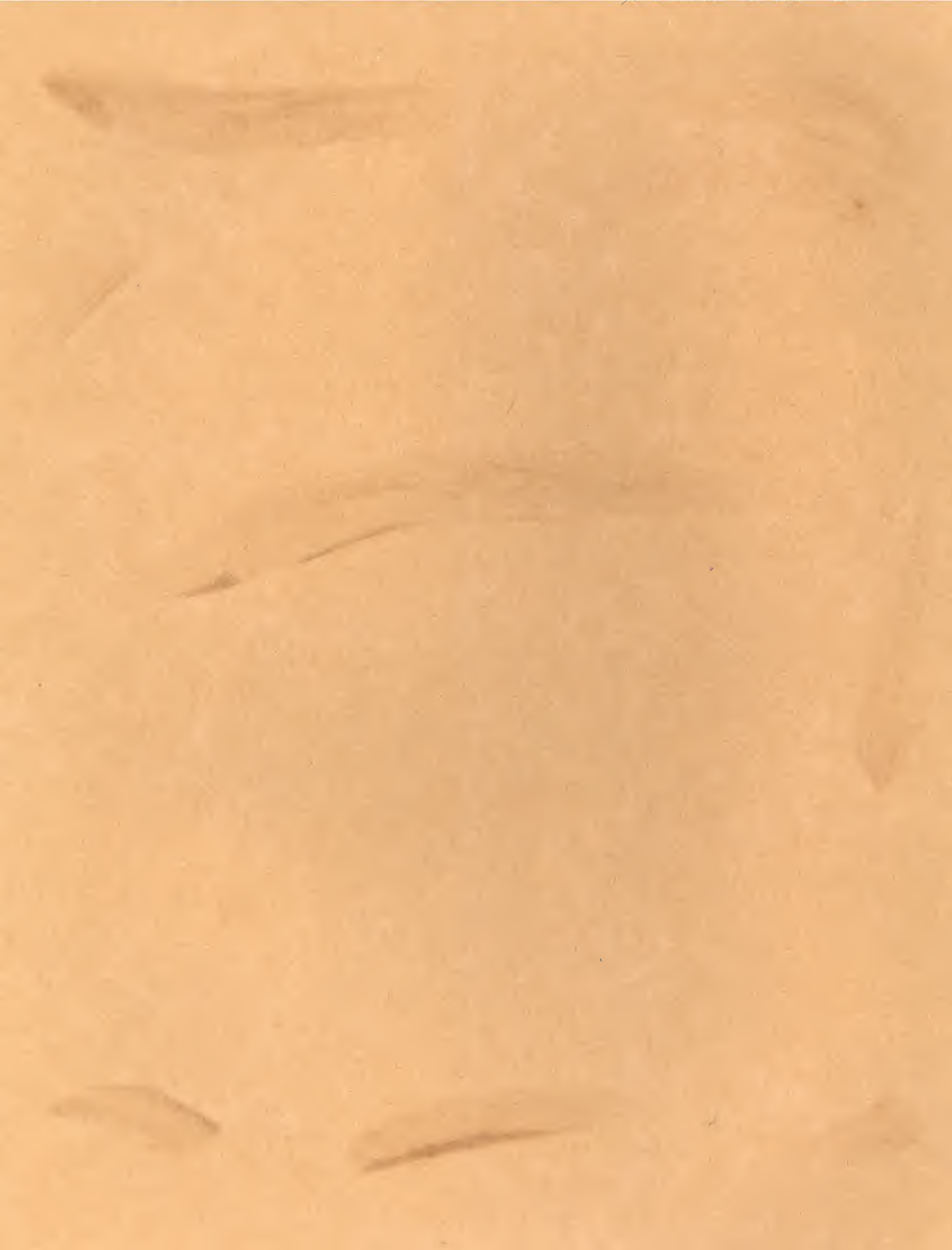
5806 Bayou Bend Houston, Texas

Volume III Medical Works

BOOK 1

Compiled as a Gift at Christmas, 1956

By Your Wife "OLD FAITHFUL"
REBECCA HALL PHILLIPS, R. N.





I Went
to Rochester
and Waited



A Smile Helps in Rochester

J. Hannaker

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Fargo, North Dakota



In Rochester

I registered at the Clinic
Arrived by fastest plane,
When the family doctor said,
I just can't stop that pain—
To Rochester.



Then as I left the plane,
With pains deep down inside,
The Taxi Cabs were right on hand
"To take me for a ride"—
At Rochester

Drivers have a way with them
And, without you even stating,
Leave you at the right hotel
As per your home town rating—
At Rochester.



Where every other building
Is a hospital or hotel,
And nine of every ten you meet
Are hoping to get well—
At Rochester.

You're directed to a building
That fills up half the square,
And tho' the place is very large
They have no room to spare—
It's the Clinic.



First question as you register:
Have you been here before?
Glad to see you're still alive.
We couldn't wish you more"—
At the Clinic.



After giving your life's history
 You're started on your trip,
 You're told the way is clear for you;
 They hope the knife won't slip—
 At the Clinic.

You start then going up and up,
 You've long been going down,
 But always it's a waiting game
 As long as you're in town—
 At the Clinic.



Your clothes wear thin as there you sit,
 You're in a semi-trance;
 It's here that you appreciate
 Suits, with two pairs of pants—
 At the Clinic.

And now you meet the first M. D.
 And as he starts to look
 He says, "Is that a tumor,
 Or perhaps your pocketbook?"—
 At the Clinic.



Oh how you wish you had a barrel
 As the Doc you go to meet,
 They roll and poke and pound you,
 Strike your knees and watch your feet—
 At the Clinic.

The doctor says, "remove you duds,"
 You know you are no beaut,
 There you stand and freeze and wait,
 Dressed in your birthday suit—
 At the Clinic.



Dressing rooms are numbered—
 Five, six, J, K, and P,
 Returning know your number
 Or you might find lingerie—
 At the Clinic.

Next you're given little cards
 To distribute on each floor,
 If you hurry up and get it done
 You're due to wait some more—
 At the Clinic.





Dunce-like you stand, back to the wall,
They give some thing a jerk,
And right away your picture's took
Of most of your frame-work—
At the Clinic.

They take a picture of each tooth
Although you have but few,
Then you sit with thumb in mouth
Just like when you were two—
At the Clinic.



A dentist gives each tooth a whack
And says they are first rate,
To yank 'em out won't take so long,
Then you can wear a plate—
At the Clinic.

But if you tell the dentist
With your own you're going to stick,
He says your own will last some time
If you use a round toothpick—
At the Clinic.



A shingle is run down your throat
Where it's tender, red and raw,
The Doc just keeps on looking
As you practice saying "Ah!"—
At the Clinic.

They stick a needle in your ear,
Draw blood in small amount;
You never know the net result
When they have made the count—
At the Clinic.



The way they test your hearing,
With no time to even think,
These bar-room words are spoken,
"Won't you have a little drink?"—
At the Clinic.

And then you sit with one eye closed,
Read letters on a chart;
You've waited for the Doc so long
You know each row by heart—
At the Clinic.





With looking glass upon their heads
They twist and stretch your nose,
They run a rod way up inside—
Now it whistles when it blows—
At the Clinic.

The Clinic never gives a thought
About your bent-up spine,
They know you got that ailment
Just waiting in the line—
At the Clinic.



Now they stab your good left arm,
After another registration,
To learn if you have ever been
Far off the reservation—
At the Clinic.

You're not to ask the reason why
They fill you up with chalk,
A parrot sometimes learns to speak—
Clinic doctors never talk—
At the Clinic.



Each morning seems like Christmas,
Though no Santa with a pack;
New patients have the spirit—
Bring their presents in a sack—
At the Clinic.

You have no use for hat or coat,
You feel just like a loafer,
From place to place in subway deep
You trudge through like a gopher—
At the Clinic.



Pushing trays at meal time starts,
You grab one, too, and try it,
When you come to pay your check
You know you're off your diet—
At the Cafe.

Now you go your weary way,
You see a seat and grab it;
You've learned the Clinic system:
You've got that waiting habit—
At the Hospital.





Here again they look you up,
Though you have an honest face,
And ask you for cash in advance—
You know, perhaps in case—
At the Hospital.

The bed is hard they put you in,
And narrow as can be;
Squeaks and groans and wheezes
Like that old Model T—

At the Hospital.



Charts hang outside each door,
And these are read a lot,
Some patients get excited
And need another shot—
At the Hospital.

Chop-sticks are poked into your lungs,
You cough and twist and lurch;
There followed by a little light
Till you're lit up like a church—

At the Hospital.



The doctors all wear rubber gloves
As they hold and wrench your jaw,
They never leave a finger-print
If you should call the law—

At the Hospital.

Most nurses have a worried look,
They have no time to chat;
Black bands across their caps may be
The same as notches on a gat—

At the Hospital.



You're given now some sound advice
By the big shot of the pack
On how to keep on living,
They don't care to see you back—

At the Hospital.

Hotel phones are everywhere
During reconversion days,
Even though a local call,
The patient always pays—

In Rochester.





Bellhops here are plenty wise,
And if on your second trip,
Attention must be measured
By the size of your last tip—
In Rochester.

You've now been waiting just a week,
You give while others take;
Then if you have a few cents left
The Clinic gets a break—
In Rochester.



At last they check your little cards,
Now guess what you are told,
There's not a thing wrong with you
Except you're growing old—
At the Clinic.

The cashier now you must see,
To settle up your bill.
You find that he is not so tough,
Oh! Boy, is that a thrill—
At the Clinic.



I've waited for the stork to come,
I've waited at the church;
I've waited with my hands upraised
While gangsters made the search—
At Home.

I've waited for the judge to speak
Because of law's defiance,
But waiting at the Clinic
Is a modern piece of science—
In Rochester.



I wish the Doctors no bad luck,
But outside St. Peter's gate
I hope he tells 'em nothing, while
They wait, and wait, and wait—
Up Above.

And yet if in the future
Doc thinks it's not too late
I'll take my case to Rochester,
Even tho' I have to wait.



LECTURE BY DR. HAINES

Dr. Haines will speak on "Thyroiditis and myxedema" tonight at 7:30 in the Assembly Room. Visiting physicians are invited to attend the lecture.

NOTICE

Dr. C. H. Mayo will neither operate nor consult on Friday, April 19. He will operate and consult as usual on Monday, April 22.

NEW FELLOWS IN THE MAYO FOUNDATION

Majoring in Surgery

Dr. Forest W. Cox, of Dayton, Ohio, is assigned to service in the Postoperative section. He attended Wittenberg College, Springfield, Ohio, from 1916 to 1918 and 1921-1921, and the University of Pennsylvania from 1921 to 1925, receiving the degree of M. D. He served internship in St. Vincent's Charity Hospital, Cleveland, during 1925-1926, and has been in practice in Dayton since then. He was a summer student here in surgical pathology during 1923.

Dr. Frederick R. Harper of Kansas City, Mo., is assigned to service in the Postoperative section. He attended Whitman College, Walla Walla, from 1919 to 1921 and the University of Michigan from 1921 to 1927, receiving the degrees of B. S., M. A. and M. D. He served internship in the Royal Victoria Hospital, Montreal, during 1927-1928, was assistant to Dr. R. L. Sutton, Kansas City for six months, and resident in surgery in the University of Michigan Hospital for three months. He is a member of Sigma Xi and Alpha Omega Alpha.

Dr. John Roberts Phillips of Quantico, Maryland, is assigned to service in the Postoperative section. He received the degrees of A. B. from St. John's College in 1923 and of M. D. from the University of Maryland in 1927. He served internships in the Baltimore City Hospital during 1926-1927 and in the University hospital from 1927 to 1929.

QUANTICO MAN GETS M. D. DEGREE FROM UNIVERSITY MARYLAND

Dr. John Roberts Phillips, of Baltimore, is the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Phillips, near Quantico. Dr. Phillips graduated last Saturday from the Medical College of the University of Maryland, receiving the degree of M.D. He also received a certificate of election to the active membership of the Randolph-Winslow Surgical Society.

Dr. Phillips graduated four years ago from St. John's College where he won the scholarship to the University of Maryland. He has just completed a year as intern in the Baltimore Hospital and will return to Baltimore next week to take up his internship in the University of

Eleventh District Medical Association



Hotel Crockett
Crockett, Texas

October 31, 1944

Program

Dinner — 7:30

Infant Feeding
Dr. Mildred Stanley, Tyler

Treatment of Rabies
Dr. S. W. Bohls, Austin

Management of Gunshot Fractures
Major Hira E. Branch, MC
Chief, Orthopedic Service
Harmon General Hospital,
Longview

Gall Bladder Disease
Dr. John R. Phillips, Houston

Laryngeal Tumors
Lt. Col. Mort D. Pelz, MC
Chief, E. E. N. T. Service
Harmon General Hospital,
Longview

Entertainment for the ladies will be provided by the Crockett Auxiliary

Dale Carnegie's Five-Minute Biographies

A Tornado Blew Mayo Brothers to International Fame and May Yet Save the World From Insanity

ONE of the most startling discoveries in the history of medicine might never have been made if a tornado hadn't wrecked a town in Minnesota a little over a half a century ago.

The town the tornado struck was Rochester, now world-famous as the home of the Mayo Brothers, two of the greatest surgeons living. And the discovery, which Doctor C. H. Mayo is still working on, is a drug to cure insanity. This drug is injected into the body of a feeble-minded or insane person and presto! the circulation of the blood is changed and the person is restored to sanity.

What will this discovery mean to humanity? Well, here are some facts. Figure it out for yourself.

There are more patients suffering from mental diseases in the hospitals in the United States than from all other diseases combined. One student out of every 16 in our high schools today will spend part of his life in an insane asylum. If you are 15 years of age and residing in New York state, the chances are one out of 20 that you will be confined in an institution for the mentally ill for seven years of your life. During the last decade, mental diseases have almost doubled in the United States. If this appalling rate of increase continues for another century, half the entire population of the United States will be in the insane asylums and the other half will be outside trying to support them by taxes.

The Mayo Brothers, who are working on this amazing remedy, are among the most celebrated surgeons in the world. Physicians from Paris, London, Berlin, Rome, Leningrad and Tokyo journey to Rochester, Minn., to sit at their feet and learn. Sixty thousand patients a year, most of them facing their last chance against death, make pilgrimages to the Mayo clinic as to a Holy Shrine.



Redskins Bit the Dust.

Yet, to repeat—if a tornado hadn't twisted and roared through the middle west 32 years ago, the world probably never have heard of the Mayo Brothers or Rochester, Minn., or this cure for insanity.

When Doctor Mayo—the father of the Mayo Brothers—settled there 70 years ago, Rochester had only 2,000 people. His first two patients were a sick cow and a sick horse.

When the Indian wars broke out, Doctor Mayo grabbed his musket and made the Redskins bite the dust. When the smoke of battle cleared away, he picked his way over the battle ground laying out the dead and treating the wounded. His regular patients were scattered for 50 miles over the prairies of Minnesota. Many of them lived in houses made of prairie sod. They couldn't afford to pay a physician but good old Doctor Mayo sometimes traveled all night to relieve their aches and pains. Sometimes he fought his way through snow storms and blizzards so blinding

that he couldn't see his hand before him in broad daylight.

He had two sons, William and Charles, now famous throughout the world as the Mayo Brothers.

They worked in a local drug store, learned how to fill prescriptions and pound up pills, went to medical college—and then a tragedy occurred, a tragedy destined to affect the history of medicine.

The tragedy was this: A cyclone, a tornado, swept over the prairies of Minnesota like an angry god. It blasted, it demolished, it smashed to smithereens everything in the path of its fury. It struck Rochester and knocked it into a cocked hat. Hundreds of people were wounded and 23 were killed. For days, the Mayo Brothers and their father worked among the ruins, bandaging wounds, setting broken limbs, performing operations. Sister Alfred, Mother Superior of the Convent Sisters of St. Francis, was so impressed with their work that she offered to build a hospital if the Mayos would take charge of it. They agreed, and when the Mayo clinic was opened in 1889, old Doctor Mayo was a man of 70 and his two sons had never even served as hospital internes. "We were the greenest of a green crew"—that is the way they describe themselves. Yet today, William Mayo, older brother, is considered the world's greatest authority on cancer. Each brother believes the other is the greatest man—and both are famous for the cleanest work that surgery has ever known. They work surely and swiftly—work with a swiftness that astonishes most surgeons. Arriving at the clinic at seven in the morning, they operate constantly for four hours every day. They have been performing from 15 to 30 operations a day for years. And yet they both continue to study, still try to improve their work—and they admit that they have much to learn. The entire city of Rochester now exists by and for the Mayo Clinic. No street-cars are allowed. The buses run silently and every the conversation in the streets is hushed

Paupers and bank presidents, farmers and movie stars all have to like their turns in the waiting room and all are treated alike. The rich pay according to their means, but no one has ever been turned away because he was unable to pay.

One third of the Mayo Brothers' work is charity. They have never used for bills, they never take notes, and they never permit a man to mortgage his home in order to pay them. They take in cash whatever a man can afford to pay at the time and let it go at that, and they never ask a man how much he can afford to pay before they perform the operation.

One man mortgaged his farm to pay them for saving his life; and when they discovered what he had done, they returned his check and gave him a check of their own for

several hundred dollars to compensate him for the loss he had sustained in his illness.

They are glorious examples of two small town boys who were never interested in making money, and yet it poured in upon them in a golden flood.

They didn't care for fame; yet they are the most famous surgeons in the United States today.

Their sole desire has been to aid suffering humanity! Over the desk in their waiting room is a framed inscription which explains the eternal truth of their success. That sign reads: "Leave something the world wants and though you dwell in the midst of a forest, it will wear a beaten pathway to your door."

(Copyright, 1937, by Dale Carnegie.)

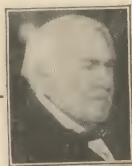
The Edison Institute



TWO hundred acres at Dearborn, Michigan, have been set aside for an educational project which reflects the ideas of its founder, Henry Ford. The name "Edison" typifies the spirit of the institution. Mr. Ford has named it after his friend Thomas A. Edison, who has been an inspiration to him and many others in his untiring work. Serving the institute is a museum which is really a textbook of human and technical history. The museum is intended to minister to the student type of mind; that is, its purpose is primarily educational.

The museum building is fronted by a group of units containing classrooms, workshops, libraries, auditorium and executive offices. These buildings are architectural reproductions of Independence Hall, Congress Hall and the old City Hall of Philadelphia. The reproduction of Independence Hall is the center unit, which is joined by arcades and corridors to the exhibition building in the rear, the auditorium on the left, and galleries and classrooms on the right. Visitors enter the museum through the door of the central unit. As the exhibits are not yet completely installed, the public is being given an opportunity to see the methods and labor involved in arranging the material.

Supplementary to this group and adjoining it on the east is the historical Greenfield Village. Here the handicraft arts of the past are presented as they were practised in their original environment of public buildings and residences, which in their turn illustrate the development of architectural types.



Page two

Strangers often ask what prompted Mr. Ford to honor the memory of Edison. A brief answer is that Mr. Ford holds him to be our greatest American. Edison was also the first man to encourage him in his development of the motor car.

After going to Detroit from his Dearborn farm, Henry Ford worked his way up to the position of chief engineer of The Detroit Edison Company. On August 11, 1896, he attended an Edison convention at the old Manhattan Beach Hotel at Manhattan Beach, New York. There he made Edison's acquaintance, and was pointed out by Alex Dow of The Detroit Edison Company as the "young fellow who has made a gas car." Edison immediately became interested, and Mr. Ford was motioned to sit next to him and explain the gas engine and the car in detail. After a series of questions, which Ford answered, Edison brought his fist down on the table with a bang and said:

"Young man, that's the thing. You have it! Your car is self-contained and carries its own power plant."

"That bang on the table," said Mr. Ford, "was worth worlds to me."

Thus began a lifelong friendship between those two men that is memorialized in The Edison Institute and the Menlo Park compound. Both are a tribute of respect and admiration for Edison's life and work, and at the same time they cast the spell of Edisonian inspiration over all who enter their doors.

NOTE TO VISITORS

This booklet has been compiled for you as a souvenir of your visit here. Although neither the museum nor the village is completed, you will be shown every object of interest which can be included in your tour. You will find certain sections of the museum closed because of progress of work; and in the village you will find some of the buildings are not open to visitors because they have not been completed or are in use by the Edison Institute. We hope you will enjoy your visit.

Page three

HOTEL STATLER DETROIT

1000 ROOMS

1000 BATHS

UNDER
SAME MANAGEMENT
HOTELS STATLER
BOSTON, BUFFALO,
CLEVELAND, ST. LOUIS

HOTEL BUFFALO
BUFFALO

HOTEL
PENNSYLVANIA
NEW YORK



Grand Circus Park at Washington Blvd. and Bagley Ave.

MARCH 1937



WEST FACADE

SCHEDULE OF OPERATIONS
WEDNESDAY, APR. 7, 1937

SMITH MEMORIAL

Dr. F. E. David	Loc.	Hemorrhoidectomy	9:00
Dr. R. B. Malachuk	Styl.	Appendectomy	10:30

DARK ROOM

Dr. J. A. Cunningham	Gen.	T. & A.	8:00
Dr. W. Van Hazel	Loc.	Intrapleural Pneumolysis	10:00

Chas. Surgeon

MAIN 10

Dr. H. J. Hollinger, Cocoma, Horseshoe & Andrews		Bronchoscope Clinic 2--Bronchoscopies 1--Esophagoscopy 3--Laryngoscopies 1--Laryngeal Dilatation 2--Esophageal Dilatation	9:00 to 12:00
Dr. S. H. Brunner Dr. Campbell	Loc.	Glaucoma L. & R. Clinic 2--Tonsillotomies	9:30 2:00 to 4:00

MAIN 19

Dr. L. M. Schmidt	Ethyl.	Nephrectomy or Pyelotomy	8:30
Dr. H. I. Meyer	Avertin-Ethyl.	Thyroidectomy	9:30
Dr. R. I. Meyer	Ethyl.	Appendectomy	to 11:00
Dr. W. F. Lyon	Loc.	Herniorrhaphy	11:00

CYSTOSCOPIC ROOM

Dr. A. Culver	Sacral	Transurethral Resection	10:30
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MAIN 12

Cyng & O. B. Seminar	9:30 to 10:30
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NIGHT MEDICAL OFFICERS

Wednesday	Dr. Julian
Thursday	Dr. Morrow
Friday	Dr. March

EDNA W. SAUNDERS

Presents

NELSON EDDY

Baritone

★

THEODORE PAXSON, *Pianist*

★

CITY AUDITORIUM, HOUSTON, TEXAS
TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 4, 1937, AT 8:15

★

PROGRAM

I

Air: "Bois Epais" *Jean-Baptiste Lully*
Scene: "Gloire a Vanna!" (from *Monna Vanna*) . . . *Henri Fevrier*

II

RUSSIAN SONGS IN ENGLISH

None But the Lonely Heart *Piotr Ilytch Tchaikowsky*
The Old Corporal *Alexander Dargomizhsky*
Child's Evening Prayer *Modest Moussorgsky*
Air: "By the Walls of Kazan" *Modest Moussorgsky*
(Varlaam's Song, from *Boris Godounoff*)

[3]

presented the evening in quest of
Bob and Gladys Stevens

Chicago - Illinois
October - 1937

HARRIS THEATRE

SAM H. HARRIS

presents

YOU CAN'T TAKE IT WITH YOU

A Farceical Comedy by

MOSS HART and GEORGE S. KAUFMAN

Setting by Donald Oenslager

CAST

Penelope Sycamore.....Eva Condon
Essie Bobbe Arnst
Rheba Gladys Williams
Paul Sycamore Frederick Forrester
Mr. De Pinna.....Frank Tweddell
Ed Ross Hertz
Donald Ham Tree Harrington
Martin Vanderhof Aldrich Bowker
Alice Margaret Callahan
Henderson Bert Gardner
Tony Kirby Henry Richards
Boris Kolenkhov.....Muni Seroff
Gay Wellington Emma Bunting
Mr. Kirby William Roselle
Mrs. Kirby Charlotte Walker
Three Men William Phinney
..... Mel Benstock, Hudson Shotwell
Olga Cynthia Blake

The scene is the home of Martin
Vanderhof, New York

ACT I — A Wednesday Evening

During this act the curtain is lowered to
denote the passing of several hours

ACT II — A Week Later

ACT III — The Next Day

Play Staged by Mr. Kaufman

Costuming of the entire production supervised
by John Hambleton

Technical Assistant to Mr. Oenslager — Isaac Benesch

CREDITS

Miss Walker's gown by Dorothy Couteaur, Inc. Furs by
Jaekel. Miss Callahan's ensembles by Best & Co. Miss
Condon's. Miss Arnst's and Miss Blake's character cos-
tumes designed by John Hambleton and executed by
Mildred Manning. Shoes by I. Miller. Scenery built by
T. B. McDonald Construction Co. and painted by Triangle
Studios. Properties by Weidhaas. Furniture by Stephen
Breslin and Agrippa Galleries. Draperies by I. Weiss
Electrical equipment by Duwico. Lighting fixtures by
Green's Lighting Fixture Co. Mr. Tweddell's pipe by
Comoy. Make-up by Elizabeth Arden. Love Dreams
Candy made by Mrs. Snyder.

FIRE NOTICE: Look around now. Locate
the nearest **EXIT** to your seat. **IN CASE OF**
FIRE, WALK (do not run) **TO THAT EXIT**

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AMERICAN SURGICAL ASSOCIATION - NEW YORK CITY.
JUNE 3rd - 4th, 1937.

The New York Committee for the entertainment of the ladies accompanying out of town members of The American Surgical Association under the direction of Mrs. Fordyce B. St. John, Mrs. Frederic Bancroft, Mrs. Henry W. Cave, and Mrs. Allen O. Whipple, announce that an Information Bureau has been established in the Foyer, directly outside of the Sert Room of this Hotel, where all ladies are requested to check their luncheon and dinner engagements.

THURSDAY, JUNE 3rd - LUNCHEON

The New York hostesses for luncheon on this day are:

Mrs. Frederic Bancroft	Mrs. Edwin Beer
Mrs. Edward J. Donovan	Mrs. Seward Erdman
Mrs. Henry F. Graham	Mrs. John Jennings
Mrs. John B. Walker	

Will you please ask for the name of your hostess for luncheon, and register your acceptance.

THURSDAY, JUNE 3rd - EVENING

Reception for President and Mrs. Evarts Graham at the Rainbow Room, 30 Rockefeller Plaza, at 7:30 P.M., followed by dinner and entertainment.

FRIDAY, JUNE 4th - LUNCHEON

All ladies accompanying the out of town members, with members of the New York Committee, are invited to luncheon at Longchamps, Madison Avenue near 78th Street, at 12:45 P.M.

After luncheon, at 2:30 P.M., the Frick Art Collection, 1 East 70th Street, will be visited. No tickets necessary. Mrs. Fordyce B. St. John, Hostess

FRIDAY, JUNE 4th - EVENING

The New York hostesses for dinner and evening are:

Mrs. Henry W. Cave	Mrs. William Darrach
Mrs. Emil Goetsch	Mrs. George Heuer
Mrs. James Hitzrot	Mrs. William F. MacFee
Mrs. William B. Parsons	Mrs. Allen O. Whipple
Mrs. Howard Lilienthal	Mrs. Fordyce B. St. John

Will you please ask for the name of your hostess at once and register your acceptance

Mrs. Fordyce B. St. John
Chairman.

STANDARD BRANDS INCORPORATED

595 MADISON AVENUE

NEW YORK, N. Y.

June 2nd 1937

Dr. & Mrs. John Robert Phillips
% Hotel Lincoln
8th Avenue & 44th Street
New York City, N.Y.

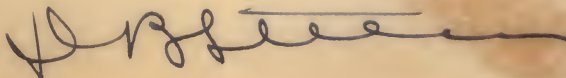
Dear Dr. & Mrs. Phillips

At the request of Mr. Abe Weingarten of Houston, Texas, we are glad to send you herewith two (2) tickets to our Royal Gelatin Broadcast featuring Rudy Vallee for Thursday evening, June 3rd.

Full instructions are printed on the tickets. However, it is advisable to be at the studio not later than 7:30 P.M. as there is usually quite a crowd.

We hope you will enjoy witnessing this broadcast and with best wishes, we are

Very truly yours
STANDARD BRANDS INCORPORATED



D. B. Stetler
Assistant Advertising Manager

American Surgical Association

FINAL PROGRAMME

OF THE
MEETING OF 1937

TO BE HELD IN
THE
SERT ROOM
THE WALDORF-ASTORIA

Park and Lexington Avenues
49th and 50th Streets

New York City

Thursday, June 3rd

Friday, June 4th

Saturday, June 5th, 1937



The length of papers has been limited by the Committee on Annual Meeting to 15 minutes

AMERICAN SURGICAL ASSOCIATION

3

PROGRAMME

June 3, 1937

THURSDAY MORNING, 9:00 O'CLOCK

EXECUTIVE SESSION

Reports of the Secretary and Treasurer
Reports of the Recorder and Publication Committee
Appointment of the Auditing Committee and the
Nominating Committee

Report of the Council by the Secretary
Report of the Committee on Annual Meeting
Report of Committee of Arrangements
Reports of Standing Committees
Reports of Special Committees
New Business

Address of the President

EVARTS A. GRAHAM, M.D.



Plastic Surgeons "Lift" Our Faces . . .

But . . . WHAT ABOUT OUR FIGURES?

We had in our midst last week the convention of surgeons and plastic surgeons—and many interesting and amazing operations were performed while they were here. I read about these things with a great deal of interest and I found women everywhere discussing plastic surgery and what it can do especially for a woman's looks. Chatting along these lines with the clever lady who presides over the SAKOWITZ CORSET SHOP I got a different "slant" on the subject.

"It IS amazing what plastic surgery can accomplish, Polly," she remarked, "and I have seen women who have had their faces lifted by this new modern art. It is the age of youth. All women want to look young and most of them think if they can just get rid of the lines and wrinkles in their faces that they will have found the fountain of youth. But Polly, no matter how young a woman's face may look if her figure is old or middle-aged, she can't really appear younger than she is. Age which comes to all of us naturally etches lines upon our figures even as lines upon our faces and while plastic surgery may remove face lines—what about those ageing figure lines? As a woman grows older she either gets too thin or too fat. Few achieve the happy medium. And to look young a woman MUST do something about her middle-aged figure. A graceful carriage, correct posture and a foundation garment designed to aid her figure lines will give a woman a youthful appearance, regardless of her facial lines and wrinkles."

"So you think we must have our figures lifted as well as our faces if we really want to look young. But how can we do this?"

"EASILY. Much more easily than plastic surgery of the face. Our modern corset manufacturers are you might say the plastic surgeons of the figure; only they design garments to "lift the figure" without surgery. And expert corsetieres are figure specialists who fit the figure correctly in these garments designed to correct figure defects and youthify the figure. Practically ALL foundation garments these days . . . just like all dresses . . . are built on youthifying styles, for that is what women desire. We have specific garments for the thin and fat figures; for the short or tall figure. We have garments to fill out figures that are scrawny and to flatten the abdomen, restrain the hips, of those too stout, and ALL the new garments uplift the bust and give the figure the DEFINITE waistline that today is a requisite of the feminine figure. But, Polly, just as it takes expert surgeons to correct facial defects, so it takes trained corsetieres to help mold or remold figures. Expert corsetieres know anatomy; they are even trained in surgical fittings, and they know FIGURES, defects and good points, and this knowledge they use in correctly fitting figures in specific foundations."

And as I happen to know the staff of this SAKOWITZ CORSET SHOP is composed of expert corsetieres, thoroughly trained, headed by the dean of Southern corsetry, recognized as an authority on foundation garments and figures. And in this corset shop they carry a superb line of the finest imported and domestic foundation garments to be had. Yet at a price range (from \$5 to \$65) to fit any woman's budget.

The new spring foundations are coming in daily; the new garments are lovelier than ever before. If YOU are not satisfied with YOUR figure, don't let it be. You can't achieve that smart appearance you desire before you choose your spring costumes, visit this SAKOWITZ CORSET SHOP for expert aid in the matter of the right foundation garment for YOU.

STATE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION OF TEXAS

PROGRAM

AND

ANNOUNCEMENTS

OF THE

Seventy-first Annual Session

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday
May 11, 12 and 13, 1937

FORT WORTH, TEXAS

American Medical Association Daily Bulletin

Eighty-Eighth Annual Session

Volume 34

ATLANTIC CITY, TUESDAY, JUNE 8, 1937

First Issue

ISSUED JUNE 8, 9, 10 and 11

OFFICERS OF THE AMERICAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION 1936-1937

PRESIDENT—Charles Gordon Heyd, New York.
PRESIDENT-ELECT—J. H. J. Upham, Columbus, Ohio.
SECRETARY AND GENERAL MANAGER—Olin West, Chicago.
TREASURER—Herman L. Kretschmer, Chicago.
SPEAKER, HOUSE OF DELEGATES—Nathan B. Van Etten, New York.
VICE SPEAKER, HOUSE OF DELEGATES—H. H. Shoulders, Nashville, Tenn.
EDITOR AND GENERAL MGR. EMERITUS—George H. Simmons, Chicago.
BOARD OF TRUSTEES—
Arthur W. Booth, Elmira, N. Y. 1937
Rock Sleyster, Chairman, Wauwatosa, Wis. 1937
Austin A. Hayden, Secretary, Chicago. 1938
Charles B. Wright, Minneapolis. 1938
Roger I. Lee, Boston. 1939
Allen H. Bunce, Atlanta, Ga. 1939
Ralph A. Fenton, Portland, Ore. 1940
James R. Bloss, Huntington, W. Va. 1940
Thomas S. Cullen, Baltimore. 1941
EDITOR—Morris Fishbein, Chicago.
BUSINESS MANAGER—Will C. Braun, Chicago.

BULLETIN ANNOUNCEMENT

THE DAILY BULLETIN, issued June 8, 9, 10 and 11, 1937, will contain the registration list of Fellows, with local addresses, announcements of social entertainments and of alumni reunions, and news of interest to those in attendance at this session. Items for publication or announcements of change in time or place of meetings or social events should be at THE BULLETIN office, Bureau of Registration, located in the Convention Hall, before 5 p. m. for issue of the following morning. Postoffice, Information, and Lost and Found departments are located at the Registration Bureau. Lost and Found notices will be published if reported at THE BULLETIN office.

MORRIS FISHBEIN, Editor
F. K. BRYANT, Assistant
SAMUEL BARBASH, Local Editor.

The Opening General Meeting

Ballroom, Second Floor, Convention Hall
Tuesday, June 8, 8 p. m.

Music. WILLIAM JACKSON, Convention Organist.
Call to Order by the President, CHARLES GORDON HEYD.
Invocation. REV. GEORGE D. LAWRENCE.
Welcome to Atlantic City:

HON. CHARLES D. WHITE, Mayor of Atlantic City.
HILTON S. READ, President Atlantic County Medical Society.

WILLIAM G. HERRMAN, President, Medical Society of New Jersey.

Announcements. WILLIAM J. CARRINGTON, Chairman, Local Committee on Arrangements.

Music. Madrigal Singers, HENRY HOTZ, Director.

Address. CHARLES GORDON HEYD.

Music. Madrigal Singers, HENRY HOTZ, Director.

Introduction and Installation of President-Elect J. H. J. UPHAM, Columbus, Ohio.

Address. J. H. J. UPHAM.

Music. Madrigal Singers, HENRY HOTZ, Director.

Presentation of Medal to Retiring President CHARLES GORDON HEYD. ROCK SLEYSTER, Chairman of the Board of Trustees.

Music. Madrigal Singers, HENRY HOTZ, Director.

Postlude. WILLIAM JACKSON, Convention Organist.

General Scientific Meetings

The following program will be presented today in the Ballroom, Second Floor, and Room E, First Floor, Convention Hall.

Beginning at 9 a. m.:

Medical Division, Ballroom, Second Floor

The Diagnosis and Treatment of Cirrhosis of the Liver in the Early Stages. THOMAS P. SPRUNT, Baltimore.
Present Concepts of Coronary Occlusion. CHARLES C. WOLFFERTH, Philadelphia.

Cerebral Vascular Episodes. TINSLEY R. HARRISON, Nashville, Tenn.

Protamine Insulin. ELLIOTT P. JOSLIN, Boston
Complications of Peptic Ulcer and Their Treatment.

FRED H. KRUSE, San Francisco.

Disturbance of the Cardiovascular System in Nutritional Deficiency.

SOMA WEISS and ROBERT W. WILKINS, Boston

Surgical Division, Room E, First Floor

Injuries of the Knee Joints.

FRANK D. DICKSON, Kansas City Mo.

Modern Trends in the Treatment of Cancer of the Rectum and Rectosigmoid. FRED W. RANKIN, Lexington, Ky.

Automobile Injuries. CLAIRE LEROY STRAITH, Detroit

Anesthesia. FRANK H. LAHEY, Boston

Beginning at 2 p. m., in the Ballroom:
Control of Syphilis. THOMAS PARRAN, Washington

Congenital and Prenatal Syphilis. H. N. COLE, Cleveland
Cardiovascular Syphilis. JAMES E. PAULLIN, Atlanta, Ga.

Nonspecific Treatment of Syphilis. PAUL A. O'LEARY, Rochester, N. Y.

Latent Syphilis. A. BENSON CANNON, New York

Talking Motion Picture on Syphilis.

TEXAS

TECHNICAL AND SC

The Technical Exposition
at the Atlantic City Convention Hall
8:30 a. m. to 6 p. m. every day
the exposition closes at 4 o'clock

PHYSICIANS SHOULD

Physicians are requested to
A. M. A. postoffice adjacent
in the Convention Hall and to

DAYLIGHT SAVING

All programs during the
will be on daylight saving time

TELEPHONE

Atlantic City 4-7181

THE REGISTRATION

The number registered

Barnett, J. L., San Antonio, Marlborough-Blenheim.
Bauknight, J. M., Ganado, New Belmont.
Beaton, Hugh, Ft. Worth, Marlborough-Blenheim.
Brown, C. Frank, Dallas, Fort Villa.
Brown, William Peter, Ft. Worth, Dennis.
Burns, John W., Cuero, Ambassador.
Cayo, E. P., San Antonio, 12 S. Trenton.
Crain, C. F., Corpus Christi, Arlington.
David, J. Wilson, Corsicana, Castro.
Dorman, Joseph Harold, Dallas, Dennis.
Eggers, G. W. N., Galveston, Strand.
Golding, Morton N., Ft. Worth.
Hibbitts, William, Texarkana, Traymore.
Hilgartner, H. L., Austin, Chelsea.
Hilgartner, Henry L., Jr., Austin, Chelsea.
Kidel, Victor, Fredericksburg, Franklin Inn.
Lacy, Robert Y., Pittsburg, Traymore.
Levy, Morris D., Houston, Marlborough-Blenheim.
Majors, J. A., Dallas, Brighton Cottage.
Martin, Thomas, William, Port Arthur, Traymore.
Miller, Felix P., El Paso, Ambassador.
Moore, H. LeRoy, Dallas, Claridge.
Morley, John D., Rio Grande City, Booth 1036.
Phillips, John Robert, Houston, Shelburne.
Powell, Eugene C., Temple.
Red, S. C., Houston, Traymore.
Reeves, H. V., El Campo.

American College of Surgeons

FOUNDED BY SURGEONS OF THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA, 1913

SECTIONAL MEETING

HOUSTON, TEXAS

INCLUDING:

ARIZONA, ARKANSAS, CUBA, LOUISIANA,
MEXICO, MISSISSIPPI, NEW MEXICO,
OKLAHOMA, TENNESSEE, TEXAS



RICE HOTEL

FEBRUARY 2, 3, AND 4, 1938

PROGRAM IN BRIEF

Wednesday, February 2

- 8:00 Registration and information, Rice Hotel
- 8:00 Inspection of exhibits, Rice Hotel.
- 8:00 Clinics, local hospitals.
- 10:00 Hospital conference, Rice Hotel.
- 12:00 Inspection of exhibits, Rice Hotel.
- 2:00 Hospital conference, Rice Hotel.
- 2:30 Medical motion pictures, general surgery, Rice Hotel.
- 2:30 Medical motion pictures, eye, ear, nose and throat surgery, Rice Hotel.
- 4:30 Meeting of Fellows, Rice Hotel.
- 5:00 Inspection of exhibits, Rice Hotel.
- 6:30 Dinner, Rice Hotel.
- 8:00 Scientific meeting, general surgery, Rice Hotel.
- 8:00 Medical motion pictures, eye, ear, nose and throat surgery, Rice Hotel.

Thursday, February 3

- 8:00 Registration and information, Rice Hotel
- 8:00 Inspection of exhibits, Rice Hotel.
- 8:00 Clinics, local hospitals.
- 9:30 Hospital conference, Rice Hotel.
- 12:00 Inspection of exhibits, Rice Hotel.
- 1:30 Medical motion pictures, general surgery, Rice Hotel.
- 2:00 Hospital conference, Rice Hotel.
- 2:00 Scientific meeting, eye surgery, Rice Hotel.
- 2:00 Scientific meeting, ear, nose and throat surgery, Rice Hotel.
- 2:30 Scientific meeting, general surgery, Rice Hotel.
- 5:00 Meeting of Regional Fracture Committees, Rice Hotel.
- 5:00 Inspection of exhibits, Rice Hotel.
- 6:30 Medical motion pictures, general surgery, Rice Hotel.
- 6:30 Dinner and scientific meeting, eye, ear, nose and throat section, Rice Hotel.
- 8:00 Scientific meeting, general surgery, Rice Hotel.
- 8:00 Hospital conference, St. Joseph's Infirmary.

Friday, February 4

- 8:00 Registration and information, Rice Hotel.
- 8:00 Inspection of exhibits, Rice Hotel.
- 8:00 Clinics, eye, ear, nose and throat, local hospitals.
- 9:00 Fracture clinic, Jefferson Davis Hospital.
- 9:30 Hospital conference, Rice Hotel.
- 12:00 Inspection of exhibits, Rice Hotel.
- 1:30 Medical motion pictures, general surgery, Rice Hotel.
- 2:00 Hospital conference, Jefferson Davis Hospital.
- 2:00 Scientific meeting (panel round table conference), eye surgery, Rice Hotel.
- 2:00 Scientific meeting (panel round table conference), ear, nose and throat surgery, Rice Hotel.
- 2:30 Cancer clinic, Hermann Hospital.
- 8:00 Community Health Meeting, First Baptist Church.
- 8:00 Medical motion pictures, general surgery, Rice Hotel.

4

SCIENTIFIC MEETINGS

General Surgery

Wednesday, 8:00 p.m., Ballroom

WITTEN B. RUSS, M.D., San Antonio, *Presiding*

Curability of Cancer of the Colon

CLAUDE F. DIXON, M.D., Rochester; Associate Professor of Surgery, Mayo Foundation, University of Minnesota Medical School.

Brachial Neuritis of Mechanical Origin

HOWARD C. NAFFZIGER, M.D., San Francisco; Professor of Surgery, University of California Medical School.

The Use of Splints in Injuries and Infections of the Hand

MICHAEL L. MASON, M.D., Chicago; Associate Professor of Surgery, Northwestern University Medical School.

OFFICIAL PROGRAM

27th Annual Clinical Congress
of the
AMERICAN COLLEGE
OF SURGEONS



Chicago
October 25-29, 1937

Headquarters—Stevens Hotel

A Guide to the
TECHNICAL
EXHIBITION
with Floor Plan and
List of Exhibitors
will be found on
Pages 36 and 37

CLINICAL CONGRESS OF AMERICAN COLLEGE OF SURGEONS

EUGENE H. POOL, New York, *President*

FREDERIC A. BESLEY, Waukegan, *President-Elect*

VERNON C. DAVID, *Chairman*; MICHAEL L. MASON, *Secretary, Committee on Arrangements*

PROGRAM FOR THE 1937 CLINICAL CONGRESS IN CHICAGO

CLINICAL CONGRESS PROGRAM IN BRIEF

Monday, October 25

- 10:00 Hospital Conference—Grand Ballroom
- 2:00 Clinics in hospitals
- 2:00 Hospital Conference—Grand Ballroom
- 2:00 Surgical Film Exhibition—Eighth St. Theater
- 3:00 Meeting of Initiates—College Auditorium
- 4:00 Reception to Fellows and Initiates—College
- 8:00 Presidential Meeting and Convocation—Grand Ballroom

Tuesday, October 26

- 9:00 Clinics in hospitals
- 10:00 Hospital Conference—North Ballroom
- 10:00 Surgical Film Exhibition—Eighth St. Theater
- 2:00 Clinics in hospitals
- 2:00 Symposium on Cancer—Grand Ballroom
- 2:00 Hospital Conference—North Ballroom
- 2:00 Surgical Film Exhibition—Eighth St. Theater
- 8:00 Scientific Session, General Surgery—Grand Ballroom
- 8:00 Scientific Session, Ophthalmology—North Ballroom
- 8:00 Hospital Conference—Tower Ballroom

Wednesday, October 27

- 9:00 Clinics in hospitals
- 9:30 State and Provincial Judiciary Committees—College Auditorium
- 10:00 State and Provincial Credentials Committees—College Auditorium
- 10:00 Hospital Conference—North Ballroom
- 10:00 Surgical Film Exhibition—Eighth St. Theater
- 11:00 State and Provincial Executive Committees—College Auditorium
- 2:00 Clinics in hospitals
- 2:00 Symposium on Graduate Training for Surgery—Grand Ballroom
- 2:00 Symposium on Obstetrics and Gynecology—North Ballroom
- 2:00 Hospital Conference—Tower Ballroom
- 2:00 Surgical Film Exhibition—Eighth St. Theater
- 8:00 Scientific Session, General Surgery—Grand Ballroom

Thursday, October 28

- 9:00 Clinics in hospitals
- 10:00 Hospital Conference—North Ballroom
- 10:00 Surgical Film Exhibition—Eighth St. Theater
- 1:30 Annual Meeting—Grand Ballroom
- 2:00 Clinics in hospitals
- 2:00 Hospital Conference—North Ballroom
- 3:00 Symposium on Industrial Medicine and Traumatic Surgery—Grand Ballroom
- 3:00 Surgical Film Exhibition—Eighth St. Theater
- 8:00 Scientific Session, General Surgery—Grand Ballroom
- 8:00 Scientific Session, Otolaryngology—North Ballroom

Friday, October 29

- 9:00 Clinics in hospitals
- 10:00 Surgical Film Exhibition—Eighth St. Theater
- 2:00 Clinics in hospitals
- 2:00 Fracture Symposium—Grand Ballroom
- 2:00 Surgical Film Exhibition—Eighth St. Theater
- 8:00 Community Health Meeting—Grand Ballroom

THE surgeons of Chicago, under the leadership of a representative committee, have prepared a program of clinics and demonstrations that will provide a complete showing of the clinical activities in all departments of surgery in this great medical center for the twenty-seventh annual Clinical Congress of the American College of Surgeons, October 25-29. The Committee is assured of the hearty cooperation of the clinicians at the five medical schools and more than fifty hospitals that will participate in the clinical program.

Published in tentative form in the following pages, the clinical program is to be further revised and amplified during the weeks preceding the Congress. Clinics are scheduled for the afternoon of Monday, October 25, and for the mornings and afternoons of each of the four following days. The final clinical program will be published from day to day during the Congress—a complete detailed program will be posted in the form of bulletins at headquarters at the Stevens Hotel each afternoon for the succeeding day and issued in printed form the following morning.

In addition to an ample and well-arranged schedule of operative clinics demonstrating the technique of a wide variety of surgical procedures, the Committee has arranged a series of demonstration clinics at the medical schools and in several of the larger hospitals where the work being done in many special fields will be presented including: Neurosurgery, traumatic surgery, thoracic surgery, plastic surgery, fractures, cancer, orthopedics, gynecology and obstetrics, genitourinary surgery, experimental surgery, roentgenology, ophthalmology, otolaryngology, etc.

CLINICAL CONGRESS

American College of Surgeons

FOUNDED BY SURGEONS OF THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA, 1913

TWENTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL SESSION

CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1937

PROGRAM IN BRIEF

Wednesday, October 27

- 9:00 Clinics in hospitals
- 9:30 State and Provincial Judiciary Committees—College Auditorium
- 10:00 State and Provincial Credentials Committees—College Auditorium
- 10:00 Hospital Conference—North Ballroom
- 10:00 Surgical Film Exhibition—Eighth St. Theater
- 11:00 State and Provincial Executive Committees—College Auditorium
- 2:00 Clinics in hospitals
- 2:00 Symposium on Graduate Training for Surgery—Grand Ballroom
- 2:00 Symposium on Obstetrics and Gynecology—North Ballroom
- 2:00 Hospital Conference—Tower Ballroom
- 2:00 Surgical Film Exhibition—Eighth St. Theater
- 8:00 Scientific Session, General Surgery—Grand Ballroom

Thursday, October 28

- 9:00 Clinics in hospitals
- 10:00 Hospital Conference—North Ballroom
- 10:00 Surgical Film Exhibition—Eighth St. Theater
- 1:30 Annual Meeting—Grand Ballroom
- 2:00 Clinics in hospitals
- 2:00 Hospital Conference—North Ballroom
- 3:00 Symposium on Industrial Medicine and Traumatic Surgery—Grand Ballroom
- 3:00 Surgical Film Exhibition—Eighth St. Theater
- 8:00 Scientific Session, General Surgery—Grand Ballroom
- 8:00 Scientific Session, Otolaryngology—North Ballroom

Friday, October 29

- 9:00 Clinics in hospitals
- 10:00 Surgical Film Exhibition—Eighth St. Theater
- 2:00 Clinics in hospitals
- 2:00 Fracture Symposium—Grand Ballroom
- 2:00 Surgical Film Exhibition—Eighth St. Theater
- 8:00 Community Health Meeting—Grand Ballroom

*Write
Dr. Deane Stokes
Program*

*Eleventh
District
Medical
Association*

*Hotel Crockett
Crockett, Texas*

October 31, 1944

Program

Dinner — 7:30

Infant Feeding
Dr. Mildred Stanley, Tyler

Treatment of Rabies
Dr. S. W. Bohls, Austin

Management of Gunshot Fractures
Major Hira E. Branch, MC
Chief, Orthopedic Service
Harmon General Hospital,
Longview

Gall Bladder Disease
Dr. John R. Phillips, Houston

Laryngeal Tumors
Lt. Col. Mort D. Pelz, MC
Chief, E. E. N. T. Service
Harmon General Hospital,
Longview

Entertainment for the ladies will be
provided by the Crockett Auxiliary



Dr. Sidney M. Lister of Houston, member of the Texas prison board for the last eight years. He also is chief of the board.

Dr. Lister Plans To Better Pen System By Industrializing

Houstonian, Newly Elected Chairman of Board,
Also Aims to Abolish "Bat" for Two
Years, as an Experiment.

Two-year abolition of the "bat" (strap) as an experiment in the management of prisoners and industrialization of the prison system are the immediate aims of Dr. Sidney M. Lister of Houston, newly elected chairman of the Texas prison board.

Doctor Lister, who has been on the prison board eight years, believes that the "bat" is "inhuman, antiquated and has no place in modern prison management." He said he would ask the nine-member prison board to abolish the "bat" for two years and then compare this period with the previous two-year period with reference to attitude and actions of prisoners.

If the experiment is successful, Doctor Lister will seek to have the "bat" permanently abolished.

"Other states have successfully abolished it," he said.

Have Asked for Industries.

Doctor Lister said the prison board has asked the legislature to provide for the prison system a cotton textile mill, a cotton seed oil mill, a hide tannery and to give permission to bid on all state printing.

"We do not propose to go into competition with labor," he continued. "We only want to be allowed to sell our products to state institutions."

Speaking of the industrialization plan, he said:

"I feel that the prison system will never be self-sustaining under the present set-up. Unless we are permitted to industrialize we necessarily will have a large deficit every year."

Big Profit on Printing.

He said that if the prison system was allowed to bid on state printing (which would be done by the convicts), the system could make an annual profit of from \$300,000 to \$400,000.

"All of the industries we operate show a profit each year," he continued. "However, the farming industry, due to the reduction in acreage by the government and the large increase in guard expenses, has not been as successful in the past few years as we hoped for."

"We are delighted to know that Governor O'Daniel is thoroughly in sympathy with our plan to industrialize the prison system. He has promised to help us in every way possible. This, of course, means a large outlay of money to develop these industries and we realize this can not be done in a year or two."

"But there is one thought we must not overlook. The prison system is to protect society from

the criminal element and rehabilitate these criminals for their return into society."

Believes In Human Nature.

Doctor Lister is one of those who believe that human nature can be changed and this, he thinks, is what the prison board and prison system are for—to return men to society better than they were when they went in.

But the real approach to elimination of crime had not been made, he said.

"The answer is in proper training," he said. "It is easier to rehabilitate children than adults."

He proposed a social service organization financed and supervised by the state or federal government which would go into the lower class of homes to advise parents in the proper training of their children. He said it is from the homes of poor and needy parents that many criminals come.

The social workers would be led to the homes where advice was needed by first checking the general environment of certain neighborhoods or tracing back the origin of proved criminals.

Recreational Facilities.

Doctor Lister advocates federal or state recreational facilities to supplement city recreational facilities.

"It is all right as far as they go in a city, but they just don't have the money to go far enough," he said.

The social workers would direct the recreations of those selected for correctionary training under Doctor Lister's proposed plan.

"This is going to come some day," Doctor Lister predicted. "It may not be during my day, but it's not far off."

"Crime is one of the most serious problems confronting the American people today."

Opposes Three-Man Board.

He is opposed to a three-man board to run the prison system, such as was suggested in a recent legislative bill that was defeated.

"I am thoroughly convinced that a board of nine intelligent businessmen is better prepared to handle the affairs of the prison system than a three-man board. You do not see large corporations and banks directed or supervised by a board of three members. All have larger directorates and this seems to me the best balanced program."

Doctor Lister said that no changes in the personnel of the prison system are contemplated. He has another four years to serve in his present six-year term.



WIDELY KNOWN DOCTOR FOUND SHOT TO DEATH

Body Discovered in Garage After Several Shots Are Heard by Wife; Verdict of Suicide Is Returned

Dr. Roy D. Wilson, 54, well-known physician and surgeon, was found shot to death in the garage at his home, 2219 Pine Valley Drive, about 4:30 Saturday. Two bullets had entered his left chest, causing almost instant death.

Mrs. Wilson said she heard several shots fired in the garage just after her husband went there to get his car and go to his office in the Medical Arts Building. She went to the garage and found Doctor Wilson lying on the floor. A .42 caliber automatic pistol near his hand.

Empty Shells Found.

Three empty shells, apparently fired from the gun, were found in the garage. Two were accounted for by bullets in the dead man's body. The other, policemen conjectured, was the result of the firing of a wild shot by the frightened contraction of the muscles of the doctor's hand. Police were looking for the third bullet.

Justice of the Peace W. C. Ragan was called to hold an inquest. He returned a verdict of suicide.

In Poor Health.

Mrs. Wilson said the doctor had been in poor health for about two months, Ragan said.

"The couple had been walking about the yard," said Ragan. "Mrs. Wilson went into the house and Doctor Wilson went into the garage. It was only a moment later when the shots were heard."

Doctor Wilson was a native of Houston. He attended the New England Conservatory of Music at Boston, and later got his medical degree from Tulane University. In 1908, he returned to Houston to practice medicine.

During the World War he served as a first lieutenant in the medical corps of the United States Army.

(See DOCTOR—Page 2)



Dr. Roy D. Wilson, above, was found shot to death Saturday. A verdict of suicide was returned.

DOCTOR—

(Continued from Page 1)

He was a member of the Trinity Episcopal Church, charter member of the River Oaks Country Club, member of the Rotary Club, American Medical Association, Texas Medical Association, South Texas District Medical Association, Houston Academy of Medicine, Harris Medical Society, Salesmanship Club, Temple Lodge No. 4, A. F. and A. M., Scottish Rite, and Araba Temple Shrine. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Nell M. Wilson.

Funeral arrangements will be announced by Perry-Foley Funeral Home.

WILSON—Dr. Roy D. Wilson died at his home, 2219 Pine Valley, at 4:30 a.m. Saturday. He had been a lifelong resident of Houston. He received his education in the Houston public schools and later attended the New England Conservatory of Music in Boston for his musical education and Tulane University for his medical education. He returned to Houston in 1908 to practice medicine. He served as a first lieutenant in the Medical Corps during the world war. He was a charter member of Trinity Episcopal Church, a member of River Oaks Country Club, a member of Houston Rotary Club, American Medical Association, Texas Medical Association, South Texas District Medical Association, Houston Academy of Medicine, Harris County Medical Association, Salesmanship Club, University Club, Temple Lodge No. 4, A. F. and A. M., Knights Templar, Scottish Rite 33rd, Araba Temple Shrine. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Nell M. Wilson. Funeral arrangements will be announced by the Perry-Foley Funeral Home—made 5 1012 5880 3371H

Library of Medicine Gets \$1000 Bequest

Except for a \$1000 bequest to the Houston Academy of Medicine for its library, the entire estate of the late Dr. Roy D. Wilson was left to his wife, according to his will which was filed for probate Monday by the Guardian Trust Company, executor.

The estate is "in excess of \$10,000," according to the application. After debts and other expenses are paid and the bequest to the academy of medicine made, the balance of the estate will be placed in a trust managed by Mrs. Wilson.

Doctor Wilson died May 13.

COURT DELAYS BEATING CASE OF OFFICERS

Trial Reset to April 13 on Defense Motion; Judge Williford Fines Absent Witness \$100.

A continuance until April 13 was granted the defense Thursday morning by Judge Frank Williford in the police brutality case, in which Capt. M. M. Simpson and Detective L. D. Hooker, suspended police officers, are charged with beating Robert Lyons, 25-year-old ex-cavalryman.

Absence of important witnesses was claimed by Defense Attorneys W. H. Scott, Conrad Smith, W. W. Wander and Arthur Heidingsfelder in the motion for continuance.

Missing Witness Fined.

One of the missing witnesses, Dr. A. A. Ledbetter, was fined \$100 by Judge Williford and an attachment issued for him after Deputy Sheriff Charlie Graham said the doctor had been served and the court was told by Attorney Smith that Doctor Ledbetter was out of the city.

The other absent witnesses were S. P. Couch, 6024 Harrisburg; Mrs. E. L. Hancock, 504 Rusk, who was ill; Sam Foster, 2611 Howard, and W. B. Malone, 2611 Eagle.

The defense had called a total of 51 witnesses and the state 21 witnesses, including the grand jury.

Puts Witnesses Under Bond.

After reading the motion, Judge Frank Williford called Assistant

BEATING CASE—

(Continued from Page 1.)

District Attorney Tom Bailey, who with Assistant District Attorneys V. Lee McMahon and Palmer Hutcheson, Jr., represented the state.

"Have you seen this motion?" the judge asked Bailey.

"Yes, your honor, I have," Bailey said. "Under the law, the motion is good, although I regret the necessity of a continuance."

Judge Williford then granted the motion and called all witnesses. He placed each witness under a \$200 appearance bond.

"And I want to warn you that you are all responsible to this court," the judge continued. "Only the lawyers on either side have the right to ask you questions as to what your testimony will be."

"If anyone tries to influence you or to intimidate you, come to me about it and they will be held in contempt of this court."

Defense Case Outlined.

The motion outlined the testimony which the defense said would have been given by the missing witnesses if they had been there to take the stand.

Doctor Ledbetter, the motion stated, would have testified that Lyons came into his office in the Medical Arts Building, February 13—the day after Lyons was said to have been beaten—and that he did not have a black eye or other marks of a beating.

Foster's address of 2611 Howard did not exist, the motion said and set forth that Foster could testify that he saw Lyons and that Lyons did not show signs of a beating.

Couch, another missing witness, was moved since the summons was issued for him and could not be located, and he also could testify to the same as Foster, the motion continued.

Malone's testimony would have been that he was in Simpson's office the day Lyons was brought in by an officer for questioning; that Lyons was not harmed while he was in the office and that Hooker was not in the office at all. The motion stated.



+ + + + +

Program

BANQUET — RICE HOTEL

•
SPEAKERS

Dr. C. S. Holt Mr. H. J. Mohler
Mr. W. G. Choate
Mr. H. R. Safford
Mr. L. W. Baldwin

TOASTMASTER

Dr. O. B. Zeinert

•
ENTERTAINMENT

MUSIC



Little Rock Hospital

MISSOURI PACIFIC SURGEONS

DINNER

March 16, 1938

Half Texas Valley Grape Fruit Colorado Hearts of Celery
Ripe and Green Queen Olives

Cup of Green Pea Soup Au Crotons

Smothered Half of Spring Chicken on Toast
Potatoes Au Gratin Butter Beans

Lettuce, Tomato, Cottage Cheese and Green
Pepper Salad—French Dressing

Meringue Glace Coffee and Cream



St. Louis Hospital, Grand Boulevard and Shaw Avenue

Southern Medical Association

DAILY BULLETIN

Thirty-Second Annual Session

Vol. XVII. Oklahoma City, Okla. WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1938

First Issue

Southern Medical Association Daily Bulletin
Published Wednesday, Thursday and Friday
November 16, 17, 18, 1938

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Empire Building—Birmingham, Ala.

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BULLETIN ANNOUNCEMENT

The Daily Bulletin, issued November 16, 17, 18 will contain the registration of members and visitors, their addresses in Oklahoma City, announcements of local entertainments, Alumni reunions and items of interest to those in attendance.

Patton, Louis K., Amarillo—Huckins. changes, on head-
Perkins, Jack F., Dallas—Skirvin. Office of
Phillips, John Robts. (wife), Houston—Bilt-
more. more. Biltmore
Phillips, W. P. (wife), Greenville—Major
Tourist Courts. Biltmore
Radtke, H. P., Ft. Worth—Skirvin.
Rains, G. Perry (wife), Marshall—Skirvin.

SUMMARY OF PROGRAM

Wednesday, November 16

Clinical Session, Municipal Auditorium, Room No. 1, 9:00 a. m.—page 37.

General Session (Addresses of Welcome, President's Address, etc.) Skirvin Tower Hotel, Silver Glade Room, 8:00 p. m.—page 27.

Section on Medicine, Municipal Auditorium, Room No. 1, 2:00 p. m.—page 39.

Section on Medicine, Municipal Auditorium, Room No. 1, 9:30 a. m., joint session with American Society of Tropical Medicine—page 39.

Section on Pathology, Municipal Auditorium, Room No. 9, 2:00 p. m.—page 45.

Section on Radiology, Municipal Auditorium, Room No. 4, 2:00 p. m.—page 49.

Section on Bone and Joint Surgery, Municipal Auditorium, Room No. 2, 2:00 p. m.—page 57.

Section on Gynecology, Municipal Auditorium, Room No. 3, 9:00 a. m.—page 59.

Section on Obstetrics, Municipal Auditorium, Room No. 5, 2:00 p. m.—page 61.

Section on Urology, Municipal Auditorium, Room No. 6, 2:00 p. m.—page 65.

Section on Railway Surgery, Municipal Auditorium, Room No. 2, 9:00 a. m.—page 69.

Section on Ophthalmology and Otolaryngology, Municipal Auditorium, Room No. 4, 9:00 a. m.—page 71.

Section on Medical Education, Municipal Auditorium, Room No. 9, 9:00 a. m.—page 77.

Section on Public Health, Municipal Auditorium, Room No. 8, 2:00 p. m.—page 79.

American Academy of Pediatrics, Room 2, Skirvin Hotel, 8:30 a. m. and 1:30 p. m.—page 95.

American Public Health Association, Southern Branch, Municipal Auditorium, Room No. 8, 9:30 a. m.—page 82.

American Society of Tropical Medicine, Municipal Auditorium, Room No. 3, 9:30 a. m. and 2:00 p. m., pages 90 and 91.

National Malaria Committee, Municipal Auditorium, Room No. 10, 9:00 a. m. (Business Session)—page 85.

Southern Association of Anesthetists, Black Hotel, 9:00 a. m. and 2:00 p. m.—page 93.

Women Physicians Annual Dinner, Crystal Dining Room, Skirvin Hotel, 7:00 p. m.—page 7.

Woman's Auxiliary to Southern Medical Association, Executive Board Meeting (breakfast meeting), Oklahoma Biltmore Hotel, 8:00 a. m.—pages 6 and 98.

Woman's Auxiliary to the Southern Medical Association (first session), Skirvin Hotel, Crystal Room, 19:00 a. m.—pages 6 and 98.

Woman's Auxiliary to the Southern Medical Association, annual luncheon, Skirvin Tower Hotel, Silver Glade Room, 12:00 noon—pages 6 and 99.

Reception and Grand Ball for President, Members and Guests of the Southern Medical Association, Skirvin Tower Hotel, Silver Glade Room, 9:00 p. m.—page 6.

Fracture Demonstrations in Scientific Exhibits, 9:00 a. m.—page 20.

Sightseeing Bus for Tour of Points of Interest 10:00 a. m., 2:00 p. m. and 4:00 p. m.—page 7.

Capitol Hill Kiwanis Club, 2604 South Harvey, 12:15 noon—page 8.

Cooperative Club, Huckins Hotel, 12:15 noon—page 8.

Golf Tournament for Men, Oklahoma City Golf and Country Club—page 102.

Trap and Skeet Shooting Tournament, Capitol City Gun Club, 1:00 p. m.—page 102.

Radio Broadcasts, Stations WKY, KOMA, KOCY and KTOK—page 11.

Motion Pictures, Municipal Auditorium, Room No. 7, 8:30 a. m. to 5:30 p. m.—page 22.

Scientific Exhibits, Municipal Auditorium, 8:00 a. m. to 6:00 p. m.—page 15.

Technical Exhibits, Municipal Auditorium, 8:00 a. m. to 6:00 p. m.—page 104.

15. Lobectomy and Pneumonectomy in Pulmonary Tuberculosis.
JOHN C. JONES, Los Angeles, California.
 16. Tuberculosis of the Bronchi Complicating Pulmonary Tuberculosis: Its Effect Upon Closure of Pulmonary Cavity.
H. McLEOD RIGGINS, New York.
- 7:30 p. m. Annual Dinner, Atlanta Biltmore Hotel.
(*Members and Guests Invited*).

Wednesday Morning, April 6, 1938

9:00 a. m.

17. Bronchopleural Fistulae Complicating Pulmonary Tuberculosis: A Clinical Pathological Study.
OSCAR AUERBACH and SAMUEL LIPSTEIN, New York.
(*By Invitation*)
18. The Operative Correction of Pectus Excavatum: Report of a Case and Review of the Literature.
ALTON OCHSNER, New Orleans, La.
19. Late Results of Lobectomy for Bronchiectasis in Children.
JOHN V. BOHRER and (*by invitation*) CHAS. W. LESTER, New York.
20. Mechanics of Pulmonary Abscess and Bronchiectasis with Suggested Method of Treatment.
MINAS JOANNIDES, Chicago, Illinois.
21. Cinéfluoroscopic Studies of Peculiar Breathing and Chest Motion.
OTTO C. PICKHARDT, WILLIAM H. STEWART, GRANT THORBURN, New York.

Wednesday Afternoon, April 6, 1938

Arrangements for Golf and Skeet Shooting

PROGRAM

THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR

THORACIC SURGERY

Twenty-first Annual Meeting

April 4, 5, 6, 1938

ATLANTA, GEORGIA

HEADQUARTERS

ATLANTA BILTMORE HOTEL

Bring This Program With You

Monday Morning, April 4, 1938

All meetings will be held at the Atlanta Biltmore Hotel

9:00 a. m. Business Meeting.

9:30 a. m. Scientific Session.

1. Treatment of Acute Empyema Thoracis by Open Intercostal Drainage: A Report of Fifty-three Consecutive Cases with No Mortality.
JOSEPH WEINBERG, Omaha, Nebraska.
2. Beck's Operation: Report of two cases in which it was used.
A. L. LOCKWOOD, Toronto, Canada.
3. Wounds of the Heart.
I. A. BIGGER, Richmond, Virginia.
4. Carcinoma of the Thoracic Esophagus: Experimental investigation and report of a successful resection with anastomosis of the stomach with the esophagus.
W. F. ADAMS and (by invitation) D. PHEMISTER, Chicago, Illinois.
5. Upper Esophagostomy: Its Indications and Uses.
CARL EGGERS, New York.
- 12:30 p. m. Luncheon.
- Monday Afternoon, April 4, 1938**
- 2:00 p. m.
6. Observations on Mediastinal Tumors: A Study of Fifty-two Cases Excluding Aneurysms and Substernal Thyroids.
EVARIS A. GRAHAM and (by invitation) BRIAN BLADES, St. Louis, Mo.
7. Aspiration Biopsy of the Lung.
J. SAMUEL BINKLEY, New York (by invitation).
- 3:15 p. m. Buses will leave Hotel Biltmore for inspection of Cyclorama of Atlanta, and Barbecue, Druid Hills Club.
(Members and Guests Invited).

Tuesday Morning, April 5, 1938

9:00 a. m.

8. Results of Thoracoplasty Using Extensive Costal Resection Over a Period of Seven Years: Study of Operative and End-Results in 500 Cases.
EDWARD J. O'BRIEN and J. C. DAY, Detroit, Michigan.
9. Tension (Giant) Tuberculous Cavities: Pathogenesis, Mechanics and Surgical Management.
POL N. CORRYLOS and G. G. ORNSTEIN, New York.
10. Extrapleural Thoracoplasty: Further Experiences with the Multiple Stage Muscle-Splitting Operation.
JEROME R. HEAD, Chicago, Illinois.
11. Thoracoplasty for Tuberculosis and Chronic Empyema Through Short Incisions: Experiences with a New Method of Rib Removal.
OWEN W. WANGENSTEEN, Minneapolis, Minn.
12. Results and Complications of the Apicolysis Thoracoplasty.
JOSEPH GALE and W. H. OATWAY, JR., Madison, Wisconsin.
(By Invitation)
13. Myoplastic Thoracoplasty.
ERHAN F. BUTLER, Ithaca, New York.
- 12:30 p. m. Luncheon.
- Tuesday Afternoon, April 5, 1938**
- 2:00 p. m. Executive Session.
- 2:30 p. m. Presidential Address.
STUART W. HARRINGTON, Rochester, Minnesota.
14. Extrapleural Pneumothorax.
RONALD BELSEY, F.R.C.S., London, England.
(By Invitation)
Introduced by J. E. H. ROBERTS, London, England, and Edward D. Churchill, Boston, Massachusetts.

HOTEL ACCOMMODATIONS FOR THE SUMMER

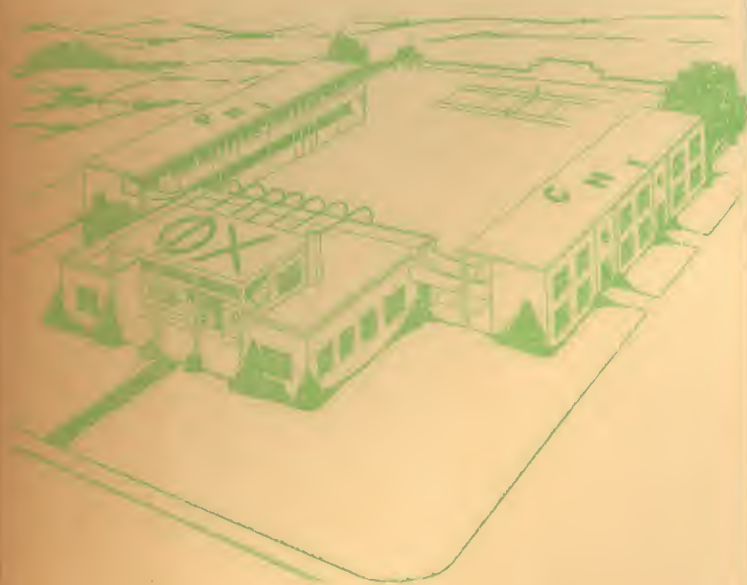
The Zeta of Phi Chi Fraternity Medical Home will remain open all summer to accommodate members of the State Medical Association, the Fraternity Alumni and their families.

The facilities of the Home are as fine as any modern hotel. Summer rates are reasonable, beginning at \$3.00.

The Medical Fraternity Home is located at 605 Sixth St., (North Boulevard, behind Jack Tar Courts), between the Medical Center and the East Beach. It is within easy walking distance of the new Maco Stewart Memorial Park and Boardwalk (New amusement center). Come down to Galveston for the Open House and Graduation exercises. Plan to spend some time again during the summer in the comfort and dignity of Phi Chi Fraternity Medical Home.



ZETA
of
PHI CHI
MEDICAL
FRATERNITY
Invites You



Open House
and
JOINT GOLDEN JUBILEE ANNIVERSARY
FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
MAY 30 AND 31
OF THE NEW
ZETA of PHI CHI
MEDICAL FRATERNITY HOME
GALVESTON, TEXAS

This beautiful new Home is dedicated to the promotion of scholarship toward the advancement of medical science. You're invited to join with us in the observance of its opening.

It is interesting to relate that 50 years of service of the University of Texas Medical School coincides with that of the Phi Chi Medical Fraternity and we propose a joint celebration in keeping with this event May 30 and 31. It is also fitting that the President of Texas State Medical Association, Dr. Y. D. Rutz of Marlin, an old and enthusiastic Phi Chi brother, is vitally interested in our project.

BARBECUE

BEER

FREE

Houston Oilmen Construct \$5,000,000 In Costly Residences in Recent Years

Clifford Mooers Building Carefully Guarded Home Near City.

BY LEONARD OLIVER.

Houston oilmen, during the past five or six years, have erected here about \$5,000,000 worth of some of the best-appointed and most expensive, as well as in some cases the most unusual, residences found anywhere in the United States, a survey completed Saturday reveals.

Close to \$4,000,000 worth of these homes were built in one addition, River Oaks.

Incidentally, the survey showed one other class of Houstonians who are building many expensive houses, the doctors.

Clifford Moers Home.

Of all of the unusual homes built, as well as the more expensive, the Clifford Moers home, nearing completion on a 50-acre tract along the south side of Buffalo Bayou, seven miles north of the Post Oak Road and 10 miles out on that road from Houston, "tops the list."

This place, including the landscaping, iron fence and all, is expected to cost \$500,000.

It is unusual in many respects, including its clustered locale.

Trying to locate the Moers home was a job that brought up shades of the days when I covered police and tried to beat the homicide squad to a solution of a hit-and-run case.

But I found it, after going out the Post Oak Road for seven miles and making inquiries and going on to "near where a house with four gables faces the road."

Site Finally Located.

From there I drove over a private shelled road for seven miles, "by and large," as my attorney, James P. Markham, oft remarks.

At the end of this shelled road is a barbed-wire fence and, after getting through a typical barbed-wire gate, was confronted with one that was reminiscent of Sir Lancelot.

This gate, about 12 feet high and of wrought iron, had an inscription on it reading "Pine Lake Farm."

Taking the lock off of the latch and going through it, I immediately encountered a guard. He was a countryman and not used to city slickers, so was not too hard to handle.

But getting back to the house, it is monolithic concrete and waterproof. It originally was slated to have elevators. (Since I ran one story about the place the secrecy surrounding the construction has been doubled and I have been unable to determine whether these ideas were carried out or not.) The doors and windows (I saw this much on my visit) will have aluminum bulwarks to the house

can be sealed like Noah's Ark, or a jar of blackberries.

The large tract overflows every time the bayou goes out of bounds.

Lake On Place.

The wrought iron fence encircles several miles. A lake takes in a couple of acres.

Mr. Mooers, who owns the Shasta Oil Company, lived for several years on his private yacht, anchored in Galveston Bay. He must like salt air. He has a home near Pudget Sound.

The house will have its own light, sewage, water and air-conditioning systems.

The \$100,000 home of J. M. West, Jr., at 1909 River Oaks Boulevard, with its private swimming pool, has an underground tunnel running from the house to the garage. During cold weather individual tents are put over every flower that will not stand the cold and an oil stove is kept burning in the tent.

George W. Strake and his 60,000 home at 3210 Inwood Drive is reported to have an atticful of electric trains for Mr. Strake's private diversion.

Cullen's Costly Place.

The most expensive home in Houston, even venturing beyond the realm of oil, is that of H. R. Cullen at 1620 River Oaks. This place is, perhaps, the most expensive in all of Texas, surpassing or at least rivaling that of the Phelan's at Beaumont. It is reputed to have cost \$1,250,000 with an additional \$350,000 having been spent on the grounds.

The River Oaks Corporation, several years ago when Houston had sight-seeing busses, (it was during the Texas Centennial and they were being tried out as an experiment), had these busses routed by the Cullen home. However, the family objected so strenuously that this was stopped.

The \$200,000 Glenn McCarthy castle, on the southwest fringe of Braeswood, is no Lincoln-esque cabin. Neither is the T. P. Lee mansion on Montrose Boulevard nor the R. S. Sterling home on the bay.

Other Oil Residences.

Here is a list of some of Houston's modern estates that were paid for by oil:

Albert Bel Fay's home on Post Oak Road, \$35,000; E. E. Townes, 3394 Chevy Chase, \$35,000; J. H. Tucker, 3230 Del Monte Drive, \$40,000; H. H. Baker, 2246 Troon Road, \$35,000; L. T. Barrow, 3314 Chevy Chase Drive, \$35,000; J. H. Russell, 2232 Brentwood Drive, \$35,000; W. B. Pyron, 3195 Inwood Drive, \$50,000; Wallace Pratt, 2990 Lazy Lane, \$75,000; C. B. Barrett, 1527 Kirby Drive, \$35,000; J. S. Leach, 2207 River Oaks Boulevard, \$35,000; George W. Strake, 3210 Inwood Drive, \$60,000; J. M. West, Jr., 1909 River Oaks Boulevard,

H. R. Cullen Place Is Said to Be the Most Costly in Texas.

\$100,000; Wesley W. West, 3240 Chevy Chase Drive, \$90,000.

Robert Bowles, 3015 Inwood Drive, \$50,000; David Bruton, 2923 Inwood Drive, \$40,000; C. B. Bunte, 2454 Pine Valley Drive, \$45,000; W. J. Crabb, 2416 Pine Valley Drive, \$50,000; H. R. Cullen, 1620 River Oaks Boulevard, \$1,250,000; L. H. Dunn, 1517 Kirby Drive, \$35,000; S. P. Farish, 2995 Lazy Lane, \$150,000; C. M. Frost, 2130 River Oaks Boulevard, \$40,000; H. G. Frost, 3249 Chevy Chase Drive, \$35,000; W. J. Goldston, 7 Briarwood Court, \$55,000; C. B. Hamill, 2124 River Oaks Boulevard, \$100,000; H. C. Hanszen, 2945 Lazy Lane, \$125,000; K. F. Hasselman, 981 Kirby Drive, \$55,000; Dick Schwab, 3221 Chevy Chase Drive, \$35,000; George Heyer, 2909 Inwood Drive, \$45,000.

George A. Hill, Jr., 1604 Kirby Drive, \$40,000; D. W. Hovey, 3395 Del Monte Drive, \$45,000; L. M. Josey, 3250 Del Monte Drive, \$35,500; F. M. Kannenstine, 2139 Troon Road, \$35,000; J. C. McKallip, Jr., 3425 Sleepy Hollow Court, \$95,000; R. W. Milner, Jr., 3354 Chevy Chase Drive, \$40,000; A. G. Oliphant, 3372 Del Monte Drive, \$35,000; C. S. Powers, 3239 Del Monte Drive, \$40,000; E. A. Showers, 3207 Inwood Drive, \$40,000; John Hamman, Jr., 3379 Inwood Drive, \$50,000; A. T. McDannald, 1708 River Oaks Boulevard, \$40,000; W. W. Plowden, 3465 Inwood Drive, \$35,000; W. A. Smith, 3407 Inwood Drive, \$55,000; Austin Taylor, 3335 Del Monte Drive, \$35,000; Dan J. Harrison, 2965 Lazy Lane, \$150,000; John E. Green, Jr., 2970 Lazy Lane, \$75,000; J. S. Abercrombie, 2221 River Oaks Boulevard, \$55,000; C. B. Granbury, 959 Kirby Drive, \$35,000.

• THE NOBILITY OF ARABIA TEMPLE and THEIR LADIES •

★ ★ ARE CORDIALLY INVITED TO AN

INFORMAL DANCE!

Honoring our chief Rabban
Noble Hughey A. Johnson
who is returning to us
From
UNCLE SAM'S ARMY.



FRIDAY NIGHT •

• OCTOBER 17TH •

• 9:00 O'CLOCK

★ You are requested to invite a master mason
and his lady. Bring them as your quests....
Come early and show them through our Club
rooms - let them enjoy the facilities of Arabia
Temple for the Evening. SHOW THEM WHAT THE SHRINE OFFERS!

Music by Harry Hughes AND HIS Orchestra

2
7:50
2

THE AMERICAN BOARD OF SURGERY

225 SOUTH FIFTEENTH STREET

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PHILEMON E. TRUESDALE, M. D., FALL RIVER, MASS.

October 19, 1938

Doctor John R. Phillips
407 Medical Arts Bldg.
Houston, Texas

Dear Doctor Phillips:

You will find enclosed a card of admission for the examination in Part II to be held in St. Louis, Mo. on Monday, October the 31st.

Final details of group assignments etc. will be given to you at registration on the morning of the examination. You will note that the examination will be held on one day only. Should it be necessary for you to make any changes in your plan to take the examination at this time it would be appreciated if you could give this office as much notice as possible. Unless this office receives notice to the contrary you will be expected to register at 8:15 A.M., Barnes Hospital, 600 South Kingshighway, reporting to Dr. Evarts A. Graham.

Sincerely yours,

J. Stewart Rodman
Secretary

THE AMERICAN BOARD OF SURGERY

225 SOUTH FIFTEENTH STREET

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HARVEY B. STONE, M. D., BALTIMORE, MD.
PHILEMON E. TRUESDALE, M. D., FALL RIVER, MASS.

The examination in Part II will be oral (bedside) and practical. It consists of a clinical examination in the morning at a hospital selected for the purpose and a laboratory examination in the afternoon. During the examination in the morning each candidate will be given a minimum of one "long" and two "short" cases. Twenty minutes will be allowed for examination of the "long" case and ten minutes each for the "short" cases. The examination on these cases will follow taking a similar length of time. During the examination of any of these cases, in addition to questions on diagnosis, differential diagnosis and management, the examiners will feel free to include questions on the surgical application of Physiology, Chemistry and Bacteriology, X-ray Plate Interpretation and Anesthesia as the opportunity may arise in the case under discussion.

The subjects of Applied Anatomy, Operative Surgery (oral) and Surgical Pathology will be examined on during the afternoon session.

PROGRAM

*International
Post-Graduate
Medical Assembly
of
Southwest Texas, Inc.*



*Gunter Hotel
San Antonio, Texas
January 24th, 25th and 26th
Nineteen thirty-nine*



DALLAS SOUTHERN CLINICAL SOCIETY BULLETIN

"To make available to the medical profession of the South the post-graduate teaching material of Dallas."

Published by
THE DALLAS SOUTHERN CLINICAL SOCIETY



JANUARY, 1939

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Guest Speakers

Dr. Fuller Albright, Boston,
Endocrinology
Dr. Richard B. Cattell, Boston,
Surgery
Dr. Sanford R. Gifford, Chicago,
Ophthalmology
Dr. Robert H. Herbet, Chicago,
Urology
Dr. L. J. Karnosh, Cleveland,
Neuropsychiatry
Dr. D. M. Lierle, Iowa City,
Otolaryngology
Dr. Charles F. McKhann, Boston,
Pediatrics
Dr. W. S. Middleton, Madison,
Medicine
Dr. Harry E. Mock, Chicago,
Surgery-Physiotherapy
Dr. A. C. Reed, San Francisco,
Medicine
Dr. Wendel G. Scott, St. Louis,
Roentgenology
Dr. Richard TeLinde, Baltimore,
Gynecology



The
Dallas Southern Clinical Society
and

The Hotel Adolphus
(Conference Headquarters)

Send You

Season's Greetings



HOTEL ADOLPHUS

OTTO SCHUBERT, Jr., Mgr.

and Best Wishes for Your
Happiness Throughout the
New Year



John Roberts Philly
Houston Texas
Program

The Third Annual Meeting
of
The New Orleans
Graduate Medical
Assembly

February 6, 7, 8, 9, 1939
Roosevelt Hotel
New Orleans

WOMAN'S AUXILIARY

to the

SOUTHERN MEDICAL
ASSOCIATION

Sixteenth Annual Meeting

Program
Entertainments
Officers
Committees

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE

November 21-24, 1939

Peabody Hotel

21st
ANNUAL MEETING
of
THE ALUMNI ASSOCIATION
of the
Mayo Foundation for Medical Education
and Research

ROCHESTER, MINNESOTA

October 25th, 26th, 27th

1939

*Bring this program with you. Please register for
yourself and your wife as soon as you arrive.*

*Registration and Alumni Headquarters—Main Floor
Lounge—Hotel Kahler*

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1938-1939

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Board of Governors

Henry F. Helmholtz (term expires in 1939) Rochester, Minnesota

Winchell McK. Craig (term expires 1940) Rochester, Minnesota

Bert E. Hempstead (term expires in 1941) Rochester, Minnesota

PROGRAM
HARRIS COUNTY MEDICAL SOCIETY
September 21, 1938

SYMPOSIUM ON PEPTIC ULCER

1. X-Ray and Pathological Phases of Peptic Ulcer -
Dr. L. A. Myers
2. Medical Treatment of Peptic Ulcer - Dr. F. R. Lummis
3. Surgical Treatment of Peptic Ulcer - Dr. J. R. Phillips

John T. Moore, Pres.
Walter A. Coole, Sec'y.
Alvis E. Greer, Chrm. Prog. Com.

FRIDAY, JULY 7, 1939

Doctors find best TB cure is 100 years old

Today's most effective treatment for tuberculosis is one suggested more than a century ago.

That startling fact had been brought out today at the Ambassador hotel where the American Association for Thoracic surgery is holding its 22nd annual conference.

The treatment, offering relief or complete cure to from 50 to 80 per cent of tuberculosis victims, is collapse of an affected lung as a primary move, not as a last resort. Declared Dr. Jerome Head of Chicago to 100 intent listeners yesterday.

Though Dr. Carson of England suggested this treatment as early as 1822, only within the past decade has it been used to the limit of its possibilities.

"Today, in the most modern sanatoria, anywhere from 50 to 80 per cent of patients are being so treated.

"Most specialists are convinced that if the diseased portion of the lung or lungs can be collapsed adequately, tuberculosis will heal."

At a business session yesterday, preceding an elaborate banquet last night, Dr. Adiran V. S. Lambert of New York city was elected president of the organization, to succeed Dr. Harold Brunn of San Francisco.

Elected vice president was Dr. Fraser Gird of Montreal, Canada. All other officers were reelected.

Thirtieth Annual Meeting

Texas Tuberculosis Association

Kyle Hotel
Temple, Texas
April 13, 14 and 15, 1939

OFFICERS

DR. L. F. KNOEPP, Beaumont, *President*
MRS. J. C. DOUGLASS, Big Spring, *First Vice-President*
DR. MCIVER FURMAN, Corpus Christi, *Second Vice-President*
J. W. BUTLER, Galveston, *Secretary*
H. A. WROE, Austin, *Treasurer*
DR. Z. T. SCOTT, Austin, *Managing Director*
PANSY NICHOLS, Austin, *Executive Secretary*

Meetings are open to the public

MEMORIAL HOSPITAL PROGRAM

TUESDAY MORNING- March 10, 1942

MEDICINE

Assembly Hall- 8th Floor

* * * * *

9:30 A. M.- Paul V. Ledbetter, M.D., Presiding

SYMPOSIUM ON JAUNDICE

Dolph L. Curb, M.D.
Robt. A. Edwards, M.D.
J. Louise Vick, M.D.
Leonard A. Myers, M.D.

11:00 A. M.- DEMONSTRATION OF ARTIFICIAL PNEUMOTHORAX
Paul V. Ledbetter, M.D.

* * * * *

SURGERY

7th Floor

<u>ROOM</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>OPERATION</u>	<u>SURGEON</u>
I	9:00 A. M.	Vaginal Hysterectomy	E. W. Bertner
	11:00 A. M.	Cesarean Section	Frank Iiams
* * * * *			
II	9:00 A. M.	Post Operative Carcinoma of Rectum	H. Hayes
	10:30 A. M.	Post Operative Pilonidal Cyst	H. Hayes
* * * * *			
III	9:00 A. M.	Pelvic Lap	C. Warner
	10:30 A. M.	Pelvic Lap	E. F. Robbins
* * * * *			
IV	9:00 A. M.	Cholecystectomy	J. L. Taylor
	10:15 A. M.	"	J. R. Phillips
	11:15 A. M.	"	J. R. Phillips
* * * * *			
V	9:00 A. M.	Appendectomy	W. F. Renfrow
* * * * *			
VI	9:00 A. M.	Thyroidectomy	J. A. Hill
	10:30 A. M.	"	J. A. Hill
* * * * *			
VII	9:00 A. M.	Thoracoplasty	J. R. Phillips
	10:30 A. M.	Craniotomy	R. C. L. Robertson



ANNOUNCEMENT

The officers of the INTERNATIONAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS announce their forthcoming International Assembly which will be held at the Roosevelt Hotel, New York City,

MAY 21-25, 1939.

You are invited to attend. Program will be sent to you soon.

EDW. FRANKEL JR., M.D.
Chairman of Arrangements
and Exec. Sec'y of U. S. Chapter
217 E. 17th Street,
New York City.

FRED H. ALBEE, M.D.
Program Chairman
57 W. 57th Street,
New York City.

CHAS. H. ARNOLD, M.D.
Secretary to Scientific
Assembly
Lincoln, Nebraska

IF INTERESTED IN SPACE FOR SCIENTIFIC EXHIBITS APPLY TO DR. FRANKEL.

THE SISTERS OF CHARITY OF THE INCARNATE WORD

CORDIALLY INVITE YOU TO BE PRESENT AT THE

BLESSING OF THE CORNERSTONE OF THE MATERNITY AND CHILDREN'S BUILDING

ST. JOSEPH'S INFIRMARY
HOUSTON, TEXAS

SUNDAY AFTERNOON AT TWO-THIRTY O'CLOCK
DECEMBER 19, 1937

HIS EXCELLENCY
THE MOST REVEREND C. E. BYRNE, D. D.
BISHOP OF GALVESTON, PRESIDING

GOLDEN JUBILEE

DR. JOHN ROBERTS PHILLIPS AND DR. GEORGE W. WALDRON ANNOUNCE THEIR ASSOCIATION IN PRACTICE LIMITED TO SURGERY

MEDICAL ARTS BUILDING
HOUSTON, TEXAS

'Lord-a-Mercy,' Says Woman, 73, As She Waits Birth of 17th Baby

Husband Same Age
Twists Mustache
And Smiles Happily

Special to The Press

ROSE HILL, Va., April 12.—A 73-year-old woman here says she is going to have another baby. It will be her seventeenth.

She is Mrs. Sara Dillman Pace. Her husband, Steve Pace, who also is 73, sat in a chair nearby while she made her proud announcement. He twisted his white moustache and smiled happily.

Mr. and Mrs. Pace are among the best citizens here. They own their own home, and other property. They were born and reared in this section. No one doubts their sincerity.

For months Rose Hill people have been talking about the baby Mrs. Pace says she is going to have.

Dr. D. E. Pierce, a physician here for 40 years, is attending her.

"We'll just have to wait and see," he said.

Mrs. Pace frankly told of when she was first sure about it.

"I was sitting right here in this room sewing buttons on one of Steve's shirts," she said. "I felt a flutter like in my side.

"'Lord-a-mercy,' I said to myself, 'Am I goin' to be that way again?'

"I got right up and marked it on the calendar. It was Nov. 17, it was. Could I be mistaken? I ought to know. I've had 16 and I do know."

She added that she felt fine, except she didn't sleep so well.

"You know how it is with a woman," she said. "Sorta restless of nights."

Mrs. Pace's 16th child was born after she was past 50. This child now is Mrs. May Pee of Rose Hill.

"I've been readin' about a woman in the Bible who had a child when 90," Mrs. Pace continued. "She was Sarah, same name as mine. She was 90 when Isaac was born and Abraham, her husband, was 100.

"It says later on in Timothy



Mr. and Mrs. Steve Pace

that 'them that dwell in the House of the Lord shall flourish, and shall show fertility in their old age.'

"That's just the way it is.

"I'll be taken care of. Lots of people come here to see me now."

The Bible reference to Abraham is Genesis 17:17: "And Abraham fell upon his face and laughed, and said in his heart, 'Shall a child be born unto him that is an hundred years

old, and shall Sarah, that is 90 years old, bear?'"

"It's not an impossibility," Dr. Pierce said. "I'd like to see the old lady through it. It's not uncommon for people of those mountains to have children after 50. I recall one case where the mother was 60. An 83-year-old woman gave birth to a child in New York."

Mrs. Pace says the child will be born in May.

SCIENTIFIC EXHIBIT: Differential Diagnosis of Pleurisy with Effusion.—Municipal Auditorium.

Roentgenograms of twenty different chest conditions causing the effusion. In addition to tuberculosis as a cause of the effusion; cancer, bronchiectasis, lung abscess, aneurism, heart conditions, and cysts will be demonstrated.

This exhibit will be shown in the Section on Scientific Exhibits of the AMERICAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, and it has been prepared by H. I. Spector, M.D., St. Louis, Missouri, for the AMERICAN COLLEGE OF CHEST PHYSICIANS.

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COMMITTEE ON GENERAL ARRANGEMENTS

James L. Mudd, M.D., St. Louis, Chairman
Jesse E. Douglass, M.D., Webb City
Alfred Goldman, M.D., St. Louis
Sam H. Snider, M.D., Kansas City

COMMITTEE ON SCIENTIFIC PROGRAMS

H. I. Spector, M.D., St. Louis, Chairman
Wm. W. Buckingham, M.D., Kansas City
Elmer E. Glenn, M.D., Springfield
Lawrence D. Schlenker, M.D., St. Louis

COMMITTEE ON ENTERTAINMENT

Andrew C. Henske, M.D., St. Louis, Chairman
Louis C. Boisliniere, M.D., St. Louis
William G. Gunn, M.D., Versailles
Herbert L. Mantz, M.D., Kansas City

●

Cocktail Party, Banquet, and Dance on Sunday night, May 14th,
sponsored by the Trudeau Club of St. Louis.

All meetings and social functions, unless otherwise stated, will be held at the Hotel Chase, Lindell Boulevard at Forest Park, St. Louis, Missouri.

PROGRAM

for the

**FIFTH ANNUAL
MEETING**

of the



●

Convention Headquarters

THE HOTEL CHASE

St. Louis, Missouri

●

MAY 13 - 14, 1939

AMERICAN COLLEGE OF CHEST PHYSICIANS

SATURDAY, MAY 13th:

- 10 a. m. Registration.
- 11 a. m. Meeting of the Committee for the Advancement of Undergraduate Teaching in Medical Schools.
- 2 p. m. Open House, Robert Koch Hospital, Tuberculosis Hospital of the City of St. Louis.
- 2 p. m. Meeting of the Committee for the Advancement of Tuberculosis Organization in Medicine.
- 2 p. m. Meeting of the Committee on Statistical Surveys.
- 4 p. m. Meeting of the Committee for the Advancement of Scientific Programs on Diseases of the Chest.
- 4 p. m. Meeting of the Board of Regents.
- 6 p. m. Dinner and Joint Meeting of the House of Governors and the Board of Regents.

SUNDAY, MAY 14th:

10 a. m. Administrative Session of the American College of Chest Physicians.

- 1. Message of Welcome—James L. Mudd, M.D., St. Louis, Missouri; Chairman, Committee on General Arrangements.
- 2. President's Address—Champ H. Holmes, M.D., Atlanta, Georgia; President, American College of Chest Physicians.
- 3. Reading of the Minutes—Robert B. Homan, Jr., M.D., El Paso, Texas; Secretary.
- 4. Report of the Board of Regents: Frank Walton Burge, M.D., Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; Chairman, Board of Regents.
- 5. Report of the Committee for the Advancement of Tuberculosis Organization in Medicine: Ralph C. Matson, M. D., Portland, Oregon; Chairman.
- 6. Report of the Committee for the Advancement of Undergraduate Teaching in Medical Schools: E. W. Hayes, M.D., Monrovia, California; Chairman.
- 7. Report of the Committee for the Advancement of Scientific Programs on Diseases of the Chest: W. C. Breidenbach, M.D., Dayton, Ohio.
- 8. Report of the Committee on Statistical Surveys: J. Winthrop Peabody, M.D., Washington, D. C.; Chairman.
- 9. Report of the Treasurer: Robert B. Homan, Jr., M.D., El Paso, Texas; Treasurer.

- 10. Report of the Committee on Nominations: Frank Walton Burge, M.D., Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; Chairman.
 - 11. Election of Officers.
 - 12. Address of the Incoming President: Ralph C. Matson, M.D., Portland, Oregon; President, American College of Chest Physicians.
- New Business, Resolutions, Adjourn.

12:15 p. m. Luncheon Meeting:

Alphonse McMahon, M.D., President, St. Louis Medical Society, Presiding.

Address: "Controlling Pneumonia in St. Louis"—Joseph F. Bredeck, M.D., Health Commissioner, St. Louis, Missouri.

2:00 p. m. Scientific Session:

H. I. Spector, M.D., St. Louis, Missouri; Chairman Scientific Program Committee, Presiding.

- 1. "Bronchiogenic Carcinoma"—Evarts A. Graham, M.D., Professor of Surgery and Chief of Department of Surgery, Washington University, St. Louis, Missouri.
Discussion to be opened by Jerome R. Head, M.D., Chicago, Illinois.
- 2. "The Use and Abuse of Artificial Pneumothorax"—Louis Mark, M.D., Medical Director, Rocky Glen Sanatorium, Columbus, Ohio.
Discussion to be opened by Edward Percy Eglee, M.D., New York, N. Y., and Oren A. Beatty, M.D., Glasgow, Kentucky.
- 3. "Further Experience in Intra-pleural Pneumolysis"—Ralph C. Matson, M.D., Professor of Thoracic Surgery, University of Oregon and Medical Director, Portland Open Air Sanatorium, Portland, Oregon.
Discussion to be opened by Edward James O'Brien, M.D., Detroit, Mich.
- 4. "Body Section Radiography with Especial Reference to the Control of Collapse Therapy"—Warren C. Breidenbach, M.D., Medical Director, Stillwater Sanatorium, Dayton, Ohio.
Discussion to be opened by Sherwood Moore, M.D., St. Louis, Missouri.
- 5. "The Significance of Pulmonary Hemorrhage"—C. Howard Marcy, M.D., Medical Director, Tuberculosis League Hospital, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.
Discussion to be opened by Karl Schaffle, M.D., Asheville, North Carolina.

6:30 p. m. Cocktails, Banquet, Dancing:*

Louis C. Boisliniere, M.D., St. Louis, Missouri; Toastmaster.

SCIENTIFIC PROGRAM

AMERICAN ACADEMY OF TUBERCULOSIS PHYSICIANS

Fourth Annual Meeting

Park Plaza Hotel

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI

May 13 and 14, 1939

B. P. POTTER, *M.D.*, *Chairman of Program Committee*

SATURDAY MORNING

MAY 13, 1939

9:00 A. M.

1. Sulfanilamide and Tuberculosis—
H. J. Corper, M.D., Ph.D.; Maurice L. Cohn, Ph.D.;
Clarence Bower; Research Department, National Jewish Hospital,
Denver, Colo.
2. Electrocardiographic Studies in Pneumoperitoneum—
B. J. Elwood, M.D., Jersey City, N. J.
3. Elevation of the Foot of the Bed in the Treatment of Pulmonary
Tuberculosis—
Benjamin L. Brock, M.D., Waverly Hills, Ky.
4. The Management of Syphilis in the Tuberculous Patient—
Paul Murphy, M.D.; Leon Bromberg, M.D.; Koch, Mo.
5. Tuberculosis and Pregnancy—
B. P. Stivelman, M.D., F.A.C.P., New York City

AMERICAN ACADEMY OF TUBERCULOSIS PHYSICIANS

SATURDAY AFTERNOON

MAY 13, 1939

2:00 P. M.

6. Bronchologic Aspects of Tuberculosis—
Chevalier L. Jackson, M. D., Philadelphia, Pa.
7. The Clinical and Roentgenological Features of Pulmonary Abscess
Located in the Superior Division of the Lower Lobes—
Brian Blades, M.D.; Max Myer, M.D.; St. Louis, Mo.
8. A Study of Cystic and Bullous Emphysema of the Lungs—
Ephraim Korol, M.D., Lincoln, Neb.
9. Tuberculosis in Women—An Eighteen Year Study—
Ethel D. Owen, M.D., San Francisco, Calif.
10. The Post Sanatorium History of a Group of Tuberculous Patients—
Wm. H. Ordway, M.D., Mt. McGregor, N. Y.
11. Tuberculous Peritonitis in Children—
Charles Shepard, M.D., Denver, Colo.

SUNDAY MORNING

MAY 14, 1939

9:00 A. M.

1. Rehabilitation of the Tuberculous—
G. L. Bellis, M.D., Wauwatosa, Wis.
2. Certain Contra-Indications to Treatment by Artificial Pneumothorax—
Jerome Head, M.D., Chicago, Ill.
3. Oleothorax Addenda—
Paul A. Turner, M.D., Louisville, Ky.
4. Extrapleural Pneumothorax—
Brian Blades, M.D.; Max Myer, M.D.; St. Louis, Mo.
5. Rate of Conversion of Sputum During Pneumothorax Treatment—
R. A. Bendove, M.D., New York City
6. Causes of the Decline of Tuberculosis Mortality—
Emil Bogen, M.D., Olive View Sanatorium, Olive View, Calif.

Dr. John T. Moore Soon To Have Use of His Radium

In a few more days now Dr. John T. Moore, well-known Houston doctor, will have the exclusive use of his own radium. For 22 years he has let the Jefferson Davis Hospital use his radium. He was the first doctor in Houston to own a supply of radium.

Radium is necessary in the modern treatment of deep-seated cancer, but no local doctor had any until Doctor Moore brought it here in 1917. His supply consisted of 200 milligrams. He immediately offered the use of it to the Jefferson Davis Hospital, then located at old Camp Logan. It is estimated that his radium was used in treating more than 10,000 charity patients at the hospital, besides the many he treated in his own private practice.

Three times in the 22 years Doctor Moore lost portions of his radium supply. Treating one of the patients at the hospital, a doctor lost 10 milligrams, valued at \$1,000.

On another occasion a needle containing 10 milligrams was used on a woman patient. When the needle was taken out it was put away without examination. Later it was found that the radium had been taken out of it.

Another time, 10 milligrams, valued at \$1,000, were lost and later recovered. The radium just disappeared from its place at the hospital, but there was considerable search for it.

Professors from Rice University, in locating radium from a half a block. The search was a long and arduous one, leading to a pile of ashes where the radium had been thrown from the hospital.

At first he wanted to be a teacher. He taught in the public school for a while, then became interested in medicine. He studied at the University of Texas Medical College in Galveston, was an interne at Johns Hopkins Hospital and came to Houston to practice.

Doctor Moore has headed the gynecology staff of the city-county hospital since it was organized, and since that hospital moved into its new quarters on Buffalo Drive he has headed the cancer clinic. He was chairman of the committee that worked out the plans and arrangements for the purchase of a gram of radium for the hospital at a cost of \$26,500.

Doctor Moore is a past president of both the Texas Surgeons' Society and the Texas Medical Society. He has been a trustee of the Texas Medical Society for 25 years.

At first he wanted to be a teacher. He taught in the public school for a while, then became interested in medicine. He studied at the University of Texas Medical College in Galveston, was an interne at Johns Hopkins Hospital and came to Houston to practice.

DR. W. H. SCHERER NAMED HEAD OF DENTAL GROUP

Election of Dr. Walter H. Scherer, Houston dentist, as president of the Texas Dental College was announced Friday. Doctor Scherer was elected by the delegates Thursday, and succeeds Dr. F. M. Hight, who died several months ago.

Dr. Scherer had served as president of the college for the past 12 years.

Other officers elected include Dr. P. Arnold, vice president, and Dr. R. H. Hooper, secretary of the board of trustees.

Dr. Judson L. Taylor, Houston surgeon, was named by the trustees as professor of general and oral surgery at the college and a member of the board.

Doctor Scherer has been connected with the college since it was founded 35 years ago as one of two colleges of dentistry in Texas. The college is credited with being the oldest institution of higher learning in Houston. He has been professor of oral surgery at the college for a number of years. Doctor Scherer is a native of Newport, Ky., graduated from the Ohio College of Dental Surgery in 1900, and has been a resident of Houston since 1905.

He is a fellow of the American College of Dentists, chairman of the Houston section of the International Association of Dental Research, and a member and past president of the American Academy of Periodontology.

X-Ray Unit Formally Presented to Hospital



A new \$10,000 X-ray machine installed in the first floor clinic of the hospital and was put into public use for the first time Wednesday.

The machine was formally presented to Jefferson Davis Hospital by Mrs. Terrell Devereaux, 6812 Sherman, on behalf of her father, J. R. Sturgill, Houston hotel and business man. Shown above following the presentation are Dr. W. S. Red, hospital chief of staff, who accepted the machine; Mayor Pro Tem J. S. Griffith, who accepted for the city; County Judge Glenn A. Perry, who accepted for the county, and Mrs. Devereaux. Mr. Sturgill was ill and could not attend the ceremonies at the hospital. The unit is the first of its kind in the Southwest and the second throughout the nation. It will enable the hospital to examine 400 patients daily or presence of tuberculosis. It is a new machine of the latest type.

700 Surgeons Are Expected for Meet Here in September

About 700 surgeons from a nine-state area are due to attend the first annual Southwestern Surgical Congress to be held at the Shamrock Hotel September 26 through 28.

Dr. Herman E. Dustin of Houston, general arrangements chairman for the congress, said that 15 of the nation's leading surgeons have accepted invitations to speak before the gathering.

The authorities include Dr. B. T. Bentley of Atlanta, Ga., secretary of the Southeastern Surgical Congress; Dr. Francis C. Grant of Philadelphia, professor of neurosurgery at the University of Pennsylvania School of Medicine; Dr. Karl A. Meyer of Chicago, professor of surgery at Northwestern University Medical School; Dr. Arthur H. Blakemore of New York City, associate attending surgeon at the city's Presbyterian Hospital; Dr. Alton Ochsner of New Orleans, professor of surgery at Tulane University Medical School, and Dr. Brian T. King, well-known Seattle, Wash., surgeon.

Members of the congress also will read and discuss technical papers during the sessions.

The southwestern congress was formed in October, 1949, and lists among its members surgeons from Texas, Oklahoma, New Mexico, Arizona, Colorado, Arkansas, Kansas, Missouri and Utah.

Entertainment for the congress is being arranged for by a committee headed by Dr. J. W. Adams and W. A. Seigelmann.

District Jury Holds \$1049 for Doctor's Fees 'Reasonable'

A jury in District Court Wednesday held that \$1,049 was a "reasonable fee" for Dr. John T. Moore to have performed two operations, 250 hospital visits and four office visits in the handling of the case of Mrs. E. B. Corbett in 1935.

Mr. Corbett protested a bill for Doctor Moore for \$1637 as "exorbitant" and refused to pay.

Physicians testified that \$1,049 was reasonable under the circumstances.

The following doctors were present:

J. R. Laughlin and Dr. W. H. Russell of Eagle Lake, G. Payne and Fayetteville, L. F. Novak of G. Beck and Appleton, Potthast of Marquette, Schulmann of East Grand Rapids, Schmidt of New Ulm, William Blair and F. J. L. Blomquist of Whitefish, F. C. Yelder of Elk River, W. Beck of Roseburg, John Rushing and H. V. Reed of El Campo, L. D. Boelche of Lakeland, Brohn, A. M. Gandy, R. H. Gunn, W. W. Gunn and H. C. McCall of Columbus, Leo J. Murray and Gene Schultze of Schuler, and Harrison of Laredo.

Historical Dinner

HONORING

DR. S. C. RED

HOUSTON CLUB

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 28, 1939



HARRIS COUNTY MEDICAL SOCIETY

HARRIS COUNTY WOMANS' AUXILIARY



The Harris County Medical Society last night paid tribute to the only remaining active charter member, Dr. S. C. Red. At extreme left, left to right, are members of the arrangements committee: Dr. R. M. Har-

grove, Dr. William G. Priester and Dr. J. Harolde Turner. At the dinner, held in the Houston Club, Dr. Red heard his closest associates eulogize his 52 years of medical practice and his record as a civic leader.

Harris County Medical Men

THE HOUSTON PRESS

THURSDAY, JUNE 29, 1939

Pay Tribute to a Veteran Colleague — Other News Pictures



them, center picture, were, standing, left to right: Dr. Edward Randall, Mrs. C. M. Aves and Dr. Marvin L. Graves. Seated, left to right: Mrs. S. C. Talley, Dr. Red and Dr. A. T. Talley. Mrs. Anna Allen Wright, extreme

right above, presented the society with a portrait of Dr. Ashbell Smith, a Texas pioneer. Mrs. Wright is an adopted daughter of Dr. Smith.

Feted by Friends, Dr. Red Condemns Social Medicine

(Pictures on Page 12)

"The medical profession carries the brains of the future."

That was the message of Dr. S. C. Red to fellow members of the Harris County Medical Society who gathered around a banquet table at the Houston Club last night to honor his 52 years of practice.

Speaks Forcefully

Dr. Red, a slender, gray-haired man of 75, sat peering at the doctors, some of them just out of school, while speakers eulogized his life as a physician, civic leader and friend.

Then Dr. Red spoke forcefully, particularly in flaying socialized medicine.

'Idea Will Pass'

"I hope you won't be discouraged about the talk from Washington about regimenting medicine," he said. "These things pass. There will be other men in Congress and another man in the President's seat. What is being attempted need not come about. And it will not come about, I am sure."

Dr. Red sketched developments in medicine during the last half-century. He told of the advent of antiseptics, the fight on yellow fever, and the discovery of the cause of tuberculosis.

'Only on the Edge'

"They all came in my day," he said. "And we are continually making advancements right now. I think we're only on the edge of things. There are many problems to be solved. It's up to the young men of the future to solve them."

Once Dr. Red referred to the assembly as "a household of friends."

"Friendship can not be bought," he said. "All of us appreciate friendship, and I appreciate that friendship tonight."

His Praises Sung

Mrs. C. M. Aves, at whose birth Dr. Red was the physician, discussed "Dr. Red as I Know Him."

"He has worked hard and faithfully," Mrs. Aves said. "Things haven't always gone his way. But, above all, he has made himself bound by the needs of all of us."

Dr. Red is the only living and practicing founder of the Harris County Medical Society, Dr. R. M. Hargrove pointed out.

Traces Career

Tracing Dr. Red's career, Dr. Marvin L. Graves recalled that he came here in 1887 as an interne at the old Houston Infirmary. With Dr. R. M. Know and Dr. J. W. Scott, Dr. Red organized the medical society. In 1891, Dr. Red became county physician for two years. Later he served on the school board 17 years.

The second section of the program was devoted to the presentation of a portrait of Dr. Ashbel Smith, whose biography Dr. Red wrote, to the medical society. The oil painting was a gift of Mrs. Anna Allen Wright, an adopted daughter of Dr. Smith.

As Mrs. Wright unwrapped the portrait, the scores of doctors stood quietly in tribute. Dr. A. T. Talley accepted it for the society.

Dr. John G. Schilling sketched the life of Dr. Smith, who served as surgeon general of the Texas army and became one of Sam Houston's chief aides in forming the Texas Republic's first administration.

Dr. Smith devoted most of his life to politics and statecraft.

Sidelights on Dr. Smith's life were offered by Dr. Edward Randall.

Dr. Charles L. King, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, of which Dr. Red has been a member for many years, delivered the invocation.

Dr. S. C. Red has won high esteem for himself and brought credit to the medical profession during his 52 years of general practice here. He has been a good doctor and a good citizen. His services to the community and to the medical profession have earned for him the testimonial dinner being given in his honor by the Harris County Medical Society.

The veteran physician was born in the home of cultured parents at Austin. His father was a Presbyterian minister and his mother the head of a girls' school.

Upon attaining manhood, Doctor Red enrolled in the University of Texas and became the first graduate of the institution's academic department, receiving the bachelor of arts degree in 1885. While a student at the university, he exhibited the same spirit of leadership which has made him stand out among his fellow citizens here. He helped establish the honor system and had a prominent role in student affairs.

Receiving his doctor of medicine degree from the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, Doctor Red came to Houston as a young physician in 1887 and served his internship at the old Houston Infirmary. He has practiced medicine here ever since.

Pioneer physicians had to be self-reliant for there were no operating rooms and fine equipment such as are used by modern men and women of medicine. And the physician engaged in the general practice rather than specializing in some particular phase of medicine as is now frequently done.

Doctor Red has served as president of the local medical society twice, as vice president of the Texas Medical Society twice and as president of the Texas society once. He served his community for 17 years as president of the Houston school board and for a number of years was county physician.

A devout Christian, he has long been a leader in the affairs of the First Presbyterian Church. He also has held directorates in important business concerns, including a bank, and has found time to collect paintings and write a biography of Col. Ashbel Smith, who served as surgeon general of the Texas Republic army.

Dr. Red Honored

Fifty-three years of medical practice in Houston brought deserved tribute to Dr. S. C. Red last night at a dinner given in his honor by the Harris County Medical Society.

Dr. Red, a graduate of the first academic class of the University of Texas in 1885, received his medical degree in Philadelphia in 1887 and came to Houston the same year to begin his long and honorable career in medicine.

Many honors have come to Dr. Red in the service of mankind. His friendly, genial qualities have won for him a host of friends. He is held high in the esteem of the community which he has served these many years.

Dr. Red's career should be an inspiration to our young physicians who are struggling to make progress. And it was entirely typical of Dr. Red that, speaking last night in answer to words of praise, he looked forward in anticipation of a still greater day for medicine.



In 1894 the Sisters of Charity saw the culmination of their dream when the first brick building was built. Destroyed a few months after it opened, by a fire which originated in a rooming house nearby, the sisters selected a new location at Crawford and Calhoun for their future hospital.



In 1905, when this picture was made, St. Josephs Infirmary was well on its way to being one of the largest and best-equipped hospitals in the state.



In 1919 an influenza epidemic made it necessary to provide further accommodations. The present "right wing" on Calhoun Avenue was built. The site was prepared by demolishing the two-story wing of the 1895 building. Every device then known in medical science was installed. Although it is nearly 20 years old, the building is still "modern."



The maternity and children's units, now under construction, was started in January of this year. It covers a city block, fronting on La Branch. It will cost approximately \$700,000. With the opening of this new building, the sisters will have realized a hope of many years.



The American Association for Thoracic Surgery

Program
Twenty-Second Annual Meeting
Los Angeles, Calif.
July 5, 6, and 7, 1939

Reprinted from
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St. Louis

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(Printed in the U. S. A.)

1853-1939

STATE
MEDICAL ASSOCIATION
OF TEXAS

PROGRAM

OF THE

Seventy-third Annual Session

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday
May 9, 10 and 11, 1939

Association Convenes Tuesday, May 9, at 10:00 a. m.
Rose Room, Mezzanine Floor, Gunter Hotel

House of Delegates Convenes Monday, May 8
at 10:00 a. m.
Pan American Room, Third Floor
Gunter Hotel

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

CHRONOLOGICAL SCHEDULE OF EVENTS

Monday

Meetings of Texas Railway and Traumatic Surgical Association, Texas Society of Gastro-Enterologists and Proctologists, Texas Neurological Society, Texas State Heart Association, Texas Association of Medical Anesthetists, Conference of County and City Health Officers, and Texas Dermatological Society.

10:00 a. m.—House of Delegates, Pan-American Room, Third Floor, Gunter Hotel.
1:00 p. m.—House of Delegates, Pan-American Room, Third Floor, Gunter Hotel.

Tuesday

8:00 a. m.—Registration, Mezzanine Floor, Gunter Hotel.
8:00 a. m.—Council on Scientific Work Breakfast, Oriental Room, Third Floor, Gunter Hotel, compliments of Dr. A. C. Scott.
10:00 a. m.—Opening Exercises, Rose Room, Mezzanine Floor, Gunter Hotel.
12:30 p. m.—Ex-President's Luncheon, Room 962, Gunter Hotel.
12:30 p. m.—Texas Orthopedic Society Luncheon, San Antonio Country Club.
1:30 p. m.—Section Meetings.
6:00 p. m.—Memorial Services, Travis Park Methodist Church.
7:00 p. m.—Dinner Honoring Dr. Hugh H. Young, Grill Room, Gunter Hotel.
9:00 p. m.—President's Reception and Ball, Roof, Gunter Hotel.

Wednesday

8:00 a. m.—Section Meetings.
12:45 p. m.—Clinical Luncheons:
Medicine and Pediatrics, Rose Room, Mezzanine Floor, Gunter Hotel.
Surgery, Obstetrics and Gynecology, Rose Room Foyer, Gunter Hotel.
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Pan-American Room, Gunter Hotel.
12:45 p. m.—Texas Pediatric Society Luncheon, Rose Room Balcony, Gunter Hotel.
3:15 p. m.—General Meeting, Rose Room, Mezzanine Floor, Gunter Hotel.
6:00 p. m.—Dinner Meetings of Special Groups:
University of Texas Alumni, Rose Room, Mezzanine Floor, Gunter Hotel.
Baylor University Alumni, Rose Room Foyer Mezzanine Floor, Gunter Hotel.
8:00 p. m.—House of Delegates, Pan-American Room, Third Floor, Gunter Hotel.
9:30 p. m.—Bexar County Medical Society Entertainment, Olmos Dinner Club, compliments of the Bexar County Medical Society.

Thursday

8:00 a. m.—House of Delegates, Pan-American Room, Third Floor, Gunter Hotel.
9:30 a. m.—General Meeting, Rose Room, Mezzanine Floor, Gunter Hotel.
12:30 p. m.—Combined Sections Luncheon, Rose Room Foyer, Mezzanine Floor, Gunter Hotel.
3:00 p. m.—Combined Sections Meeting, Rose Room, Mezzanine Floor, Gunter Hotel.

WORRALL ANNEX HOSPITAL DERMATOLOGY AND SYPHILOLOGY

8:30 a.m. to 12:00 m.
Drs. P. A. O'Leary, H. Montgomery and L. A. Brunsting
ROOM I. Diagnostic spinal punctures.
ROOM II. Intraspinal arphenaminized serum injections.
(Swift-Ellis technic)
ROOM III. Intramuscular and intravenous injections.
Cross bridge from Worrall, 2nd floor.

THE KAHLER—SECOND FLOOR, DESK U-2

UROLOGIC DIAGNOSIS—Drs. W. F. Braasch, J. L. Crenshaw
J. L. Emmett and E. N. Cook
8:30 to 11:30 a.m. Daily
11:15 a.m. Daily Conference

DESK S-7—CLINIC BUILDING

PROTOSCOPIC DIAGNOSIS—Drs. L. A. Buie, N. D. Smith
and E. J. Jackson
8:00 a.m.—Daily except Sunday.

LIBRARY—TWELFTH FLOOR CLINIC BUILDING

8:00 a.m. to 9:30 p.m. Monday to Friday
8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Saturday
9:30 a.m. to 12:30 p.m. Sunday.

WORRALL HOSPITAL—OPERATING ROOM 3

RADIUM THERAPY—Drs. H. H. Bowing and R. E. Fricke
2:00 p.m. Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday

CURIE HOSPITAL—X-RAY THERAPY

Drs. A. U. Desjardins, E. T. Leddy and W. C. Popp
8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.—Daily except Saturday and Sunday.
8:30 a.m. to 12:00 m.—Saturday.

ROOMS 318 AND 320—CLINIC BUILDING

X-RAY FILM INTERPRETATION—Drs. B. R. Kirkin,
J. D. Camp, C. G. Sutherland, H. M. Weber and C. A. Good
8:00 and 11 a.m.—1:00 and 4:00 p.m. except
Saturday afternoon.

MUSEUM—MUSEUM BUILDING—FIRST AND THIRD FLOORS

Dr. A. H. Bulbulian
9:00 a.m. to 12:00 m. daily except Sunday.
1:30 p.m. to 5:00 p.m. daily except Sunday.
2:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m. Sunday.

DESK M—SECOND FLOOR MUSEUM BUILDING

PHYSICAL MEDICINE—Drs. F. H. Krusen and E. C. Elkins
2:30 p.m. Monday, Wednesday, and Friday.
10:30 a.m. Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday.

Visiting physicians wishing to attend Medical Seminars and Ward Walks, make arrangements through Miss Fitzgerald at the Clinic or Visiting Doctors Registration Desk, at the various hospitals

STAFF PROGRAM

Plummer Hall—8:15 p. m.

*Meeting is under the auspices of The Alumni
Association—Dr. J. H. P. Gauss, presiding*

Dr. D. C. Balfour—Report of The Mayo Foundation.

Dr. L. B. Wilson—Remarks.

Third annual lecture of The Alumni Association of
The Mayo Foundation — The modern alchemist.

John T. Tate, Professor of Physics, Dean, College
of Science, Literature and Arts, University of Min-
nesota.

VISITING PHYSICIANS AND DENTISTS ARE INVITED TO THE MEETING OF THE GENERAL STAFF HELD IN PLUMMER HALL WEDNESDAY
EVENING AT 8:15 P.M.

Elaborate Program Marks 50th Jubilee of St. Mary's, Center of Mayo Clinic

Rochester, Minn. — (Special)—St. Mary's hospital here was founded on a wild wind storm, and in its half-century of service to the sick it has reaped a whirlwind of glory. An Archbishop, two Bishops, hospital and medical leaders from all over the country are participating in the golden jubilee of St. Mary's, origin of the world-famed Mayo clinic.

The 50th anniversary program began with a Pontifical Mass Sept. 30 celebrated by Bishop Francis M. Kelly of Winona, at which Bishop John J. Lawler of Rapid City, S. Dak., gave the sermon. The Mass was followed by groundbreaking ceremonies for the hospital's new medical unit.

On Wednesday, Oct. 25, Dr. Robert D. Mussey, chairman of the governors' board of the Mayo clinic, will unveil a bust of Sister Mary Joseph, who died in March this year after 47 years as superior of St. Mary's hospital. The address will be made by Dr. Julius H. P. Gauss, president of the Mayo foundation alumni, and Archbishop John Gregory Murray of St. Paul will give the principal talk

on the program. Dr. Melvin S. Henderson, chairman of the clinic council, will present the bust to the Sisters of St. Francis, who conduct the hospital, and Bishop Kelly of Winona will accept the statue in the name of the sisters.

Two days later, Archbishop Murray, Minnesota's Governor Harold E. Stassen, and Mayor Paul A. Grassle of Rochester will be featured on the golden jubilee program. The Rev. Dr. Alphonse M. Schwitalla, S.J., president of the Catholic Hospital association, will speak on "Principles of Good Hospital Practice," and Archbishop Murray's topic will be "The Hospital of Tomorrow." Other speakers will be Dr. Louis B. Wilson, director emeritus of the Mayo foundation, "The Pioneer Sisters;" the Rev. Mr. George P. Sheridan, pastor of the Congregational church in Rochester, "The Hospital and Community Service," and Miss Ruth Hugelen, president of St. Mary's alumnae, "The School of Nursing."

Young Dr. Mayo Is Chairman

The jubilee chairman is Dr. Charles W. Mayo, son of Dr. Charles H. Mayo, whose family has, in more than half a century of association with the Sisters of St. Francis, won world-wide renown in the fields of medicine and human service.

Back in 1883 a tornado ripped through Rochester and left behind it ruined homes and broken bodies. An old country doctor, who had served the people well for more than 40 years, worked feverishly to patch up the victims of the tornado, and his best helpers were the sisters in the small Rochester convent. The best day, the mother superior came to see the old physician—Dr. William Worrall Mayo. The nun had a vision—a dream of a great hospital in Rochester, an institution ready to meet emergencies like the wind storm.

"But I can't help to realize it," said Dr. Mayo. "At my age I can't build a hospital." Maybe not, said the mother superior, but his two sons could make the dream come true. And they did. The sons were William and Charles Mayo.

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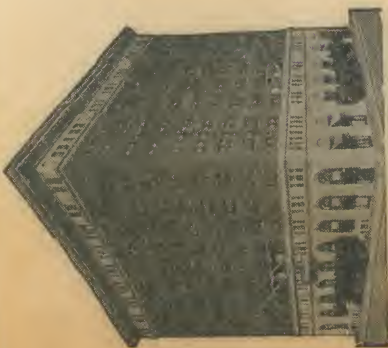
POST GRADUATE
SURGICAL ASSEMBLY

Program

TUTWILER HOTEL
ASSEMBLY HEADQUARTERS

★
THE SOUTHEASTERN SURGICAL CONGRESS
ELEVENTH ANNUAL ASSEMBLY
MARCH 11, 12, 13, 1940
BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA

SAVE YOUR PROGRAM AND BRING IT WITH YOU



26. J. B. Lukins, M.D.

656 Francis Building, Louisville, Ky.

Associate Professor of Gynecology, Medical Department,
University of Louisville.

PAPER—"Postoperative Pulmonary Complications." Illustrated.

27. Frank S. Johns, M.D.

Johnston-Willis Hospital, Richmond, Va.

Professor of Clinical Surgery at the Medical College of
Virginia.

PAPER—"The Progress in the Development of Extrapleural Thoracoplasty in the Treatment of Pulmonary Tuberculosis." Illustrated.

7:00 P. M.

BANQUET IN BALLROOM—Everybody Invited.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 13

7:30 to 8:30 A. M.

REGISTRATION AND REVIEW OF EXHIBITS

8:30 A. M. PROMPTLY

28. Edwin G. Ramsdell, M.D.

667 Madison Avenue, New York City.

PAPER—"The Prevention of Wound Disruption." Illustrated.

29. Robert A. Ross, M.D.

Durham, North Carolina.

Associate Professor Obstetrics and Gynecology, Duke University School of Medicine, Durham, N. C.

PAPER—"Sex Endocrinology and Pelvic Surgery." Illustrated.

30. T. C. Davison, M.D.

Doctors Building, Atlanta, Ga.

Associate Professor of Clinical Surgery, Emory University, Atlanta, Ga.

PAPER—"Breast Tumors, With Moving Pictures in Color."

Thirty Minute Intermission for Review of Exhibits

31. Francis M. Massie, M.D.

Lexington Clinic, 190 N. Upper Street, Lexington, Ky.

PAPER—"Amebic Colitis as a Cause of Abdominal Pain." Illustrated.

Appendicitis Most Serious Of Abdominal Disturbances

Symptoms of Emergency Usually Are Pain Starting in Pit of the Stomach

(Editor's Note: This is another of a series of articles furnished by the publicity committee of the Harris County Medical Society.)

The greatest cause of acute disturbance in the abdomen, and one that should cause the greatest concern to the patient, is the acute appendix. Inflammation of the appendix occurs much more commonly than any other acute abdominal condition. When a diagnosis of acute appendicitis is made the proper approach to the management is its immediate removal. If this is not done, it may rupture.

The symptoms of this acute abdominal emergency usually are pain which starts in the pit of the stomach, which may be associated with nausea and vomiting, and in the course of three, six or eight hours it will localize in the right lower abdomen. Fever does not occur early and there may be no early disturbance in the blood count. Occasionally an appendix may be gangrenous or even ruptured without any elevation in the blood count.

A careful analysis of each individual case by a physician is important. When we realize 20,000 persons lose their lives each year from acute appendicitis, we should ask ourselves where the fault lies. The cause of a great many deaths is self medication, or delay in calling a physician. Appendicitis is much more severe in children and elderly people. A laxative should never be given for abdominal pain until a diagnosis has been made. The giving of a laxative to a person with acute appendicitis is like trying to cross a bay in a gale with a rowboat, a very hazardous attempt to accomplish an end.

Ulcer of Stomach

Another cause of the acute abdomen is ulcer of the stomach which perforates into the abdominal cavity, spilling the stomach contents into this cavity. When such a condition occurs the patient is usually seized with severe pain in the pit of the stomach, associated with a good deal of shock and sweating. This condition is also an acute surgical emergency. If operated upon within the first six or eight hours there is very little risk, but delay in operating is very risky because the contents from the stomach infect the abdominal cavity, causing peritonitis.

The acute abdomen may be due to gall stone or an acute inflammation of the gall bladder. Occasionally the gall bladder will become gangrenous and rupture into the abdominal cavity, spilling bile and in-

fecting material into this cavity, which results in peritonitis.

Intestinal obstruction, commonly called locked bowels by the laity, is one of the most serious abdominal conditions that can arise. The cause for this condition may be one of many. It may be due to a hernia, tumor, twist in the bowel, adhesions, abdominal cramping, pain, distention, vomiting, and inability to get the bowels to move are the common symptoms. If the obstruction is relieved early the risk is not great; however, if there is delay the condition will quickly become a very serious one.

Tumors of Ovaries

Many things may cause acute disturbances in the abdomen, and the naming of a few of them is not sufficient; the important thing is that your physician be called promptly. Rupture of a fallopian tube from a pregnancy with bleeding is a very serious condition. Tumors of the ovaries may become twisted, causing an acute catastrophe. An abscess may rupture.

Just because a patient has acute abdominal symptoms does not mean that the condition is surgical. These symptoms may represent heart, lung or kidney disease, which demonstrates the importance of having a physician make a diagnosis.

Commonly, patients will call their doctors, stating that their child has pain in the abdomen, wanting to know what medicine or laxative should be given. A doctor cannot take the responsibility of prescribing for a patient without first examining him. An apparently minor thing may turn out to be a very serious one, and unless proper diagnosis and adequate treatment are entered into promptly, a fatality may result.

NEW SURGERY FIGHTS HEART ILLS, CANCER

Growths in Lung, Chest Walls if Found When Isolated, Can Be Removed, Thorax Group Told

Thoracic surgery, one of the "last frontiers" of medical advancement, may prove the principal weapon in the war on two of the nation's foremost fatal diseases, heart trouble and cancer.

That message was issued yesterday at the opening of the 22nd annual meeting of the American Association for Thoracic Surgery in the Ambassador Hotel.

The sessions, with approximately 100 leading specialists attending, heard that already cancer, when discovered early enough, had been completely removed by widely opening the thorax—the region between the neck and the abdomen.

INVADE THORAX

"With the new types of anesthetics, it is now possible to invade the thorax as fearlessly as can be done in abdominal cases," Dr. Harold Brunn of San Francisco, the association's president, said.

More than 30 persons are living who have had an entire lung removed because of cancerous throat and are now going around as well as ever, Dr. Frank S. Dole of Los Angeles, a member of the organization's council, reported.

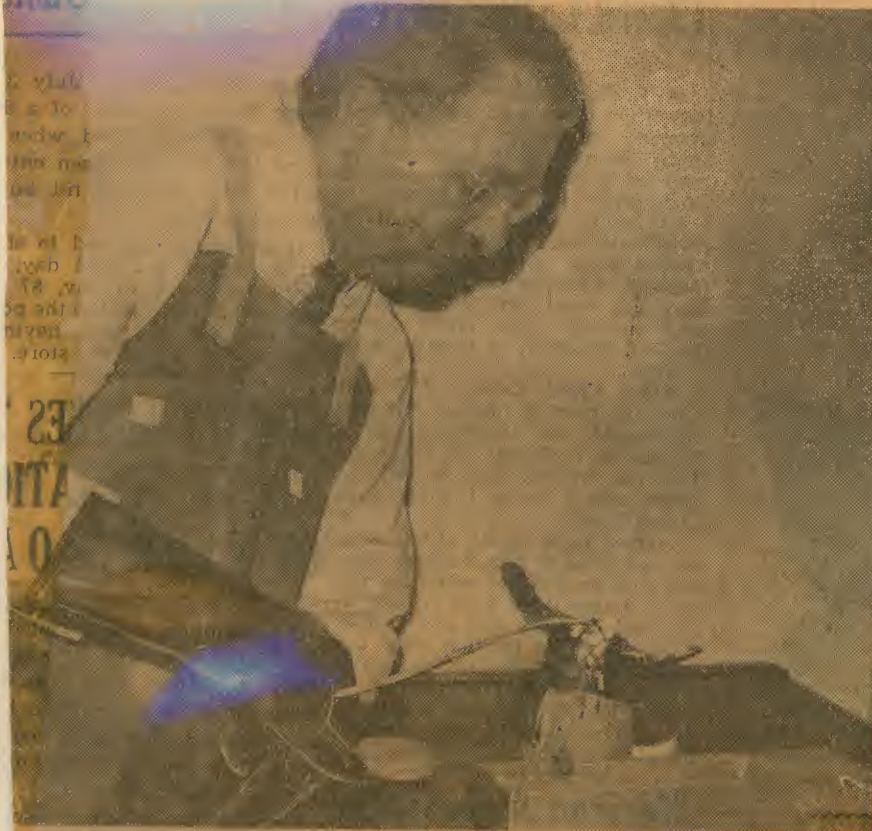
"Any cancer or tumor in the chest walls or lung, if discovered when still isolated and not involving the great vessels or heart, can be removed," he said.

BRINGS NEW MACHINE

Dr. Clarence Crafoord of Stockholm arrived from his native land with an anesthetic machine, which, in the words of one of the delegates, "does everything but the operation."

As explained by its sponsor, the involved-looking apparatus provides the respiration during an operation or, in laymen's phraseology, takes over the breathing when the muscles go to rest—and at the same time administers an anesthetic.

In addition to scientific talk, Dr. Brunn bitterly assailed attempts to effect socialized medicine in California.



Executives of Jefferson Hospital received Houston's first hospital supply of radium Monday as 825 milligrams of the \$26,500 order, consisting of one gram, arrived at the hospital.

The top scene shows Dr. C. Lechenger, chief of the X-ray department, as he picked up the first needles to be placed in the 2005-pound vault built to store the radium. Doctor Lechenger is wearing a 10-pound apron made of lead rubber, and each of his lead rubber gloves weighs one pound. This is to protect him from the radium rays. He handles the radium with a 10-inch forceps of lead, designed for handling the needles. The workers never come in contact with the needles.

To the left Doctor Lechenger is shown as he placed the needles in the vault. He still wears the apron and gloves. The safe is locked as soon as the needles are placed, and can be opened only by Doctor Lechenger or one of the staff doctors who have been appointed to use the radium.

The bottom scene shows the hospital executives as they received the expressmen and the 2005-pound lead container in which the 825 milligrams were shipped. Left to right, they are: Dr. J. H. Stevenson, superintendent of the hospital; Dr. Sidney Lister, chief of the surgeons' staff; Dr. J. Allen Kyle, chairman of the efficiency committee; Dr. G. C. Lechenger, chief of the X-ray department; and Dr. John T. Moore, head of the tumor clinic and chairman of the committee appointed to work on the radium program.

Houston Doctor Heads Internists

WACO, Feb. 20. (AP)—The Texas Internist Club held a session at a clinic in Marlin Saturday, following the election of officers Friday.

Dr. Fred Lummis of Houston was elected president; Dr. O. A. Keil of Wichita Falls, vice president; and Dr. George Herrmann, Galveston, secretary-treasurer.

The group will meet in Dallas next spring.

Surgeon Succumbs

By Associated Press

Worcester, Conn., Jan. 2.—Dr. George Waller Hawley, 65, internationally-noted orthopedic surgeon, died Monday at his home here after a long illness.

A pupil of the famed Dr. Alexis St. Pierre of France, Doctor Hawley invented the world's first fracture table 29 years ago.

After he completed his practice in 1937 because of tuberculosis, Dr. Hawley had a long and successful career in orthopedic surgery.

DALLAS GIVEN 1940 MEET OF MEDICAL BODY

Dr. Preston Hunt of Texarkana Chosen President-Elect of State Association; Final Session Held.

By Associated Press. Dallas, Monday, May 11.—Dr. Preston Hunt of Texarkana, a member of the board of councilors, was chosen president-elect of the State Medical Association of Texas Thursday at the seventy-third annual session of the organization. He will take office at next year's convention. Dallas was selected for the 1940 convention.

As president-elect, Dr. Hunt succeeds Dr. L. H. Reeves of Fort Worth, who now assumes the office of president. The latter succeeds the retiring president, Dr. E. W. Bertner of Houston.

Three vice presidents chosen today were Dr. W. A. Lee of Denison, Dr. H. E. Griffin of Graham and Dr. Austin Long of Valley Mills.

Members of the board of councilors chosen were Ralph E. May of El Paso, First District; N. Mayo, Fourth District (re-elected); A. H. Hathcock of Palestine, Eleventh District; T. C. Terrell of Fort Worth, Thirteenth District (re-elected); M. L. Wilbanks of Commerce, Fourteenth District (re-elected), and C. A. Smith of Texarkana, Fifteenth District, who succeeds President-Elect Hunt.

Dr. H. B. Taylor of Fort Worth, Felix P. Miller of El Paso and S. E. Thompson of Kerrville were re-elected delegates to the American Medical Association, and H. R. Dudgeon of Waco was elected to the unexpired term of John W. Burns of Curoo.

Dr. W. D. Jones of Dallas was re-elected a member of the council on medical defense.

Others chosen were Dr. A. C. Scott, Sr., of Temple, member of council on scientific work; Dr. W. F. Stanley of Galveston, member of council on medical economics; Dr. H. W. Cummings of Hearne, member of committee on legislation; Dr. W. B. Russ of San Antonio, member of committee on collection and preservation of records; Dr. O. M. Marchman of Dallas, member of committee on health problems in education, and Dr. W. M. Martin of Dallas, member of committee on cancer.

Speakers at the general meetings Thursday included Dr. Chester S. Keefer of Boston whose subject was "Diagnosis of the Causes of Obscure Fever;" Dr. Russell L. Haden of Cleveland, "Use of Iron and Liver in the Treatment of Anemia;" Dr. Hugh H. Young of Baltimore, "The Prostate: Medical and Surgical Aspects."

DR. J. L. TAYLOR WILL HEAD S. P. HOSPITAL STAFF

Dr. Judson L. Taylor, Houston surgeon, will succeed Dr. C. C. Green who recently resigned as chief surgeon of the Hospital Association of the Southern Pacific Lines. A. D. Mims, chairman of the managers of the Hospital Association, announced Saturday.

The appointment will be effective March 1. Doctor Taylor, well-known Southwest surgeon, has been practicing in Houston since 1912. In 1914, he joined the staff of the Southern Pacific General Hospital as a consultant.

When the hospital was opened in 1911 Doctor Green was on the staff. During the world war he saw service overseas with the United States medical corps. On his return from France he served as local surgeon with the hospital and in 1922 he was appointed assistant chief surgeon. In 1930 he succeeded Dr. R. W. Knox as chief surgeon.

Mr. Mims said that Dr. Green was resigning to devote all his time to private practice; however, he will continue on the hospital staff as a consulting surgeon. Dr. J. R. Gandy has been promoted to assistant chief surgeon. Doctor Gandy formerly was house sur-

Dr. Maffett to Visit Here National Club President to Arrive March 2

Dr. Minnie L. Maffett of Dallas, president of the Business and Professional Women's Clubs, will be guest of the local club March 2 and 3. Miss Leota Stillman, president, announces. Plans for entertainment include a banquet at the Rice Hotel, Saturday, March 2, at 7:30 p.m., when past presidents and present officers of the Texas Federation will share luncheon with Dr. Maffett. A large representation from the 86 clubs of the state is expected.

Today, March 3, has been designated Dr. Minnie L. Maffett Day in the National Flower Show Competition. This observance will begin with a general assembly of local and visiting members in the Music Hall of the Convention at 10 a.m. They will later visit the flower show in adjacent rooms.

For 20 years Dr. Maffett has been a leader in the Texas Federation. Her first president and later honorary president for life. Her husband is a Surgeon.

Dr. Maffett has other leadership high professional qualities and a scientific approach. She is one of the outstanding women surgeons in the United States with a large private practice. She was graduated in medicine from the University of Texas and served her internship at the New York Hospital for Women and Children, and took special hospital work at Johns Hopkins Uni-



Dr. Maffett

versity. She is a member of the surgical staffs of three Dallas hospitals, is physician for women at Southern Methodist University, and is associate professor of gynecology at Baylor Medical College. She is also fellow of the American College of Surgeons, secretary-treasurer of the Texas Association of Obstetricians and Gynecologists, and fellow of the central association.

Sonja Helps Shriners' Charity Work



Children in the Shrine Crippled Children's Hospital got a big thrill from Sonja Henie's visit. Here is Miss Henie with her escort of Shriners. From left to right: H. A. Johnson, Bob Jesup, Russell N. Dr. Sidney Lister, Miss Henie, Harry E. Jewett and John Drenner.

A Visit With 'The American Mother for 1940'

Mrs. Charles H. Mayo Still a Mother Above Everything Else

TODAY—Mother's day—Mrs. Charles H. Mayo, 69, silver-haired widow of the world-renowned surgeon, receives a medal from the Golden Rule foundation as "The American Mother of 1940."

Unanimously selected by the foundation's American Mothers' committee as the "mother representative of the best there is in womanhood," Mrs. Mayo insists she hasn't "done anything."

But her children and grandchildren know otherwise. In her Rochester home, where these pictures were taken, she is still a Mother.

POST-BULLETIN, ROCHESTER, MINN, MAY 3, 1940



Group picture of Mrs. Mayo, with her son, Dr. Charles W. Mayo; her daughter, Mrs. Louise Mayo Trenholme; her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Joseph G. Mayo; and 13 grandchildren in a jolly party at Rochester, Minn.

MAY 12 1940

Mother's Day Portrait of 1940 Mother



—Wide World Photo

Mrs. Charles H. Mayo of Rochester, Minn., widow of the noted surgeon and founder of the Mayo Clinic at Rochester, who was recently chosen by the Golden Rule Foundation as the American Mother for 1940, is pictured in her suite at the Hotel Waldorf-Astoria, soon after she arrived in New York. A guest of the Foundation, Mrs. Mayo will be formally invested with her title today.

MAY 13 1940

MOTHER OF 1940'
OPENS RELIEF DRIVE

Appeals to Nation for Help
for the War Destitute in
Europe and Asia

COIN OF GRATITUDE' ASKED

Mrs. Mayo Calls on Americans
to Put Aside Donations for
Meals Eaten in Peace

A program designed by American mothers to help "impoverished and homeless women and children in war-torn Europe and Asia" was announced by Mrs. Charles H. Mayo, "American Mother for 1940," yesterday afternoon in a nation-wide Mother's Day broadcast over an NBC network.

In order to put the program into effect, Mrs. Mayo asked all American families to place upon their dining room table a receptacle into which a "coin of gratitude" would be placed each time they sit down "in peace and comfort to partake of an unrationed, bountiful meal." The money thus collected would be sent to Europe and Asia through relief channels of the donor's choice.

Mrs. Mayo, who last week received a medal from the Mother's Day Committee of the Golden Rule Foundation honoring her as "American Mother of 1940," was introduced by Mrs. Sara Delano Roosevelt, mother of the President. Mrs. Roosevelt, on behalf of the committee, asked Mrs. Mayo to voice for the mothers of America "our sympathy for the homeless and underprivileged mothers, orphans and destitute children of our own and other lands; and lead us in a program of Golden Rule sharing with those who are less fortunate."

Sees Plan Honoring Mothers

"If I know anything about the real heart of motherhood," Mrs. Mayo said, "I do not know of any way in which we could more appropriately honor our mothers than by doing for war orphans, widowed mothers and victims of military aggression in other lands that which we would like to have done for our own loved ones if conditions were reversed, and that which we believe our mothers would do for others, if they had the opportunity."

"I believe that the reflex action of this Golden Rule sharing would be worth more to our children and to the future peace of the world than the additional luxuries which the coins might purchase for ourselves or children. I also feel that these tokens of good-will to our neighbors at home and abroad may become a major factor in solving many of our social and economic problems and contribute to world peace."

With Mrs. Mayo in the broadcasting studio were seven members of her family. The 69-year-old woman, who is the mother of eight children, foster mother of two children, and grandmother of twenty-two children, was smartly dressed in a black gown and wore a corsage of orchids.

Other speakers on the program, broadcast by the National Broadcasting Company, were Charles V. Vickrey, president of the Golden Rule Foundation; Mrs. David de Sola Pool, chairman of the executive committee of the Mother's Day Committee, and Clarence E. Pickett of the American Friends Service Committee. Suzanne Silvercrys, sculptor and lecturer, read a poem by Grace Noll Crowell, poet laureate of Texas, who was American mother of 1938.

Poem Calls to Mothers

The poem follows:

Now more than ever does the world
have need
Of the Mothers of America to
stand
Four-square for right—to cry out
against greed
And war and crime that threaten
every land.
Now should your voices lift above
the strife
And tumult of a warring world
today;
Now should your hands be merciful
where life
Has stricken helpless ones along
the way.

There are other mothers, widowed
by the wars;
There are orphans crying out
their hearts at night;
The old world bears its crucifixion
scars;
There is deep darkness where
there should be light.
O Mothers, God has urgent need
of you
To do the work that you alone
can do!

Earlier in the day Mrs. Mayo attended services at St. Bartholomew's Church, Park Avenue and Fiftieth Street. Tomorrow at 4:30 P. M. Mrs. Mayo will be guest of honor at a tea at the Young Women's Christian Association, 600 Lexington Avenue.

BALTIMORE, MD.

AMERICAN

MAY 12 1940

'American Mother Of 1940' Tells Rules For Success

Well-Run Kitchen Called Beauty Parlor

NEW YORK, May 11.—A gentle white-haired woman will be feted here tomorrow in national recognition of her part in creating one of America's most famous names.

She is Mrs. Edith Graham Mayo, widow of Dr. Charles H. Mayo, one of the two brothers who founded the Mayo Clinic at Rochester, Minn.

And right at the top of her list of rules for being a successful mother is:

"A well-run kitchen is one of the country's best beauty parlors!"

MANY ACTIVITIES.

This, despite the fact that Mrs. Mayo's motherly activities have extended far outside the home, taking in all kinds of community activity.

Mrs. Mayo was chosen "American Mother of 1940" by the Golden Rule Foundation of New York, which makes a similar selection each year in conjunction with the national observance of Mother's Day.

* * *

The mother of ten children (the last two adopted!) she is as celebrated in Rochester as her husband's noted son, Dr. Charles W. Mayo.

S "HOME BODY."

But, with all her civic and charitable activities, the "American Mother of 1940" admits she is primarily a "home body."

Her rules for successful motherhood, as she voiced them today for the benefit of mothers everywhere, are:

1. It is the obligation, and should be the pride, of every mother to stimulate in children a love of honest work with both head and hands.

2. A well-run kitchen is one of the country's best beauty parlors.

GOOD TRAINING.

3. Children can assume some re-



MOTHER'S DAY is an extra occasion this year for Mrs. Edith Graham Mayo (above), selected by the Golden Rule Foundation as the "American Mother of 1940." Besides bringing eight children into the world herself, Mrs. Mayo adopted two more. She is the widow of Dr. Charles H. Mayo, founder of the famous Mayo Clinic at Rochester, Minn.

Mrs. Mayo Earns Golden Rule Honors

sponsibility earlier than many mothers suspect. Doing chores is good training for a later successful life.

4. Praise for work well done accomplishes more than punishment for work undone.

5. Positive thoughts build the child; negative thoughts destroy him.

6. The child can be taught to think constructively.

7. There are some duties toward one's children which a mother cannot well delegate to others.

8. Everyone has some handicap to fight, but it may be an asset or a liability, depending upon the mental attitude. During impressionable years great harm can be done with too much emphasis on or sympathy for an imperfection.

9. Some religious instruction should have a place in the child's training. The early years are the important years.

10. One duty of a mother to her children is to maintain tolerance and an attitude of serenity in all circumstances, no matter how difficult or impossible this may seem at times.

Said the smiling Mrs. Mayo:

"I don't think rules for being a successful mother change much from year to year. Still, there is always something we can learn, and motherhood itself is the very best teacher."

* * *

Born within a few miles of her present home, Mrs. Mayo graduated as a nurse before her marriage in 1893 to the then young and obscure Dr. Charles H. Mayo.

Mrs. Mayo will be formally installed as "American Mother of 1940" tomorrow. She declared:

"I'm very proud of the honor."

Then, like a true mother, added

"But — I'm proudest for my children's sake."

(Copyright, 1940, Hearst Newspapers)

MAY 10 1940

'American Mother' Arrives in New York





Dr. Charles W. Mayo, shown with his mother, is carrying on the family tradition as a member of world-renowned Mayo clinic, formally organized by his father and his uncle, the late Dr. William J. Mayo, in 1912. Mrs. Mayo, a nurse before marrying "Dr. Charlie" in 1893, has been an integral part of Rochester's life, making it a home for thousands of patients, and young surgeons and nurses. Mrs. Mayo was the first trained nurse in Rochester.

HAVE YOU VISITED EXHIBITS YET?
SPEND SOME TIME WITH THEM TODAY

Southern Medical Association

DAILY BULLETIN

Thirty-Third Annual Session

Vol. XVIII. Memphis, Tenn.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1939

Second Issue

Southern Medical Association Daily Bulletin

Published Wednesday, Thursday and Friday
November 22, 23, 24, 1939

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BULLETIN ANNOUNCEMENT

The Daily Bulletin, issued November 22, 23, 24, will contain the registration of members and visitors, their addresses in Memphis, announcements of local entertainments, alumni reunions and items of interest to those in attendance.

Items for publication, announcements of changes, etc., should be handed in at our registration headquarters, Municipal Auditorium, or the Office of the Secretary-Manager, 1102 Peabody Hotel.

SUMMARY OF PROGRAM

Thursday, November 23

Section on Medicine, Municipal Auditorium, Room No. 1, 9:00 a. m.—page 41.
Section on Pediatrics, Municipal Auditorium, Room No. 1, 2:00 p. m.—page 44.
Section on Pathology, Municipal Auditorium, Room No. 3, 9:00 a. m.—page 49.
Section on Neurology and Psychiatry, Municipal Auditorium, Room No. 4, 2:00 p. m.—page 51.
Section on Radiology, Municipal Auditorium, Room No. 4, 9:00 a. m.—page 53.
Section on Dermatology and Syphilology, First Methodist Church, Room No. 1, 2:00 p. m.—page 56.
Section on Surgery, First Methodist Church, Room No. 3, 2:00 p. m.—page 59.
Section on Bone and Joint Surgery, First Methodist Church, Room No. 2, 9:00 a. m.—page 61.
Section on Obstetrics, First Methodist Church, Room No. 1, 9:00 a. m.—page 67.
Section on Urology, First Methodist Church, Room No. 3, 9:00 a. m.—page 69.
Section on Proctology, Municipal Auditorium, Room No. 3, 2:00 p. m.—page 71.
Section on Ophthalmology and Otolaryngology, First Methodist Church, Room No. 4, 9:00 a. m.—page 76.
Section on Allergy, First Methodist Church, Room No. 2, 2:00 p. m.—page 57.
Section on Public Health, Municipal Auditorium, Room No. 2, 9:00 a. m.—page 84.
National Malaria Committee and American Society of Tropical Medicine (joint session), Municipal Auditorium, Room No. 2, 2:00 p. m.—page 89.
American Society of Tropical Medicine, Annual Luncheon, Claridge Hotel, 12:00 noon—page 93.
American Academy of Tropical Medicine, Annual Dinner, Claridge Hotel, Banquet Room, 7:00 p. m.—page 93.
Women Physicians, Annual Meeting and Dinner, Gayoso Hotel, 7:00 p. m.—page 8.
Woman's Auxiliary to the Southern Medical Association (concluding session), Peabody Hotel, Room 214, 9:30 a. m.—page 96.
Woman's Auxiliary to Memphis and Shelby County Medical Society, Luncheon and Fashion Show for visiting ladies, Nineteenth Century Club, 1:00 p. m.—page 7.
Dinner for Visiting Ladies, Gayoso Hotel, 7:30 p. m.—page 7.
Alumni Reunion Dinners, 7:00 p. m.—page 9.
Fraternity Luncheons, 12:00 noon—page 11.
Golf Tournament for Men, Colonial Country Club—page 98.
Radio Broadcasts, Stations WREC, WMC, WMPS and WHBQ—page 22.
Motion Pictures, Program No. 1, Municipal Auditorium, Room No. 5, 8:30 a. m. to 6:00 p. m.—page 24, and Program No. 2, Municipal Auditorium, Room No. 6, 8:30 a. m. to 6:00 p. m.—page 25.
Scientific Exhibits, Municipal Auditorium, 8:00 a. m. to 6:00 p. m.—page 15.
Technical Exhibits, Municipal Auditorium, 8:00 a. m. to 6:00 p. m.—pages 13 and 100.

this group *on invitation by the Board* may make application and upon approval by the Board will be accepted without examination as qualified. This group will be selected from the following:

1. Those who from the time of the Board's organization, January 9, 1937, hold the position of Professor or Associate Professor of Surgery in the approved medical schools of the United States or Canada.

2. Those who for fifteen years prior to the Board's organization have limited their practice to surgery and have met the general qualifications required.

3. Members of the cooperating societies represented on the Board who are in good standing January 9, 1937.

(B) Qualified by examinations —

In addition to the general qualifications the requirements for this group shall be as follows:

(b) PROFESSIONAL STANDING

1. Graduation from a medical school of the United States or Canada recognized by the Council on Medical Education and Hospitals of the A. M. A., or graduation from an approved foreign school.
2. Completion of an internship of not less than one year in a hospital approved by the same Council, or its equivalent in the opinion of the Board.

Personnel

*The cooperating surgical societies selected jointly to form the Board appointed their representatives as follows:

The American Surgical Association . . .	3
The Surgical Section of the A. M. A. . .	3
The American College of Surgeons . . .	3
The Southern Surgical Association . . .	1
The Western Surgical Association . . .	1
The Pacific Coast Surgical Association . .	1
The New England Surgical Society . . .	1

—
13

The term of membership is for six years. Each cooperating association has the appointing power of its representatives subject to the approval of the Board.

Purposes

- (a) To conduct examinations of satisfactory candidates who seek qualification by the Board.
- (b) To issue certificates of qualifications to all those meeting the Board's requirements.
- (c) To improve the opportunities for the training of the surgeon.

*The first three of these associations being national in scope, were allotted three representatives each, the remaining associations, one.

Historical

The organization of the American Board of Surgery was completed on January 9, 1937. A plan for this organization had been carefully studied by a general committee representative of certain general and sectional surgical societies called together through the initiative of the American Surgical Association. As a result of the deliberations of this general committee a tentative plan of organization was adopted. This plan was reported to the cooperating surgical societies and was approved with the understanding that the Board, when organized, would have the power to change or modify the proposed plan as it saw fit. This Board has been created in accordance with the action of the Advisory Board for Medical Specialties as approved by the Council on Medical Education of the A. M. A., which has named twelve specialty fields as being suitable to be represented by such boards. These Boards have the two-fold purpose of certifying those found to be qualified after meeting reasonable requirements, and of improving existing opportunities for the training of specialists within the field concerned. This is to be done for the protection of the public and the good of the specialty.

Requirements

(a) GENERAL QUALIFICATIONS

1. Moral and ethical standing in the profession satisfactory to the Board.

The Board, believing that the practice of "fee splitting" is pernicious, leading as it does to a traffic in human life, will reserve the right to inquire particularly into any candidate's practice in regard to this question.

2. Membership in the American Medical Association or, by courtesy, membership in such Canadian or other medical societies as are recognized for this purpose by the Council on Medical Education and Hospitals of the A. M. A. Except as here provided, membership in other societies shall not be required.

3. Those who have limited their activities to the practice of surgery.

4. In exceptional instances the Board may, in its discretion, accept for examination candidates who have met all preliminary requirements and have been in practice from six to sixteen years but whose formal training does not comply with the full requirements to be exacted in the future.

The Board recognizes two groups of candidates who may be eligible for certification.

(A) The Founders Group — those who have already amply demonstrated their fitness as trained specialists in surgery. Candidates from

Candidates shall be required to pay the same fees for Parts I and II at each reexamination in these Parts.

Fees

The fee for Group A, Founders Group, shall be \$25.

The fee for Group B shall be \$75, payable as follows: \$5 registration fee, which shall be returned if the candidate is not accepted for examination; \$20 for Part I; and \$50 for Part II.

This Board is a non-profit organization. All fees will be used, after a reasonable amount is set aside for necessary expenses in maintaining its office, conducting examinations, etc., to aid in improving existing opportunities for the training of the surgeon.

Certificate

A certificate attesting to a candidate's qualification in surgery after meeting the requirements will be issued by the Board, having been signed by its officers.

Revocation of Certificate

Any certificate issued by the Board shall be subject to revocation by the Board at any time in case it shall determine in its sole judgment, that a candidate, who has received a certificate, either was not properly qualified to receive it or has become disqualified since its receipt.

PART I

This may be given simultaneously in as many centers as the Board may determine suitable for the purpose. A candidate, to be eligible for Part I, must meet all requirements for Group B candidates. A card of admission to this part of the examination will be forwarded to the candidate from the Secretary's office, certifying that these requirements have been met, as well as due notice as to the time and place of examination.

The examination in Part I shall cover a one-day period. There shall be two sessions of three hours each. This written examination shall concern itself primarily with general surgical problems and in addition the application of the basic sciences of surgery to these problems.

PART II

In order to be eligible for Part II a candidate must have successfully passed Part I, in addition to having met the necessary preliminary requirements and having presented definite evidence of an adequate training in operative surgery satisfactory to the Board.

This Part of the examination shall be oral and practical and cover a two-day period, the schedule being arranged somewhat as follows:

FIRST DAY

8-9 A. M. — Registration.

9 A. M.-1 P. M. — Clinical Surgery (diagnosis and management).

2-5 P. M. — Surgical Pathology, clinical application of Physiology, Biochemistry and Bacteriology to Surgery, x-ray plate interpretation, Anesthesia.

(c) SPECIAL TRAINING

1. A further period of graduate work of not less than three years devoted to surgery taken in a recognized graduate school of medicine or in a hospital or under the sponsorship accredited by the American Board of Surgery for the training of surgeons.

This period of special training shall be of such character that the relation of the basic sciences of anatomy, physiology, pathology, bacteriology and biochemistry is emphasized. Knowledge of these sciences as applied to clinical surgery will be required in the examination.

Adequate operative experience in which the candidate has assumed the whole responsibility will be required.

An additional period of not less than two years of study or practice in surgery.

The above requirements, especially those referring to surgical training, are subject to change from time to time as the existing opportunities for training in this field of specialization may be broadened.

Examinations

The qualifying examination will be divided into Part I (written) and Part II (clinical, bedside and laboratory). In both of these parts a knowledge of the practical application of the sciences fundamental to surgery will be required as previously stated.

SECOND DAY

9 A. M.-1 P. M.—Operative Surgery.
2-5 P. M.—Special Examinations (re-examinations when necessary).

It is probable that for the present this Part of the examination can be held in one center or at the most, two. Later, however, as the demand grows, it will be necessary, in all probability, for the Board to establish definite subsidiary board centers where this Part may be held. At that time it will be necessary that the Board appoint subsidiary boards in these centers, consisting of those already qualified as in Group A, to conduct this examination.

GRADES

A candidate must receive a passing average for each Part to be entitled to the Board's certificate. No candidate shall pass a Part who does not receive a grade of 60% or over in each subject of such a Part. An average grade of 75% shall be considered as passing in each Part.

A candidate who fails in his examination in Part I shall have his papers reviewed by the Examination Committee.

Retestings

Candidates may be retested as often as they desire provided one year shall elapse between examinations, except that the Board may, for good and sufficient reason, deny a candidate the privilege of retesting.

A History of Organized Medicine In Harris County, Texas

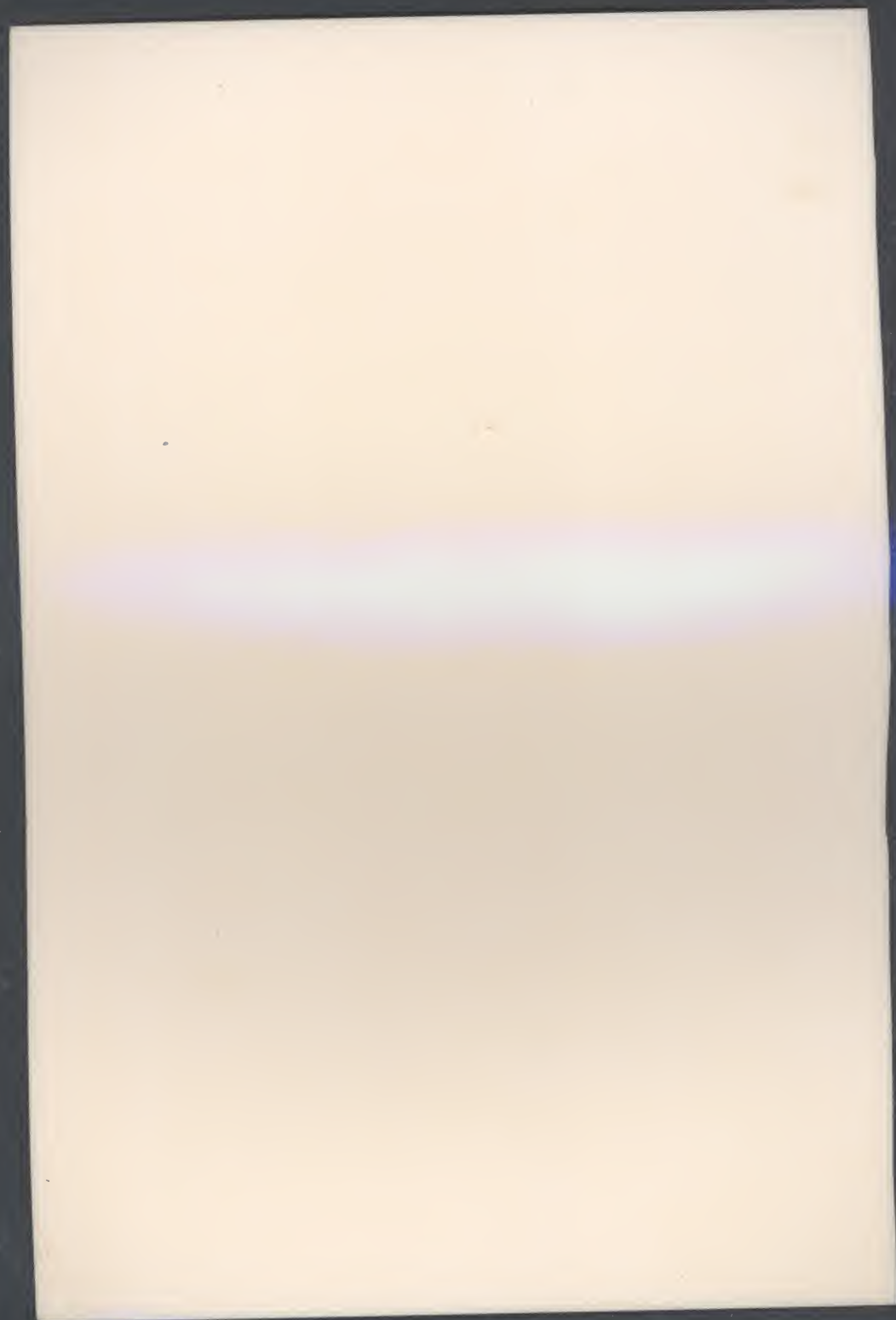


SURRENDER OF SANTA ANNA AT
SAN JACINTO

William Henry Huddle's famous masterpiece "Surrender of Santa Anna." The original painting is owned by the State of Texas and hangs in the rotunda of the capitol.

In this picture, the man in the foreground (with his back to the observer) is said to be the Surgeon-General of the Texas Army, Dr. Alexander W. Ewing. He is shown as he is interrupted while dressing General Houston's wounded ankle. Two years later he became president of the first recorded medical society in Harris County.

LCB



A History of Organized Medicine In Harris County, Texas

Although practice of the healing art by white men in Harris County may be said to have begun with Cabeza de Vaca in 1529, this area remained relatively undeveloped until after the battle of San Jacinto.

The first record we have of an organization of medical men here is dated August 1, 1838. At that time there was a "Medical and Surgical Society of Houston," of which Dr. Alexander Ewing was president and Dr. Richard Stanley Lee was secretary. It published a fee schedule in the *Telegraph* of August 4, 1838, "—so people would know what to expect." This ran as follows: first visit, \$5; succeeding visits, \$3; after 9 P. M., double charge in all cases; visits out of the city limits, an extra charge of \$1 per mile during the day, and \$2 at night; office call, \$5; detention on case, \$3 per hour; venesection, \$2; tooth extraction, \$2; cupping, \$5; surgery, according to the difficulty and danger of the case; ordinary labor, case, \$10; for treating a family, one call, plus \$1 extra for each individual; medicines furnished, 50 cents per dose.

Also in the *Telegraph*, it is reported that Houston's population in March, 1837, consisted of perhaps ten (10) citizens, living in two log houses: by 1839, it had grown to 2073 souls—of which 453 were females.

The *Morning Star* of October 10th and 13th, 1840, reports another meeting of the Medical and Surgical Society of Houston, which had occurred on February 3, 1840. Another fee list was adopted—a higher one—which the Society stated was "—regulated by fees customary in other countries. In New Orleans and other cities of the Union and of Europe, \$5 is the ordinary fee for a visit: and surely a physician who ventures into the frontier country, and exposes himself to the dangers of southern climate, should be entitled to at least equal remuneration for his services." Fees were to be paid in advance, and in par funds. (This evidently refers to the fact that the national currency of the Republic of Texas was at that time somewhat below par value: so that, if paid by Texas currency, the prices would have been higher.) The list follows:

In practice, for each and every visit.....	\$5
After 9 P. M.....	\$10
Mileage, by day.....	\$2
Mileage by night.....	\$4
Consultation fee.....	\$25
Professional advice at office.....	\$5
Letter of advice.....	\$10
Detention, per hour.....	\$5
Bleeding or extraction of tooth.....	\$2
Cupping	\$5
Ordinary case of labor.....	\$50

Cases of preternatural labor charged for in proportion to their difficulty and danger.

Perhaps we may be pardoned for a few personal words about pioneer Harris County physicians who held high political office during the days of the Republic of Texas: but it must be kept in mind that besides these eminent men in the profession, there were many others who—with great courage and sacrifice—emigrated to Harris and its adjoining counties, often enticed by the romantic origin and the future greatness of this young Republic.

Dr. Alexander W. Ewing, mentioned above, was Surgeon-General of the Texas Army at the Battle of San Jacinto.

Dr. Ashbel Smith, educated at Yale and Harvard and in Paris, succeeded him as Surgeon-General. He was a roommate of Gen. Sam Houston, and established a military hospital in Houston in 1837. He later lived on Galveston Bay near Cedar Bayou; and he was Minister to France and England, and the last Secretary of State of the Republic.

Dr. Lorenzo DeZavala was a signer of Texas' Declaration of Independence and first vice-president of the Republic.

Dr. Anson Jones, while a resident of Brazoria County, began and ended his political career in Houston. He held many offices, from member of the Legislature to President of the Republic. He was its fourth and last President, having turned Texas over to the United States.

Dr. Phillip Anderson was Chief Surgeon of the Texas Navy.

Dr. Francis Moore, Jr., a veteran of Texas' War for Independence, was editor of the Telegraph, and several times mayor of Houston.

Through the influence of these men, and others, a law was enacted on December 14, 1837, authorizing the appointment

of a Board of Censors to regulate the practice of medicine in the Republic; there was to be one member from each senatorial district. This Board was empowered to examine all applicants and grant licenses on satisfactory evidence of qualifications. Single members of the Board might grant temporary licenses at a charge of \$20 each, until a meeting of the body afforded opportunity for examination. All monies obtained from licenses were to be appropriated as the Board might deem proper. Dr. Ashbel Smith represented this district until the Board was abolished by law in 1848.

Houston was visited by an epidemic of yellow fever in 1839, and later by seven others; the last occurred in 1867. Of course, there were "scares" later, but they did not materialize.

We find no further record of the Medical and Surgical Society of Houston. On March 11, 1857, the "Houston Medical Association" was organized, with the following avowed objects: "To cultivate the science of medicine and all its collateral branches; to cherish and sustain medical character; to encourage medical etiquette and to promote mutual improvement, social intercourse and good feeling among members of the profession."

There apparently were, at that time, no irregular schools of medicine save the homeopaths, and this organization adopted rather strong resolutions against this cult.

Many men at that time, and for many years thereafter, were practicing medicine without ever having attended any medical school, and this Association recommended to the "—citizens of this flourishing city—" that they demand anyone practicing medicine to show a diploma from a medical school, and not be imposed on by men with a diploma from a medical society or a certificate of qualifications as a dresser in a hospital.

Although a Texas State Medical Association was officially organized in 1853, it did not survive. So, we find that the Houston Medical Association issued a call inviting physicians from other points in the state to assemble in Houston for the purpose of organizing a State Medical Association. But both of these organizations evidently expired during the Civil War period of 1861-1865.

The next recorded information shows that in 1868 the Houston physicians met and organized the "Harris County Medical Association." They evidently had in mind the necessity of this organization to form the nucleus for a State Medical Association, for shortly thereafter a call was issued by these Houston physicians to the physicians of the state to assemble

in Houston for the purpose of "—reorganization of the State Association."

This reorganization meeting was held on April 15, 1869, in the west parlor of the Hutchins House, which was the elite hotel of Houston at that time, and was located at the corner of Franklin and Travis—now the site of the Southern Pacific building. A two-day session was held; but, beyond perfecting a thorough organization, little was done. Annual meetings of the State Association were held in Houston in 1870, 1871, and 1872; each meeting apparently being called on April 15th.

At the fourth meeting in 1872, it was determined to abandon the idea of making Houston the permanent headquarters of the Association, and it was decided to hold future meetings at various points in the state. In line with this, Waco was chosen as the next meeting place.

The meeting called in Houston in April 1869 was considered for many years the real beginning of the Texas State Medical Association, and the annual meetings were numbered from it; in fact, it did mark the beginning of the continuous existence of said organization.

We find no further reference to the Harris County Medical Association which was formed in 1868, and it seems to have been practically abandoned after the State Medical Association was formed. The interest of the medical men of the state seems to have been almost wholly in the State Medical Association.

In the summer of 1887, Drs. R. W. Knox, J. W. Scott, and S. C. Red organized a medical society in the office of one of them at the corner of Main and Prairie. Dr. Knox was chosen president, Dr. Scott secretary-treasurer, and Dr. Red was the membership. However, the organization grew. Meetings were held in various physicians' offices for more than three years; but it seems to have become inactive sometime thereafter.

On February 4th, 1894, a meeting of the eligible physicians of Houston was called by Drs. S. C. Red, E. T. Cook, N. P. Dolan, R. W. Knox and J. W. Scott for the purpose of organizing a medical society. They met in the reading room of the Houston Lyceum (in the market building, Travis, Milam, Congress and Preston), and organized.

The name chosen for the new society, at its first meeting, was: "Harris County Medical Society." There were present at that meeting twenty-two doctors, and Dr. J. W. Scott presided. At the second meeting of this organization—only eleven days later—there was a motion by Dr. S. C. Red to change the

name to the "Houston District Medical Association"; and this was adopted after considerable discussion. The reason for this change was to attempt to get physicians from a wider territory. This attempt met with little or no success, however, as all the members of the Association lived in or very near Houston.

This Association met a few times in rented halls, but mostly in the offices of various doctors who were members; changing the location of the meeting place from time to time on the invitation of various members. Meetings were held regularly on the second and fourth Monday evenings of each month; they were principally scientific and were very interesting and instructive.

A fee schedule was adopted in September of 1894. A month later the "Texas Medical Journal," which had been founded in 1885, and was owned and published by Dr. J. M. Daniel of Austin, was made the official organ. This Journal estimated that there were 5000 physicians in Texas, in November, 1894. Another medical journal, called the "Southern Medical Review," was established in Houston in June, 1894, by Dr. Phenix; but only one number was ever issued.

In 1895 there was agitation in Houston for a medical practice act; this grew stronger with the passage of time, and as the increasing need for it was evident. In this same year the "Southwestern Medical Publishing Co." was incorporated; it published the "Southwestern Medical Record," a predecessor of the present Medical Record and Annals. The "Record" in 1897 quoted from the American Journal of Surgery and Gynecology an estimate that there was one physician per 500 people in the United States at that time; and it deplored the reputed existence of contract practice at \$1.20 to \$1.60 per person per year.

In 1895 the president of the Houston District Medical Association, Dr. Knox, appointed a committee to get more members, and to "stir up lukewarm" members. Notices of the meetings were printed in the newspapers.

In April of 1896, a delegate was appointed to the American Medical Association. The officers of the Association at this time were elected semi-annually.

In March, 1897, a member was expelled for advertising; and in June of that year the proposition of professional cards in the newspapers was brought up, discussed, and forbidden.

In April of 1898, Dr. Massie read an essay on "Suggestive Therapeutics," and hypnotized a patient at the meeting: how-

ever, it was not called "psychosomatic medicine." In this same month, a committee of six was named to represent the Houston District Medical Association at a meeting of the Texas State Medical Association at San Antonio. Two months later, another member was expelled for advertising.

At the turn of the century there were 40 members, but only 30 of them were on record as having paid any dues, and only 10 or 15 were very active and usually attended the meetings. There were no regular dues; the expenses were only for postal cards and an occasional minute book, as the meetings were in the offices of various members. This amounted to 25 cents per member about once yearly; it was cheerfully paid by most, but bitterly resented by some members.

In 1901 there was discussion and favorable comment about reorganization to effect closer affiliation of the local, state, and national medical organizations; but no positive action was taken.

At the last meeting of the Houston District Medical Association, which was held on June 1, 1903, a committee was appointed to work out the details of affiliation with the State and national associations.

Thus, the Houston District Medical Association remained in active existence until it was reorganized—on July 27, 1903, in the Harris County Court House—to form the present Harris County Medical Society.

The reorganization was perfected at the urgent request of the American Medical Association, which saw the great need for close affiliation of organized medicine in the United States. The various medical Associations of that time were not affiliated to any great extent, and were not accomplishing the advancement that was so greatly needed by the profession.

Dr. John T. Moore, who was then practicing in Galveston, and was a Councilor of the Texas State Medical Association, was appointed by that body to reorganize the profession in this part of the state. At his request the members of the Houston District Medical Association met in the Court House on the evening of July 27, 1903. He was present, called the meeting to order, and assisted in the formation of the new Society. Dr. W. B. Russ of San Antonio, was also present, and gave useful information and advice.

All members of the Houston District Medical Association who so desired were made charter members, and the officers of the Association were made officers of the new organization. There were sixty-five doctors who were designated charter

members. The following officers served until January, 1904, and then were re-elected for another year: Dr. E. M. Armstrong, president; Dr. James H. Bute, vice-president; Dr. R. B. Morris, treasurer; Dr. J. Edward Hodges, secretary.

The first regular meeting of the present Society was then held on October 12, 1903, in the offices of Dr. Bute: ten members were admitted at this time. In 1904 there was an adjournment during June, July, and August; and this became a custom which is still followed. Dues in 1904 were \$2.

Soon after the reorganization the City Health Officer invited the Society to use his large waiting room for a meeting place; this offer was accepted, and the meetings held there for several years. When this room became too small, the Chamber of Commerce invited the Society to use their assembly room. Meetings were then held in this room, first in the old Temple Building on Main Street and then for several years after it was moved to 800 Texas Avenue. Meetings at that time were held on the same twice a month schedule which had been followed by the Houston District Medical Association. About 1909, after long discussion, it was decided to hold meetings once each week; this was done to increase attendance, and was continued until 1947.

The meetings were moved to rather commodious quarters, seating 74, in the Kress Building in 1912; and soon after this a fire destroyed all the minutes which had been accumulated since 1904. Meetings continued to be held in the Kress Building, however, for about ten years. Larger quarters were then obtained in the Marine Bank Building (Keystone Building, United Gas Building); first on the third floor, then on the seventh, and finally on the roof. In 1926 the assembly room was moved to the 16th floor of the Medical Arts Building, and in 1939 to its present location (229 Medical Arts Building).

The active participation in the Society during the first three years was largely by men who had been practicing fifteen years or more. The few young men who did attend complained that the older ones ran the Society, and gave them no chance; however, the fourth president was the youngest who has ever held that office. He called on every young man in Houston, and said: "I am one of you; come out now and let us make it a young man's Society." Then, when they did come, he called on every man present to discuss the paper of the evening. The older men rejoiced at the interest of the younger ones and the Society did better than ever.

By 1912, the membership had grown to 133, and the dues were set at \$5 per year.

By 1915, discussion of the papers was more abundant, and a resolution was passed limiting the first discussion of each paper to five minutes, and subsequent ones to three minutes; there were to be no repeaters without unanimous consent of the Society. Another resolution was passed, making it mandatory that all papers written for presentation at a meeting of the Texas State Medical Association be first read in full at a meeting of the County Society.

On February 27, 1915, Dr. J. M. Blair moved that the Society incorporate, so as to be able to hold property; and look forward to acquiring a home of its own. A committee was appointed to implement this idea. It was found that, from a legal standpoint, the Society could not hold real property; so, a separate corporation was set up for the purpose. This was called the "Houston Academy of Medicine." Ten trustees were provided for: they were each to be elected for five years (except for eight of those on the first Board), with staggered terms; so that two new ones were to be selected each year. Donations were solicited, and a \$2 per year assessment was levied. In 1917, a goal of \$19,000 was set up as necessary for the purchase of a home. At present, the assets of the Academy have grown to almost a quarter of a million dollars; but the Academy-owned home remains a dream.

In 1916, the Harris County Medical Society first purchased a slide projector. Also, the Society worked to get the Texas Compensation Law changed so that it would not limit payments to one week; this attempt was successful.

In 1917 new By-Laws were adopted which laid down definite procedures to be followed in trials; these were principally to protect accused members. In former years, it was necessary in a number of instances to conduct trials of members. These clarified some situations which were unwholesome; so that, no trials have now occurred for many years.

During World War I, dues of the Society were raised to ten dollars per year.

There were seventy-three members of the Harris County Medical Society commissioned as medical officers during World War I, but only sixty were called to active service. Fortunately, none were killed or seriously injured while on active duty; but Dr. McNeil died of influenza while in the service.

In 1921, a monthly "clinic" was begun at Camp Logan to

supplement the scientific programs; these were later carried on in various hospitals for several years.

In April of 1921, the Society was incorporated; a Board of Directors was elected, and the body operated as a corporation for five years. This was finally dissolved, on account of doubtful legality, and improper distribution of responsibility.

In 1922 a "Widow's Fund" was organized; this was a variety of mutual insurance. However, it was not enthusiastically supported by members, and was completely closed out by 1930.

In 1924, the Texas State Medical Association decided to put on an "educational campaign," and to finance this by a raise in dues to \$15. The Harris County Medical Society doubted the value of this campaign, and protested; however, it was in effect during 1925. The Harris County Medical Society's dues were raised to \$30 per year as a consequence. In 1926, the campaign being dropped, State dues were reduced to \$10, and those of the H.C.M.S. to \$25.

In 1926, as the Medical Arts Building was opened, the Society raised \$4,125 for the furnishing of the assembly room. Also, the Society entered into a contract with the Federal Publishing Company to publish the "Bulletin of the Harris County Medical Society." The "Medical Record and Annals" which had been published in San Antonio for twelve years, moved its editorial office to Houston. Later, in 1934, the publication of the "Bulletin" was stopped, and the "Medical Record and Annals" became the official organ of the Society.

In 1928 a stenographer was first hired for the meetings. The members' dues were raised \$1 per year to pay for this; and the honorarium of \$50 per year which the secretaries had been getting for about 20 years, was soon dropped.

During 1928 and 1929, the Constitution and By-Laws were "codified" and brought up to date; the new laws being re-adopted in November of 1929.

By 1930, the membership had grown to 326; and a committee headed by Dr. Elva Wright reported that 95 of these did \$622,431 worth of charity work in one year. She estimated that \$1,500,000 or more in medical charity work was done in Harris County per year.

In 1931, the Society voted to establish the Post-Graduate Medical Assembly of South Texas. In November of 1931 the Board of Medical Economics was created by a change in the Constitution.

In 1932 a motion was passed forbidding sub-classification

of doctors in the telephone directory, and also the use of bold-faced type.

April of 1933 saw a change in the By-Laws to allow a new member to pay only \$10 during his first year of practice, \$15 the second year, and thereafter the regular dues (then \$23): this remained in effect only three years, however.

There was economic stress during those years, and the Society adopted an amendment regulating contract practice. Soon, the Board of Censors reported on three contract schemes which were unethical.

Still another amendment to the By-Laws was passed in 1933: this forbade a member to serve on a charity hospital staff, which staff was not represented on the Executive Board.

In 1934 a ruling was adopted against "unfair" contract practice; each contract was to be passed on by the Board of Medical Economics.

In 1935 the Society attained a membership of 400, and its peak attendance; namely, 75.5 plus members per meeting. Economic matters were still in the foreground: the Medical Economics Committee was enlarged from 3 to 5, and a "Special Committee on Medical Economics" was set up. This latter consisted of six elected and six appointed members. This "Special" committee arranged for the establishment of a "Permanent Arbitration Committee" (now called the "Adjudication Committee") and the "Medical and Dental Service Bureau:" it then passed out of existence.

On motion of Dr. M. B. Stokes in 1935, action of the Society made positions on the staffs of ethical hospitals in Harris County dependent on membership in the Harris County Medical Society.

In 1936 the Medical Economics Committee was further enlarged to eleven members: nine were to be elected, on staggered terms; there being three new ones each year—with the president and the secretary of the Society serving ex-officio.

The Adjudication Committee set the following fees for compensation work for 1937: office calls, \$2; house calls, \$3; night calls, \$5.

The Ladies Auxiliary wanted a speakers' bureau to supply public talks on medical subjects. This was discussed and finally acted upon—with the proviso that the proposed speeches be scrutinized by the Board of Censors before delivery.

In October, 1937, a nominating committee was established by amendment to the By-Laws. Also in 1937, provision was

made that the treasurer of the Society be bonded, in the amount to be determined by the Board of Censors.

Late in 1937, a member of the Harris County Medical Society accepted employment with the Group Health Association, Inc., of Washington, D. C. Early in 1938 the Society's Board of Censors was informed by the secretaries of the District of Columbia Medical Association, the Texas State Medical Association, and the American Medical Association that the conditions of this contract were unfair and unethical as judged by A. M. A. standards; namely Article VI, Section 3 of the Principles of Medical Ethics of the A. M. A. Thereupon, it proceeded to do its duty, and preferred charges against said member for unethical conduct. Although these charges were later dropped for want of evidence (a certified copy of the contract in question could never be obtained)—nevertheless a suit was filed in the Criminal District Court No. 1 of the U. S. in the District of Columbia, styled: "U. S. A. vs. A. M. A., et al." In this suit the Harris County Medical Society was named as a defendant, and charged with "conspiracy in restraint of trade;" specifically, violation of Section 3 of the Sherman Anti-Trust Act. The following month, this Society was found not guilty. Still, much work and many anxious days and some \$673 in cash were expended before this dismissal was reached; and the parent body was later held guilty.

In 1940 a Historical Committee was first appointed, and began a systematic collection of clippings from the newspapers on local medical affairs. In this same year, the Bureau was made a corporation, and put on a voluntary basis.

By amendment to the By-Laws in November, 1940, an "Executive Committee" was established. This was to consist of the President-Elect, President, Vice-President, Secretary, the Treasurer, and the Chairmen of the Board of Censors, Adjudication Committee, and Board of Medical Economics; and it was empowered to act on anything—but decisions of a "serious nature" were to be subject to approval of the Society.

In January, 1941, a resolution was passed that members entering the armed services should pay no dues. Membership, which had reached 519 in 1940, dwindled rapidly as World War II progressed.

In the summer of 1942 the Society endorsed in principle the city manager form of government, and spent \$147 on newspaper advertising to assist in establishing same.

One hundred ninety-six members of the Harris County

Medical Society answered their country's call to the colors in the late War: of these, six never came back.

Lt. Col. Simm H. Moore died on Dec. 6, 1941.

Lt. Frank Cone was captured by the Japs on Bataan peninsula, April 2, 1942, and died in a prison camp on June 6, 1943.

Capt. Walter D. Campbell was killed in an airplane accident near Waco, April 12, 1942.

Lt. (j.g.) John M. Johnson was killed on the aircraft carrier "Hornet," October 26, 1942.

Lt. Jack Kinell died at Corpus Christi, in April, 1944.

Commander Judson Taylor died, November 28, 1944, in Houston.

On July 9, 1936, Mr. Monroe D. Anderson had established the Anderson Foundation; and on Aug. 6, 1939, he died—leaving about \$20,000,000 for cancer research, education and hospitals. The trustees of this Foundation, Col. W. B. Bates and Messrs. John H. Freeman and H. M. Wilkins, arranged for the purchase of 134 acres of land from the City of Houston at Fannin Street and Marlborough Drive. Then, with the coming to Houston of Baylor Medical School, the formation of a Medical Center in this city became a certainty.

On June 21, 1943, Houston got its first medical school. Baylor University's School of Medicine, which had been established in Dallas forty years before, moved to the old Sears, Roebuck store on Buffalo Drive. The Harris County Medical Society was not consulted before the decision on this move was reached, and some of the local physicians entertained misgivings about such an undertaking under wartime conditions. But a liaison committee of seven members—all over 65 years of age—was appointed, and in a surprisingly short time the transplanted school was functioning smoothly.

An amendment to the By-Laws of the Harris County Medical Society was passed in October, 1943, to provide for Associate Membership; which was to be limited to teachers and researchers. This was later found illegal.

In 1945 the Society approved, in principle, prepaid medical insurance; and a tentative basis for fees was worked out by a special subcommittee. This committee decided that a single major operation or illness should cost no more than one-twelfth of the average annual income of the patient, and that \$200 per month was about par for incomes: thus a patient making \$150 per month would be entitled to pay only 75 percent of a normal fee, and so on. A resolution adopted in 1945 approved, in principle, the Basic Science Bill.

And in 1945, our burdens were lightened by the munificence of Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Cullen in giving five million dollars to four Houston hospitals. Late in the year an application for a charter for the Texas Medical Center, Inc., was filed. Many more of Houston's citizens have now contributed to this Center, and a glorious future for it is assured. Participation of four universities and the construction of a dozen or more hospitals are already in the plans.

Although 1945 was recorded by the Health Department as the healthiest year in the history of Houston, the new facilities of the Medical Center will eventually contribute very materially toward still further improvement; and, we hope, may lead to fuller understanding of the causes of cancer—and more certain methods for curing it—among other advances.

In 1946, several committees of the Harris County Medical Society chalked up notable progress. The Adjudication Committee was given authority to use its efforts in private cases where bills were in dispute; and it was enlarged to eleven members. The Legislative and Public Health Committee collected \$7660.04 from doctors and their friends for publicity against socialized medicine; a motion picture was made on the subject, and the newspapers were used for education of the public as to the facts concerning state medicine. The Maternal and Neo-Natal Mortality Committee—which group is probably doing more than any other toward preventing needless human suffering and untimely deaths—made its first report. And a new committee to assist widows or heirs in the proper disposal of deceased members' assets was formed of the three immediate living past presidents.

Also in the year 1946, diphtheria immunization was made compulsory by the Houston School Board.

In 1947, our dues were raised to \$50 per year; but provision was made for interns and residents to obtain membership for only \$6 per year.

Our Constitution and By-Laws were brought up to date, and several major changes were made in them. The changes will be mentioned briefly. A Nominating Committee consisting of the immediate living past president and four members holding no other office in the Society was set up. The Executive Committee was enlarged by three members, and named the Executive Board. The Society, as such, meets for only three business and six scientific sessions per year, on the second Wednesday of each month—except those in the sum-

mer. But provision was made for the establishment of Sections and Branches.

On November 19, 1947, a Medical Section was organized and held its first meeting. It now has regular meetings on the third Wednesday of each month, except in the summer.

On December 17, 1947, the Surgical Section was organized and held its first meeting. It now meets regularly on the fourth Wednesday of each month, except those in the summertime.

Early efforts to form permanent medical societies in this County were spasmodic, and only partially successful. But since the affiliation of the county, state, and national organizations, success has been assured—and progress almost continuous.

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Signed by the Historical Committee of the Harris County Medical Society on October 28, 1948,

J. ALLEN KYLE

J. EDWARD HODGES

LYMAN C. BLAIR, (Chairman)

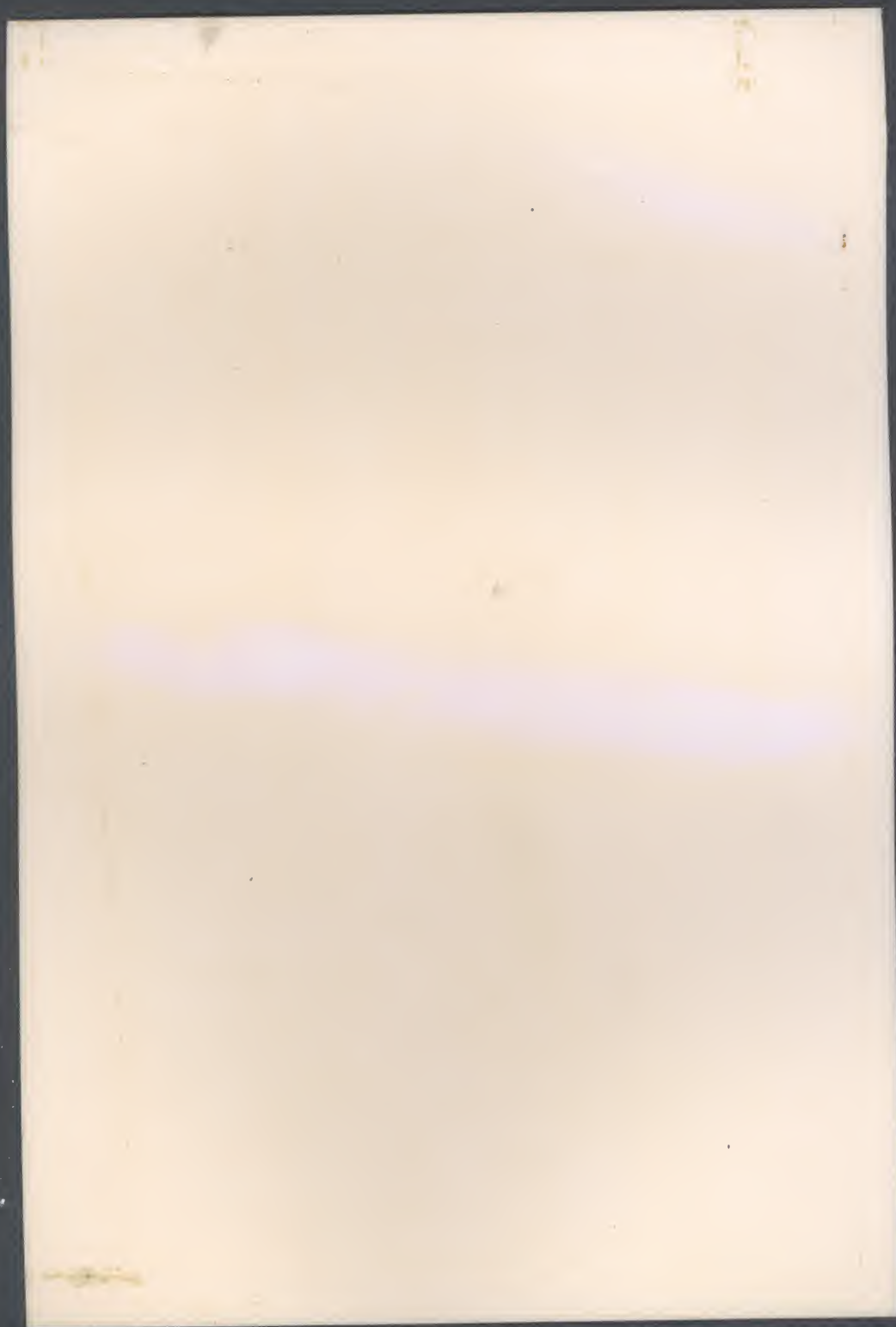
PAST PRESIDENTS HOUSTON DISTRICT MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

Dr. J. W. Scott.....	February, 1894—July, 1894 (inclusive)
Dr. E. T. Cook.....	August, 1894—January, 1895
Dr. S. C. Red.....	February, 1895—July, 1895
Dr. R. W. Knox.....	August, 1895—January, 1896
Dr. R. C. Hodges.....	February, 1896—July, 1896
Dr. Robt. Morris	August, 1896—February, 1897
Dr. Jos. Mullen	March, 1897—October, 1897
Dr. F. B. King.....	November, 1897—February, 1898
Dr. J. B. Massie.....	March, 1898—June, 1898
Dr. O. L. Norsworthy.....	July, 1898—May, 1899
Dr. D. McKay.....	June, 1899—December, 1899
Dr. J. O. Williams.....	January, 1900—September, 1900
Dr. J. G. Boyd.....	October, 1900—December, 1901
Dr. Z. F. Lillard.....	January, 1902—May, 1903
Dr. E. M. Armstrong.....	June, 1903—

HARRIS COUNTY MEDICAL SOCIETY

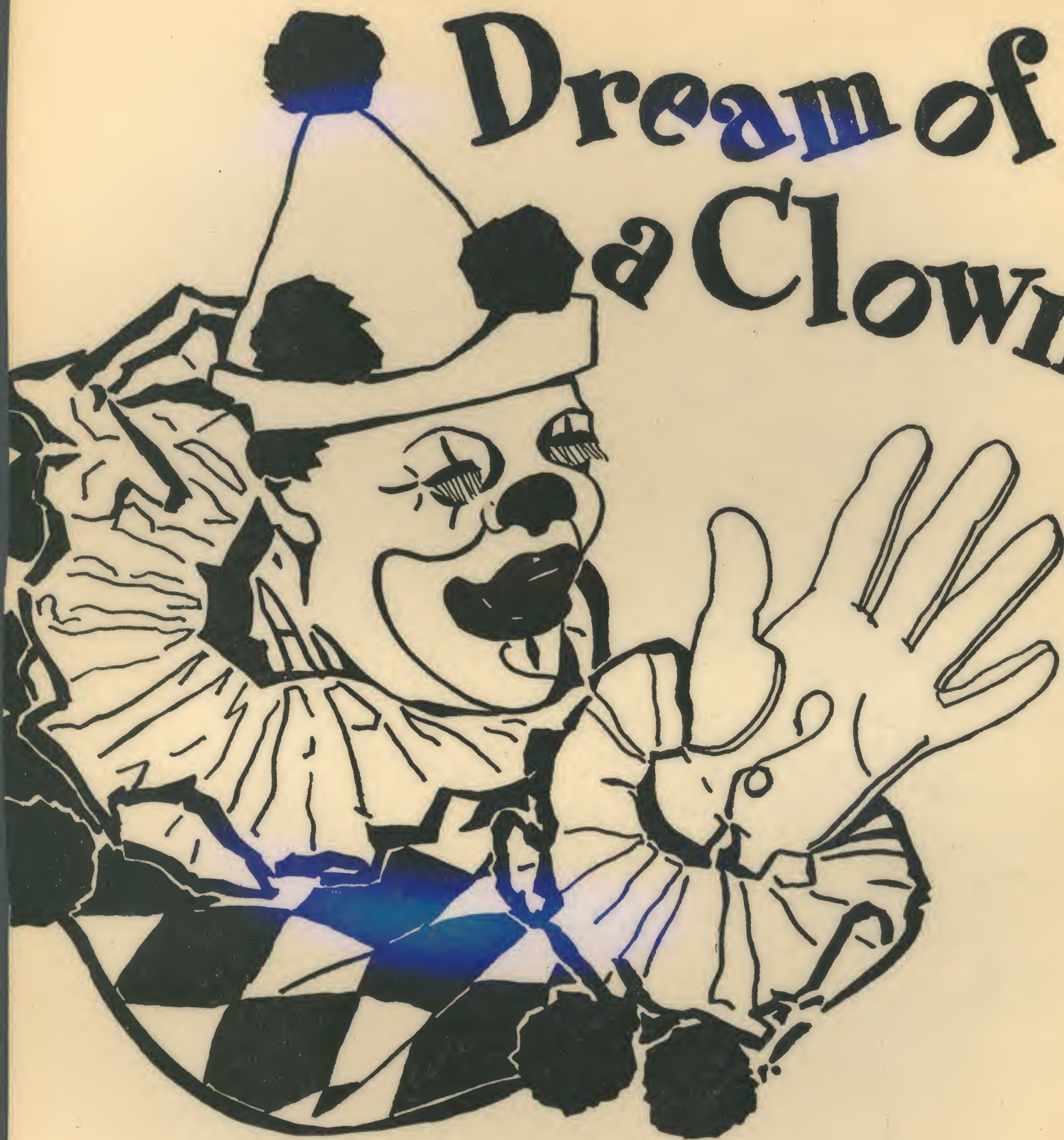
Dr. E. M. Armstrong	July 1903—December 1904	Dr. Jas. Greenwood, Sr....	1926
Dr. E. N. Gray.....	1905	Dr. S. C. Red.....	1927
Dr. J. Phillip Gibbs.....	1906	Dr. B. T. Vanzant.....	1928
Dr. J. Edward Hodges.....	1907	Dr. F. J. Slataper.....	1929
Dr. W. W. Ralston.....	1908	Dr. M. J. Taylor.....	1930
Dr. W. M. Wier.....	1909	Dr. F. R. Lummis.....	1931
Dr. J. H. Foster.....	1910	Dr. B. F. Smith.....	1932
Dr. E. F. Cooke.....	1911	Dr. E. W. Bertner.....	1933
Dr. Harvin C. Moore.....	1912	Dr. J. L. Taylor.....	1934
Dr. S. M. Lister.....	1913	Dr. J. E. Clarke.....	1935
Dr. James A. Hill.....	1914	Dr. M. B. Stokes.....	1936
Dr. Z. F. Lillard.....	1915*	Dr. Wm. E. Ramsay.....	1937
Dr. A. P. Howard.....	1915	Dr. John T. Moore.....	1938
Dr. J. A. Kyle.....	1916	Dr. A. T. Talley.....	1939
Dr. W. G. Priester.....	1917	Dr. Alvis E. Greer.....	1940
Dr. A. J. Mynatt.....	1918	Dr. John H. Wootters.....	1941
Dr. F. L. Barnes.....	1919	Dr. Clyde M. Warner.....	1942
Dr. F. B. King.....	1920	Dr. John M. Tribble.....	1943
Dr. Roy D. Wilson.....	1921	Dr. Hugh C. Welsh.....	1944
Dr. E. L. Goar.....	1922	Dr. T. R. Hannon.....	1945
Dr. C. C. Cody.....	1923	Dr. M. E. Durham, Sr....	1946
Dr. C. C. Green.....	1924	Dr. L. L. D. Tuttle.....	1947
Dr. A. H. Flickwir.....	1925	Dr. H. L. Alexander.....	1948
		(Dr. Denton Kerr.....	1949)

* (Died—January)



The

Dream of a Clown



Presented by

The Harris County Medical Auxiliary of Houston, Texas

SAN JACINTO AUDITORIUM

November 21st and 22nd

***The Harris County Medical Auxiliary
of Houston, Texas***

PRESENTS

"The Dream of a Clown"

Monday Evening Nov. 21st

Tuesday Evening Nov. 22nd

*Produced by
FRANKLIN-EMERSON PRODUCING CO., Inc.
Newark, N. J.*

Program

Act 1

Time—Any time

Place—Any place

Characters (in order of appearance):

Domino (a clown) J. T. Scott, Jr.

STOP FOR SERVICE
WHERE YOU SEE



THE HUMBLE SIGN



"GOD CALLED ME TO HIS SERVICE," wrote Florence Nightingale at 16. The daughter of a wealthy social family at a time in England when nursing was considered a low occupation fit only for disreputable women, she made nursing her career. She traveled abroad, studying the methods of hospitals and nursing sisterhoods. Thus she was no romantic idealist but the best qualified woman in England when the government asked her to superintend the nursing of wounded soldiers in the Crimea. Doing actual nursing herself as well as spending unbelievable hours on administrative work, she became an inspiration and a legend.

THE HOUSTON POST

EDITORIAL PAGE



Program-continued

2:30 p.m.

The Anemias

Alvis E. Greer, M. D.
H. N. Gemoets, M. D.

3:30 p. m.

Treatment of Pulmonary Disease by Pneumonectomy and
Lobectomy

H. T. Barkley, M. D.

4:10 p. m.

The Toxemias of Pregnancy

Arthur M. Faris, M. D.

4:30 p. m.

The Encephalogram

R. C. L. Robertson, M. D.

5:00 p. m.

Cesarean Section

J. Alston Clapp, Jr., M. D.

5:20 p. m.

Guided Inspection Tour of Hospital

6:00 p. m.

DINNER in Hospital Dining Room, as guests of the
Board of Directors

ASSEMBLY HALL

7:00 p. m.

The Electrocardiogram and Heart Disease

Abbe A. Ledbetter, M. D.

You are Invited to the

SCIENTIFIC PROGRAM

Dedicating New Unit

OF

MEMORIAL HOSPITAL

602 LAMAR
HOUSTON, TEXAS

TUESDAY, MARCH 10, 1942



An addition, Unit "C," to Memorial Hospital has just been completed, and it is the desire of the Medical Staff, the Administrator, and the Board of Directors to dedicate this building to service and research in all fields of Medicine.

Accordingly, Tuesday, March 10, 1942, has been set aside as Dedication Day, and a scientific program has been prepared. The members of the medical profession both in and out of the city, are invited to attend clinics (medical and surgical) throughout the day, and the reading of papers in the afternoon.

It is hoped that every doctor will visit and inspect the many added facilities afforded by the new building. Time is provided for this before dinner at 6 p. m.

Unit "C"

Addition of 75 beds and 34 bassinets.

New X-RAY DEPARTMENT with addition of two late model, powerful therapy machines, the gift of Mrs. J. W. Neel and Mrs. J. Robert Neel.

New PATHOLOGY LABORATORY with addition of several recent modern improvements, including "Autotechnicon."

New CLASS ROOMS for nurses providing adequate teaching facilities.

New DIETETIC DEPARTMENT and kitchens with new equipment and subveyor service.

Large ASSEMBLY HALL with stage.

In addition, the old units have been remodeled and improved and now include:

Nine OPERATING ROOMS, completely air-conditioned.

CENTRAL SUPPLY DEPARTMENT with dumb waiter service to all floors.

Complete PHYSICAL THERAPY DEPARTMENT.

Redecoration of PATIENTS' ROOMS.

Enlarged Negro unit of 25 beds.

Program

9 a. m. to 12 noon

Surgical Clinics: The Operating Pavilion (seventh floor) will be devoted to interesting surgical procedures according to the material available at that time. This will include:

THYROIDECTOMY—Jas. A. Hill, M. D.

CHOLECYSTECTOMY—Judson L. Taylor, M. D.

HYSTERECTOMY—E. Freeman Robbins, M. D.

CARCINOMA OF RECTUM—Herbert T. Hayes, M. D.

And others

ASSEMBLY HALL—Eighth floor

9:30 a. m.

Symposium on Jaundice

Dolph L. Curb, M. D.

Robt. A. Edwards, M. D.

J. Louise Vick, M. D.

Leonard A. Myers, M. D.

11:00 a. m.

Demonstration of Artificial Pneumothorax

Paul V. Ledbetter, M. D.

12:00 noon

Intermission for luncheon

ASSEMBLY HALL

2:00 p. m.

Invocation—Rev. E. H. Westmoreland

Greetings—Walter H. Walne,

Chairman of Building Committee

Robert Jolly, F. A. C. H. A., Administrator,

Memorial Hospital

C. M. Warner, M. D.,

President Harris County Medical Society

Leonard Myers, M. D.,

President Memorial Hospital Staff

(Continued on back page)

MEMORIAL HOSPITAL

SMITH AND LAMAR
HOUSTON, TEXAS

ROBERT JOLLY, FACHA
ADMINISTRATOR

March 12, 1942

MRS. ROBERT JOLLY, RN
DIRECTOR OF SCHOOL OF NURSING

J. R. Phillips, M. D.
Medical Arts Building
Houston, Texas

Dear Doctor:

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held yesterday I was instructed to write to you expressing their appreciation for your part in the Clinic program of March 10.

Mr. Walne explained to them that while the attendance was not up to expectations the program was of the finest sort and the Board expressed itself as being very grateful to you and others who took part on the program.

Please also accept my own personal gratitude to you for giving ~~all~~ of your time and knowledge to this program and for your loyal patronage to this institution.

With every good wish from the Board and from the entire hospital family, I am

Sincerely yours,



rj/k

Zeta of Phi Chi

Invites Its Members and Their Ladies
To An Open House

All Day Friday, May 30th.

And

Founders Day Banquet (Turkey and all the Trimmings)

With Appropriate Ceremonies 8: P.M.

At The Site Of Our New Home

806 Sixth Street - Galveston, Texas

Let's Make It A Real Celebration

LILA BELLE BROOKS

in

Organ Recital



Trinity Episcopal Church

May 19, 1941

8:00 p. m.

Program



Psaume XVIII. I Cieli Immensi.....	Marcello
Choral I Call To Thee, Lord Jesus.....	J. S. Bach
Toccata in C	J. S. Bach
Largo (By Request).....	Handel
Irish Air The Little Red Lark.....	Jos. Clokey
The Wee Kirk Wedding Song Annie Laurie.....	Roland Diggle
At The Convent.....	Borodin-Dunkley
Pantomine.....	Manuel de Falla
Variations de Concert (with pedal cadenza).....	Jos. Bonnet



HOTEL CLARIDGE

HOTEL BRIGHTON

HOTEL TRAYMORE

HOTEL CHELSEA

HOTEL AMBASSADOR

HOTEL RITZ CARLTON

CONVENTION HALL



HOTEL SHELBURNE

HOTEL DENNIS

HOTEL MARLBOROUGH
BLENNHEIM

CHALFONTE
HADDON HALL



MARYLAND DOCTOR CITED

Dr. Theodore E. Woodward, Cited By Army For Outstanding Effort Against Typhus

Dr. Theodore Englar Woodward, Baltimore pioneer in the use of chloromycetin, discovered the value of chloromycetin against typhoid when, representing the University of Maryland School of Medicine, he accompanied the Army scrub-typhus team into the jungles of Malaya on its medical-history-making expedition which the university sponsored.



Dr. Woodward

Dr. Woodward was born in Westminster, where his father, Dr. Lewis K. Woodward, is just completing 50 years of medical practice.

Dr. Woodward is assistant professor of medicine at the University of Maryland. He is a graduate (class of 1938) of the university medical school. He completed his premedical work at Franklin and Marshall College, Lancaster, Pa.

Although he had seen a few cases of Rocky Mountain spotted fever while interning at University Hospital, Dr. Woodward got his first glimpse of scrub typhus in the West Indies, where he landed December 7, 1941, when the Army was setting up bases there.

In North Africa

A few months later Dr. Woodward, captain in a laboratory unit of the first American contingent, reached North Africa to find a typhus epidemic raging. Upon the invitation of the French Scientists at the Pasteur Institute at Casablanca, he was assigned to the institute for co-operative studies and investigation.

To these studies went much of the credit for the control of typhus among the American troops and Captain Woodward was cited for his part in them. He also received the Order of Ouissam Alaouite from the Sultan of Morocco.

As a result of his work in Africa, Captain Woodward was sent to the European Theatre as a member of the United States Typhus Commission and played an active part in the control

of the Naples epidemic in 1944 and later in the Aden Protectorate typhus outbreak.

As Major Woodward he was awarded the United States Typhus Commission medal "for original scientific work," by special order of President Roosevelt. Later he was sent to the Pacific Theater and finished the war with the rank of lieutenant colonel.

Regional Faculty

Dr. Woodward, who returned to Baltimore and rejoined the faculty of the university, was invited last winter to join the Malayan expedition and the University of Maryland requested to sponsor it. The expedition left early in March and returned about the middle of June. And it was under his care that the typhoid cases were treated with the new drug and cures effected.

Three cases have also been successfully treated in Baltimore through knowledge gained from the expedition.

Dr. Woodward lives with his wife and four children, three boys and a girl, at 1 Merrymount Road, in Roland Park. Mrs. Woodward is the former Dr. Celeste Constance Lauve, of this city. She was graduated from the university in the same class with Dr. Woodward.



DEAN WYLIE

Dr. H. Boyd Wylie, pictured above, has been appointed Dean of the School of Medicine, University of Maryland. He had been acting as Assistant Dean since 1939.

DEAN WYLIE

Dr. Hamilton Boyd Wylie has been appointed Dean of the University of Maryland School of Medicine.

Dr. Wylie was appointed Acting Dean in 1939 and served in that capacity until November, 1942 when he became Assistant Dean. He acted as Assistant Dean from 1942 to June 30, 1946, when he again became Acting Dean.

His keen interest in medical education is reflected in the improved standards of teaching in the Medical School.

He is a member of: the American Chemical Society, the Medical and Chirurgical Faculty of Maryland, the American Medical Association, the Medical Advisory Committee of the Baltimore City Hospitals and the Medical Advisory Council for Medical Services of the Department of Public Welfare of Baltimore, Chairman of the Dean's Committee of Maryland Cooperating with the Veterans Administration, and a member of Sigma Xi.

Dr. Wylie, the son of Dr. Hamilton Boyd Wylie, Sr., (P & S, 1876) and Carrie S. Wylie, nee Slater, was born in Baltimore, Maryland on May 3, 1887.

He received his premedical training at the Johns Hopkins University, 1905 to 1908 and was granted the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1912 by the Baltimore Medical College, an institution which has since become a part of the University of Maryland School of Medicine.

He married Nina B. Landragan in 1912, and has two children, Mrs. Herbert M. Reedy, Jr., and Hamilton Boyd Wylie, Jr.

Dr. Wylie began his career at the School of Medicine of the University of Maryland in 1913 as Associate in Physiological Chemistry and Pharmacology. He served successively as Assistant in Clinical Pathology and Pharmacology; Demonstrator of Clinical Pathology and Pharmacology; Associate in Physiological Chemistry; Pharmacology and Clinical Pathology; Associate Professor of Physiological Chemistry and Pharmacology, and Associate Professor of Clinical Pathology and Physiological Chemistry until 1919 when he was appointed Professor of Biochemistry.

As head of the Department of Biochemistry he has developed and maintained a well organized department. His characteristics of thoroughness and clarity of exposition have made him an excellent teacher.

Dr. Wylie participated in the activities of the Dean's Office prior to the retirement of Dean J. M. H. Rowland in 1939, and it was largely through his efforts that a Committee on Admissions for the selection of medical students was appointed in 1936. He has been chairman of this committee since its organization.

METHOD AIDS DIAGNOSING OF CARDIAC ILLS

Doctor Explains Newly De- veloped Technique Invol- ving Insertion of Tube to Heart Through Vein.

Chance of correctly diagnosing certain types of heart ailments have been greatly enhanced by a technique, recently developed here, called "catheterization," which involves insertion of a tube to the heart through a vein in the elbow.

This was reported Tuesday to doctors attending the annual Texas Pediatrics Postgraduate Conference in its second day at the Baylor University Medical School by Dr. Don W. Chapman, assistant professor of medicine at the school. "We have tried the procedure in 16 cases so far," Doctor Chapman reported, "and we have found that our chances of telling what is

wrong with a heart have been in-
creased.

Here is how Doctor Chapman describes the procedure:
A tube about two millimeters in diameter is inserted into a vein of the elbow and pushed through the vein into the right auricle and right ventricle of the heart, and into the pulmonary artery leading from the heart.

Throughout the movement of the tube through the vein, its position is viewed through a fluoroscope and guided by jockeying and manipulation.

During the test, the patient is under a sedative, and very little discomfort is experienced.

No pain or after effect is experienced.

Doctor Chapman said the test was originally devised for diagnosis of "blue baby" operations, which have been performed at Hermann Hospital. However, he added, it has proved to be invaluable in diagnosing other types of heart ailments.

"Through the catheterization," Doctor Chapman continued, "we can tell by taking blood samples such things as the differences in blood pressure throughout the course of the tube, and, when in the heart, the differences in the respiratory gases contained in the chambers of the heart."

Parley Ends Thursday.

"In addition, we can tell whether there is any 'shunt' in the heart, caused by a defect in the heart wall," Doctor Chapman said. The conference will

continue through Thursday. Social dinner at the meeting will be at 7 p.m. today in the South American Room of the Rice Hotel, at which leading pediatricians of this area will speak.

The dinner is sponsored jointly by the Texas Medical Center and the recently formed Texas Children's Foundation, which has as its first project a children's hospital in the Medical Center, comprising 200 beds and costing about \$2,000,000.

Speakers will include Dr. Arild G. Hansen, professor of pediatrics at the University of Texas Medical School at Galveston; Dr. John K. Glen, member of the foundation's board of trustees; Dr. Russell J. Blattner, professor of pediatrics at Baylor, and Dr. E. W. Bertner, president of the Texas Medical Center.

**New 24-Bed Dayton
Hospital Will Open**

Dayton, July 26.—Dayton residents Sunday will entertain friends in an open house at a new \$135,000 24-bed hospital between 2 and 6 p.m.

Mayor Tom Collins will head a delegation welcoming visitors to the two-story glazed tile building built by Dr. E. R. Richter and J. H. Labatt.

WORRALL
1:30 P.M.

Dr. H. L. Bair
Enucleation of left eye. Removal of conjunctiva, tarsal plates, etc. Intravenous anesthesia.
Cataract left eye. Extraction. Local anesthesia.

Dr. L. T. Austin
Dental surgery. Block anesthesia.
Infected teeth. Extraction.
Impacted teeth. Extraction.
Eight patients.

Dr. J. W. Pender
Anesthesia and blood transfusion.

WORRALL ANNEX
THIRD FLOOR
1:15 P.M.

Dr. J. W. Pender
Sacral block anesthesia and continuous caudal anesthesia.

ROOM V—Dr. J. W. Pender
Anesthesia and blood transfusion.

KAHLER
Additional cases will be listed on blackboard at St. Marys and Colonial Hospitals and at Miss Zierath's desk, A-2, at the Clinic after 11:30 A.M.
1:30 P.M.

ROOM I—Dr. B. M. Black
Exophthalmic goiter. Thyroidectomy.
Adenoma isthmus of thyroid. Removal.
Submental, submaxillary gland dissection.
Tumor right breast. Excise and examine.
Radical?
Recurrent carcinoma abdomen. Excision.

LIBRARY—TWELFTH FLOOR CLINIC BUILDING

8:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m., Monday through Friday.
8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Saturday.
10:00 a.m. to 12:30 p.m.; 3:00 to 6:00 p.m., Sunday.

WORRALL HOSPITAL—OPERATING ROOM 3
RADIUM THERAPY—Drs. H. H. Bowing and R. E. Fricke
2:00 p.m. Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday

CURIE HOSPITAL—X-RAY THERAPY
Drs. A. U. Desjardins, E. T. Leddy and W. C. Popp
8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.—Daily except Saturday and Sunday.
8:30 a.m. to 12:00 m.—Saturday.

ROOM IV—Dr. M. B. Coventry
Fibrous lymphangioma of right thumb.
Amputation of thumb.
Foreign body left ankle. Excision.
Postoperative fusion of spine. Change cast.
Rupture fibular collateral ligament right.
Fascial repair.
ROOMS V, VI and VII—Drs. J. L. Emmett, T. L. Pool and L. F. Greene
Hyperprostate. Transurethral resection.
Interstitial cystitis. Cystoscopy under anesthesia.
Hyperprostate. Transurethral prostatic resection.
Hyperprostate. Transurethral resection.
Lesion bladder wall?
Transurethral resection. Biopsy bladder wall.
Hyperprostate. Transurethral resection.

ROOM II—Dr. H. W. Meyerding
Postoperative excision lipoma right thigh.
Dressing.
Postoperative disk and fusion. Remove sutures. Dressing.
Postoperative disk and fusion. Remove sutures. Dressing.
Postoperative excision osteochondroma left knee. Remove sutures.

ROOM I—Dr. W. H. Bickel
Slipped femoral epiphysis. Nailing.
Fracture left ankle. Open reduction.
Fracture left knee. Closed reduction and cast.

Tumor right fourth finger. Biopsy.
Burns both legs. Split skin graft both legs.

WORRALL ANNEX HOSPITAL
DERMATOLOGY AND SYPHILOLOGY

8:30 a.m. to 12:00 m., L. A. Brunsting and R. R. Kierland

ROOM I. Diagnostic spinal punctures.
ROOM II. Intramuscular and intravenous injections.
Gross bridge from Worral, 2nd floor

CLINIC ANNEX—FIRST FLOOR, DESK W-1
UROLOGIC DIAGNOSIS—Drs. G. J. Thompson, J. L. Emmett, E. N. Cook, T. L. Pool and L. F. Greene
Daily except Saturday
1:00 p.m.—Reading of excretory urograms.
4:00 p.m.—Urologic conference

DESK S-7—CLINIC BUILDING
PROCTOSCOPIC DIAGNOSIS—Drs. L. A. Buie, R. J. Jackson and J. R. Hill
8:00 a.m.—Daily except Sunday.

ROOMS 318 AND 320—CLINIC BUILDING
X-RAY FILM INTERPRETATION—Drs. B. R. Kirklin, J. D. Camp, H. M. Weber, C. A. Good, D. G. Pugh and J. R. Hodgson
8:00 and 11:00 a.m., 1:30 and 3:30 p.m. except Saturday afternoon

MUSEUM—MUSEUM BUILDING—FIRST AND THIRD FLOORS

Dr. A. H. Bulbulian
9:00 a.m. to 12:00 m. daily except Sunday
1:30 p.m. to 5:00 p.m. daily except Sunday
2:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m. Sunday

DESK M—SECOND FLOOR MUSEUM BUILDING
PHYSICAL MEDICINE—Drs. F. H. Krusen, E. C. Elkins and H. F. Polley

4:00 p.m.; Museum Building, Desk M—Wednesday.
4:00 p.m.; St. Marys Department of Physical Medicine—Tuesday and Thursday.

Visiting physicians wishing to attend Medical Seminars and Ward Walks, make arrangements through Miss Zierath at the Clinic or Visiting Doctors' Registration Desk, at the various hospitals.

TWELFTH NATIONAL ASSEMBLY
UNITED STATES CHAPTER
INTERNATIONAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS
CHICAGO

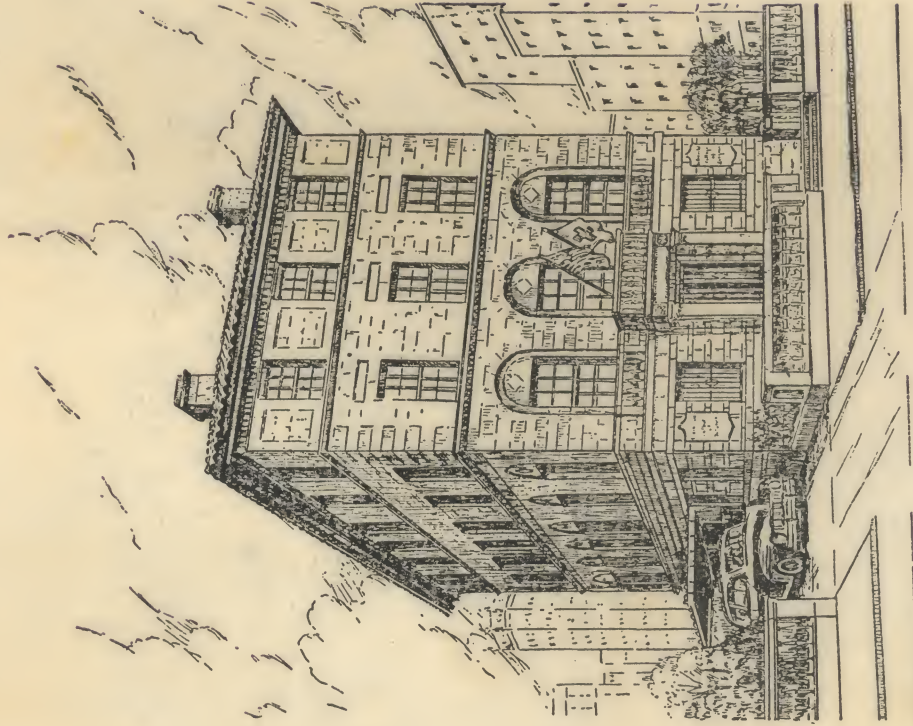


DEDICATION PROGRAM

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1947
EIGHT P.M.



DRESS OPTIONAL



1516 LAKE SHORE DRIVE
CHICAGO

HOME
OF THE

INTERNATIONAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS
AND
UNITED STATES CHAPTER

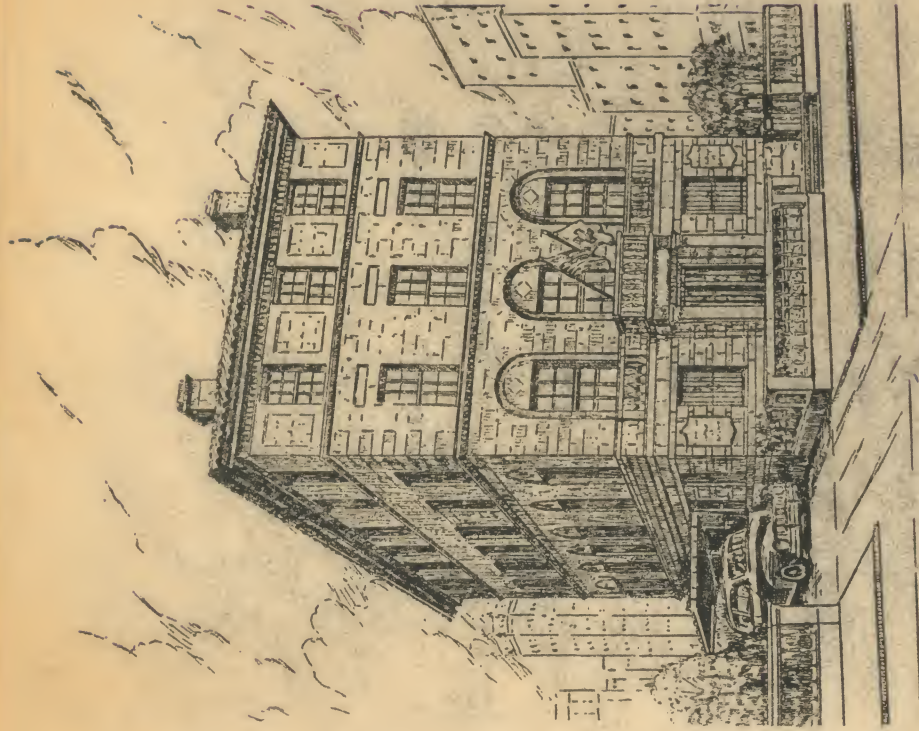
DEDICATION

Within these portals may men ever find
 The vaster new horizons of the mind,
 A boundless sympathy for human need,
 And brotherhood unmarred by race or creed.
 May those who enter know the blessed sight,
 Conferred by growing truth's more perfect light,
 Which will reveal to scientist and sage
 The challenging potentials of the age.
 May those who go away take from this place
 Unswerving purpose and unfailing grace
 That they may carry hope and healing where
 The sufferers now face profound despair.
 Here let each deed and purpose be designed
 To glorify our God and serve mankind.

Gail Brook Burkett

PROGRAM

RECEPTION	<i>Eight O'clock</i>
DEDICATION PROGRAM	<i>Nine O'clock</i>
"STAR SPANGLED BANNER"	MR. ALBERT BRAZIS <i>Baritone, Chicago Opera Company</i>
INVOCATION	THE REVEREND J. RALPH MAGEE <i>Bishop of The Methodist Church</i>
DR. RAYMOND W. MCNEALY	<i>General Chairman</i>
DR. HERBERT ACUFF	<i>Presiding</i>
ADDRESSES	
DEDICATION POEM	<i>Gail Brook Burkett</i>
ORCHESTRA	<i>Medley of National Airs</i>



1516 LAKE SHORE DRIVE

CHICAGO

HOME
OF THE

INTERNATIONAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS
AND
UNITED STATES CHAPTER

LADIES' PROGRAM

TWELFTH NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

UNITED STATES CHAPTER

INTERNATIONAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS



PALMER HOUSE

CHICAGO

SEPTEMBER 28 TO OCTOBER 4, 1947

LADIES' ENTERTAINMENT COMMITTEE

TWELFTH NATIONAL ASSEMBLY OF THE
UNITED STATES CHAPTER
THE INTERNATIONAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS

Mrs. Max Thorek, *Honorary Chairman*

Mrs. Walter C. Burket, *General Chairman*

Baroness Violet Beatrice Wenner, *Co-chairman*

Mrs. Ewald Siebel, *Treasurer*

Mrs. James J. Callahan Mrs. Rollo K. Packard

Mrs. Otto Eisenschmidt Mrs. John F. Pick

Mrs. Morris Fishbein Mrs. Alfred A. Strauss

Mrs. Karl Meyer Mrs. Philip Thorek

Mrs. Jerome J. Moses Mrs. Frederick Tice

Mrs. Gordon C. Thorne

LADIES OF THE CONSULATES

Mrs. Louis Schapiro, *Chairman* (Honduras)

Mrs. K. Bumstead (British Empire)

Mrs. G. B. Cuneo (Italy)

Mrs. Malcom Darnall (Bolivia)

Mrs. Albert Greutert (Switzerland)

Mrs. Nelson Tabajara de Oliveira (Brazil)

Mrs. Alfonso Orozco (Colombia)

Mrs. Enrique Romay (Mexico)

Mrs. Jorge Romero (Peru)

Mrs. Tseng Kwang-Hsun (China)

Mrs. Jean J. Viala (France)

Mrs. Aredia H. de Silveti (Argentina)

LADIES' REGISTRATION COMMITTEE

Mrs. James J. Callahan, *Chairman*

Mrs. Edward I. Compere

Mrs. Manuel E. Lichtenstein

Mrs. Jerome J. Moses

Mrs. Louis F. Pizar

Mrs. Peter M. Rosl

Mrs. Carlo Scuderi

Mrs. Donald G. Sullivan

Mrs. Philip Thorek

Mrs. Arkell Vaughan

Mrs. Harold Voris

TWELFTH
ANNUAL CONVOCATION
OF THE
UNITED STATES CHAPTER
OF THE
INTERNATIONAL
COLLEGE OF SURGEONS



MEDINAH TEMPLE AUDITORIUM

14 E. Ohio Street

Chicago, Illinois

At 7:30 P.M.

FRIDAY OCTOBER THIRD, NINETEEN HUNDRED FORTY-SEVEN

CONVOCATION PROGRAM

Dr. Raymond W. McNealy, General Chairman
Dr. Herbert Acuff, Presiding

On Stage: International Officers, United States Officers, Regents, Committee Members, Delegates,
Consular Representatives, Guests

Processional—Prelude to "Die Meistersinger"Wagner
March from "Tannhauser"Wagner

National Flags of the Chapters, led by Dr. Francis D. Wolfe, Marshal, followed by the
Officers and Candidates of the various ranks to be inducted into the International Col-
lege of Surgeons.

Invocation Rev. William J. Ohan, B. D.
Bethany Presbyterian Church

Presentation of the Colors

Oath of Allegiance to the Flag

"I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America and to the
Republic for which it stands; one nation indivisible, with liberty and justice for
all."

Star Spangled Banner

Memorial Service in Honor of Deceased Members Dr. Herbert Acuff
and Dr. Ernest F. Purcell

Administration of Oath of Office to Inductees Dr. Herbert Acuff
President, United States Chapter, I.C.S.

Presentation for induction of Candidates from the
United States Chapter to Dr. A. A. Berg,
President of the International College of Surgeons Dr. Herbert Acuff

Introduction of Officers and Announcements Dr. L. J. Gariepy
Secretary, United States Chapter, I.C.S.

Orchestra—Overture to "Russlan and Ludmilla" Glinka

Presentation of Communications, Candidates, Chapters and Guests Dr. Max Thorek
International Secretary General, I.C.S.

Conferring of Academic and Honorary Degrees and Granting of Charters Dr. A. A. Berg
President, International College of Surgeons

Prologue "I Pagliacci" Leoncavallo

Cavatina from "Faust" Gounod
Mr. Algert Brazis, Baritone, Chicago Opera Company

Introduction of Convocation Speakers Dr. Morris Fishbein
Editor of the Journal of the
American Medical Association

Dr. Wm. Carpenter MacCarty, Sr. Mayo Clinic
"COMMON FACTORS IN INTERNATIONALISM"

Morris Dance from "Henry VIII" Edward German

The Hon. George Messersmith
Former United States Ambassador
to Cuba, Mexico, Argentina

"MAJOR ASPECTS OF OUR INTER-AMERICAN RELATIONSHIPS"

Benediction Dr. Louis L. Mann
Sinai Temple

Recessional—Grand March from "Aida" Verdi

Music by the Grand Symphony Orchestra of Chicago
William Fantozzi, Conductor
Director of Pageantry—Mr. Earl L. Schneider
Ass't. Director—Dr. Chester W. Trowbridge
Marshal—Dr. Francis D. Wolfe

The audience will please remain seated until officers and members file out and music ceases.



DEDICATION
of
COLLEGE HOME
1516 LAKE SHORE DRIVE

Reception and Program
8 P.M.
Thursday, October 2, 1947

Admission by Card Only
Dress Optional



BANQUET

TWELFTH ASSEMBLY, U. S. CHAPTER
INTERNATIONAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS
PALMER HOUSE, CHICAGO
October First, 1947

Dr. John Phillips

HOME OF INTERNATIONAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS
AND UNITED STATES CHAPTER



1516 LAKE SHORE DRIVE - CHICAGO



Two of the Three

University of Texas Buildings Proposed for Medical Center

These are the buildings on which the \$2,000,000 legislative appropriation would be expended. These preliminary studies were drawn by Robert Leon White, University of Texas architect.

the proposed M. D. Anderson Hospital for Cancer Research, a branch of the university.

the proposed University of Texas College of Dentistry.



